



*i*COAST: A 21st Century Coastal Monitoring Network and Forecasting System

David Kaplan, Christine Angelini, Thomas Bianchi, John Bowden, Alberto Canestrelli, Nancy Denslow, Peter Ifju, Hugh Fan, Jeffrey Johnson, James Liao, Elise Morrison, Maitane Olabarrieta, Todd Osborne, Nikki Dix Pangle

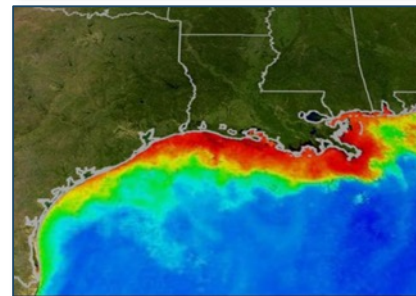
UF Water Institute Symposium

February 25-26, 2020

#ufwater2020

The Big Picture – Coastal Hazards + Vulnerability

- ~40% of world's population lives within 100 km of the coast (**vulnerability**)
- **Coastal human and environmental health hazards**: surge, sea level rise, saltwater intrusion, contaminants, pathogens, microplastics, invasive species...even aging infrastructure
- Vulnerability + Hazard → tremendous and rapidly growing **risk** to coastal communities



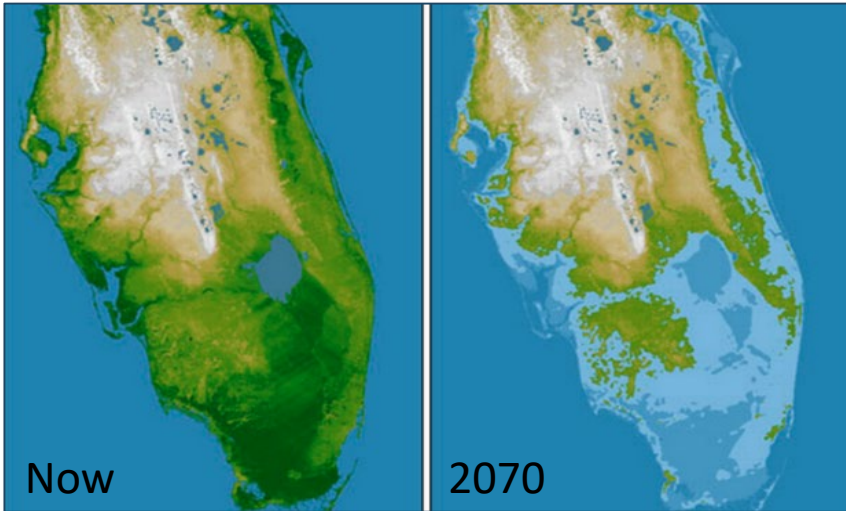
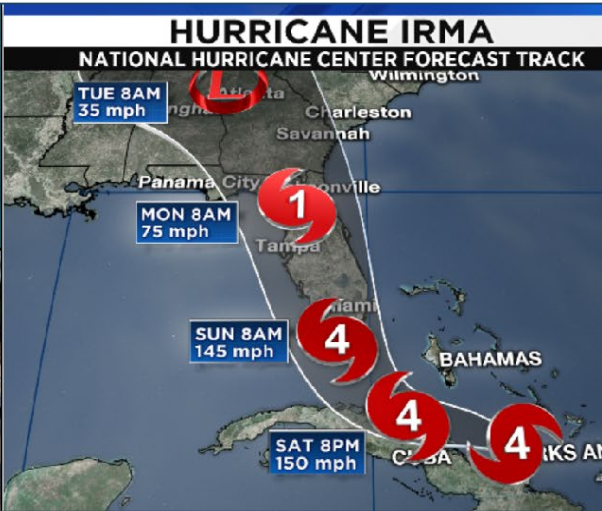
Florida is the Coast

- 8,436 miles of coastline; sub-tropical to temperate climates; urban to rural; rich to poor...
- 14.5 million Floridians live on coast
- Coastal population growth and land-use change: 3 to 30 times US average
- Florida's coastal economy ~\$200 billion annually (tourism, ports, boating, fishing)



“Ground Zero” for Coastal Change

- Water quality & quantity challenges (nutrients, pathogens, saltwater intrusion)
- Sea-level rise, intensifying storms, drought
- Invasive species, overharvesting, habitat loss



Economic and Public Health Consequences

- Economic/public health costs rapidly rising
- Red-tide occurring ~20-times more often, costing SW FL **\$131.6M in 2018 alone**
- Fecal bacteria regularly closes beaches and shellfish harvest, causing illness
- Human/environmental exposure is high due to reactionary management of crises



How can we sustain public health, economic activity, and ecological quality in Florida?

UF Moonshot Initiatives

Fall 2018: UF Office of the Provost and Office of Research funded a competitive “moonshot” RFP for *multi-disciplinary* approaches to solving big problems



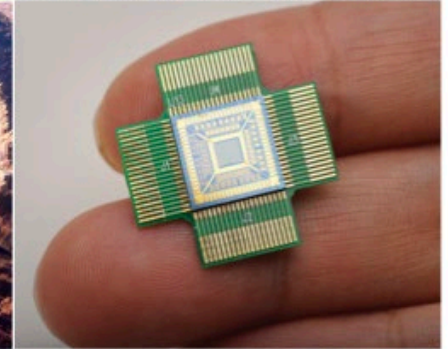
January 2019: UF iCoast moonshot launched ← pun intended

iCOAST Team – Five UF Colleges/Units



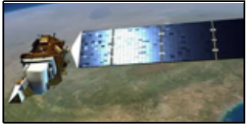
iCOAST Mission


- Design a 21st century, multi-scale, multi-platform **sensing system** to rapidly detect and track coastal (water quality) hazards
- Develop advanced **forecasting system** to predict and mitigate coastal environments threats
- Testbed: Matanzas River Estuary






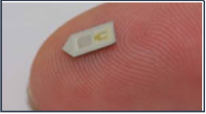

iCOAST Vision

(1) Multi-scale sensing systems detect hazards

Remote Sensing (e.g. satellites)
 Large-scale


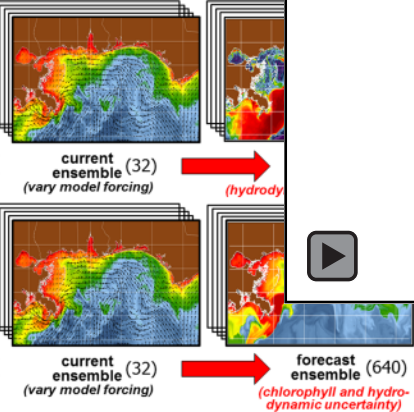
High resolution


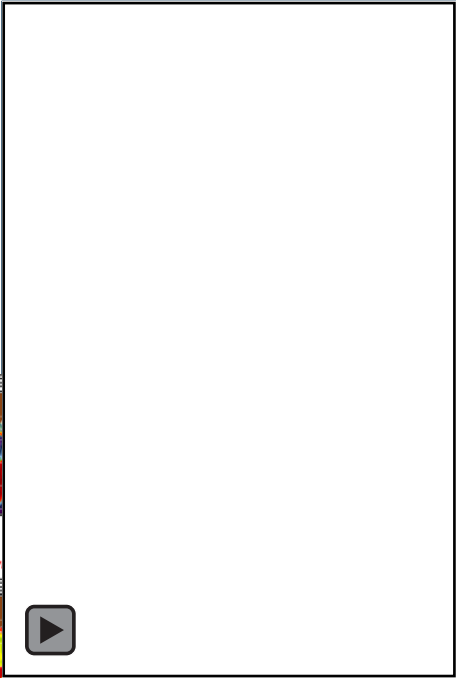
Full-time, Mid-range Sensing
 Roving

 Biological

 Fixed-station


High-resolution Sensing
 Biodegradable sensor arrays

 Quick-read chips


Intelligent sensing systems detect hazards, communicate via early warning systems

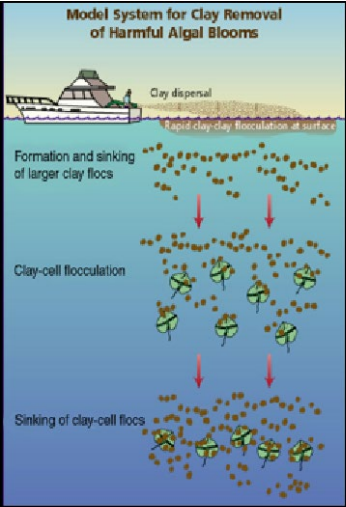
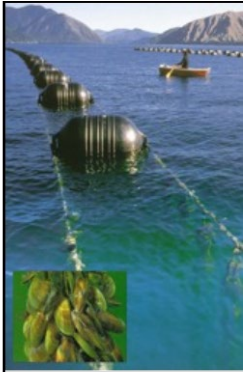
(2) “Cyber-physical” models forecast hazard

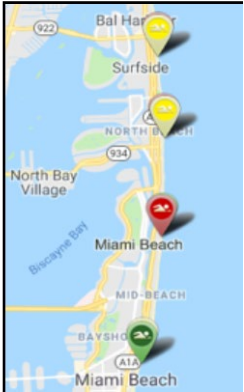

Forecast ensembles




High-resolution models forecast how hazards move through environment

(3) Activate Hazard Mitigation Strategies

Active intervention and communication with stakeholders

iCOAST Testbed: Matanzas River Estuary



- **UF Whitney Lab for Marine Bioscience:** ideal platform for UF coastal research: dynamic coastline and diversity of land-water environments
- Fastest-growing county in FL; many opportunities to study and solve water quality changes
- St. Augustine heavily invested in climate-resilience

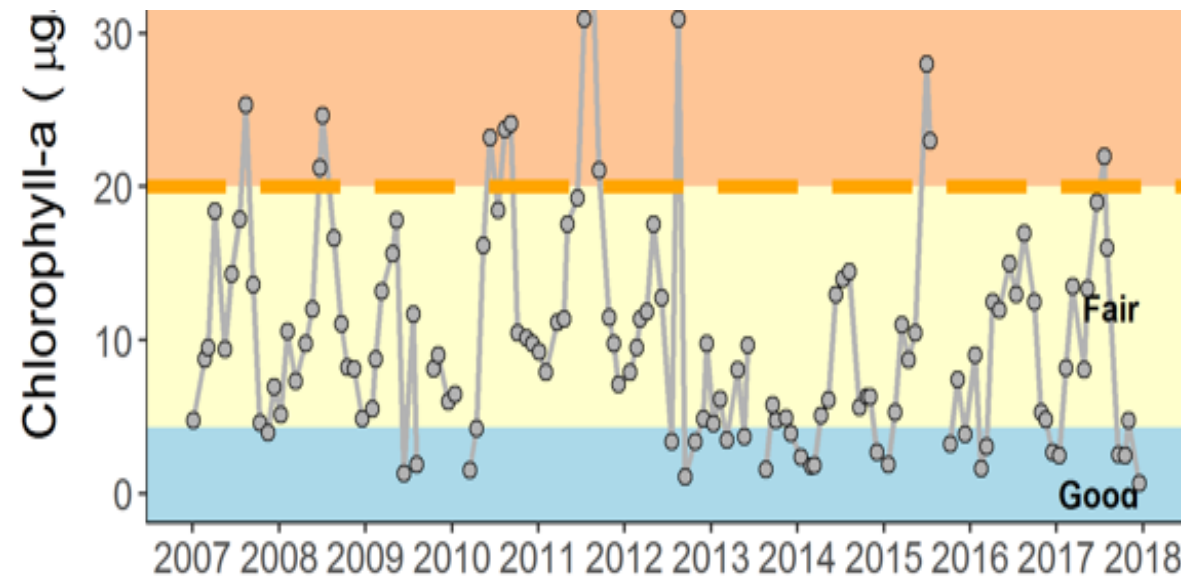


- Well-connected with city and state officials, natural resource managers and business leaders

iCOAST Testbed: Matanzas River Estuary



- **Guana-Tolomato-Matanzas Research Reserve (GTM NERR):** 1 of 29 NERRs around the country
- Collaboration between NOAA and FDEP
- Research, education sector, and stewardship sectors



Goals: iCoast Sensing and Detection

What's in the water?

1. Define **novel indicators** of human, environmental, and industrial contamination
2. Develop **microfluidic sensors** for rapid detection of waterborne diseases and pathogens
3. Engineer **new aerial platforms** for rapid, reliable, adaptive water sampling
4. Integrate **diverse data streams** (e.g., video-based) & analyses into monitoring systems

Faculty: *Christine Angelini, Thomas Bianchi, John Bowden, Nancy Denslow, Hugh Fan, Peter Ifju, Elise Morrison, Todd Osborne*



Snapshot: iCoast Sensing and Detection

iCoast Video-Monitoring System

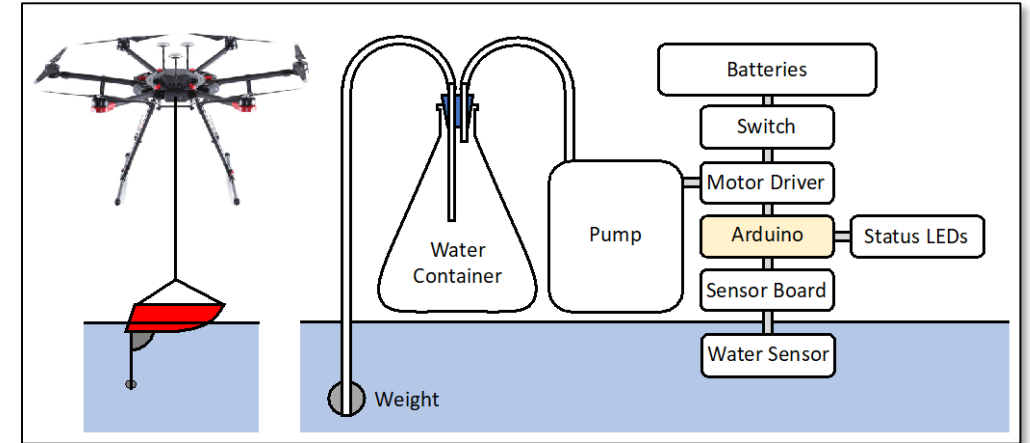
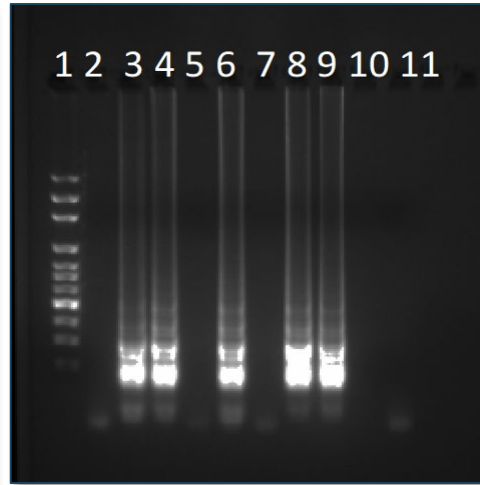
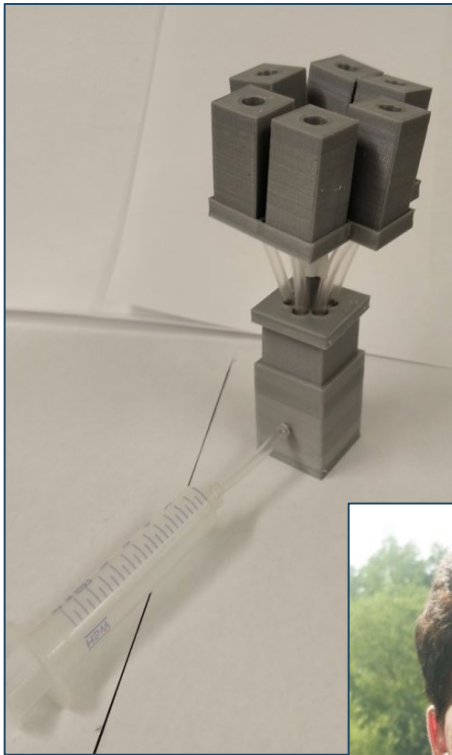
Lauren Brisley, Meg Palmsten, Joe Calantoni,
Alex Sheremet, Christine Angelini



Snapshot: iCoast Sensing and Detection

iCoast E. coli Chip and Drone Prototypes

Hugh Fan, Carlos Manzananas, Peter Ifju+



Goals: iCoast Forecasting System

Where are pollutants going?

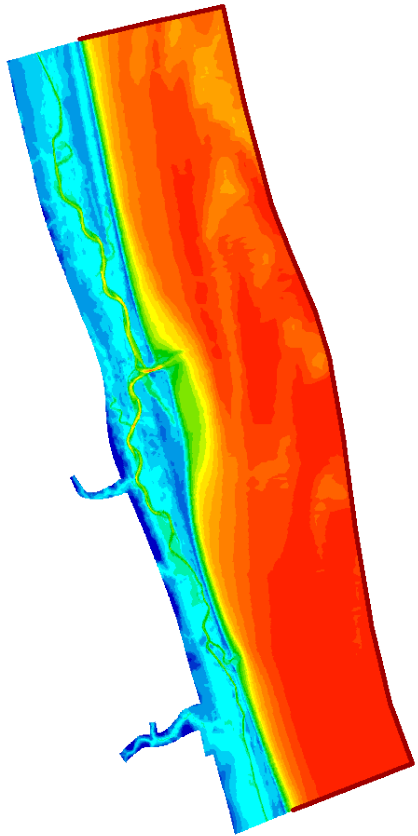
1. Build **hydrodynamic models** to simulate tides, surge, salinity, oxygen, and pathogen transport in the St. Augustine-Marineland estuary
2. Design **forecasting system** that integrates multiple data streams: weather, hydrodynamics and water quality data, and climate
3. Future: **replicate forecasting system** across Florida and other coasts

Faculty: *Alberto Canestrelli, David Kaplan, Maitane Olabarrieta*

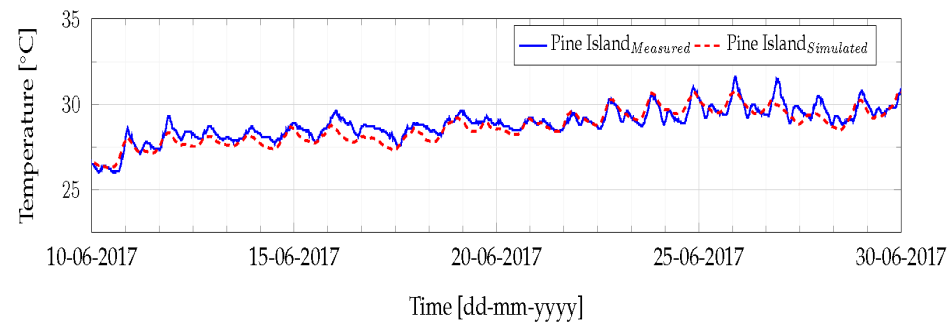
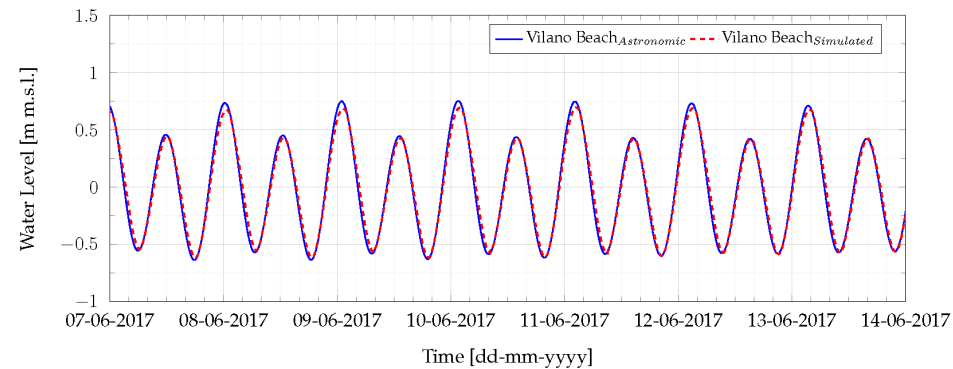


Snapshot: *i*Coast Forecasting

Numerical Modeling



Hydrodynamic and Water Quality Calibration



Leveraging iCOAST Momentum



iCoastConnection

Quantifying Florida's coastline

By CINDY SPENCE

D

rones fan out across the waves of Crescent Beach, sipping sea water and ferrying samples back to shore. Sensors monitor environmental DNA of sea life and the integrity of structures like bridges and piers. High-performance computers crunch all the data and make predictions about the health of Florida's 8,436 miles of coastline.

It's the iCoast, and it's only the beginning.

In a pilot led by the University of Florida's Whitney Laboratory for Marine Biosciences and the Herbert Wertheim College of Engineering, scientists and engineers will deploy sensors, robotics and other technology to collect fine-grained data on the health of the coastline from San Sebastian to Pelican Creek on Florida's east coast. Their goal is to use the data to react in real time to threats like red tide, which was especially severe in 2018, killing dolphins, manatees, sea turtles and fish by the tons, and damaging tourism so severely that the governor declared a state of emergency.

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Spring 2019

ENGINEERING SCHOOL OF SUSTAINABLE INFRASTRUCTURE & ENVIRONMENT

INSIGHTS

INTO SUSTAINABLE ENGINEERING, 2019

#7

UF RANKED 7 AMONG PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES

U.S. NEWS & WORLD REPORT

2020

iCOAST - A MULTIDISCIPLINARY APPROACH TO

CREATING RESILIENT COASTAL COMMUNITIES

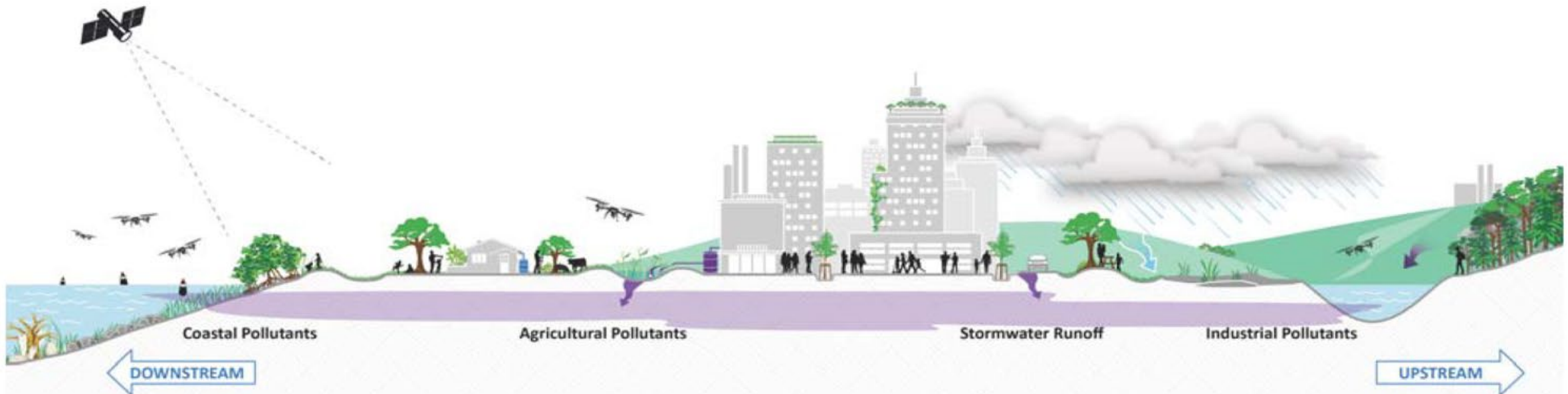
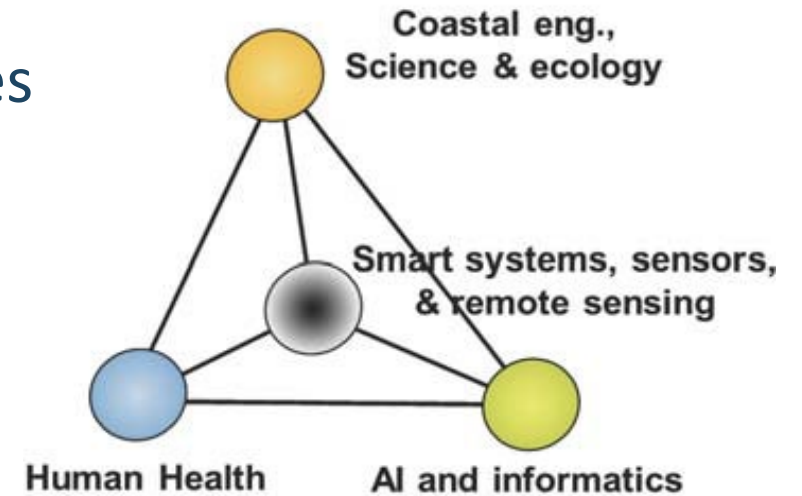
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UNIVERSITY of FLORIDA

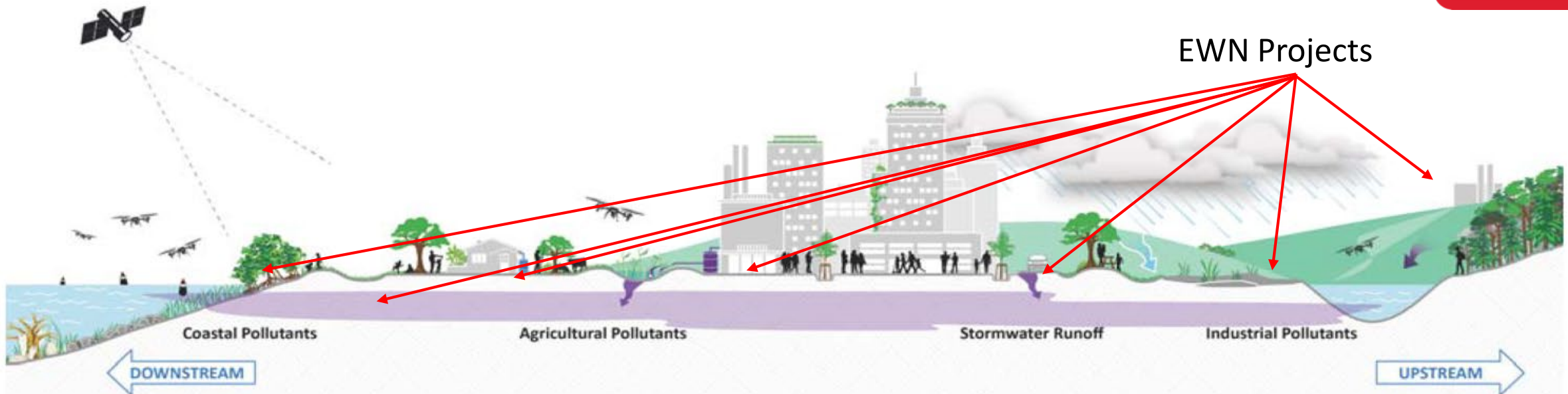
Leveraging iCoast: NSF ERC Proposal

- **Goal:** reduce water quality risk to coastal communities
- Developing university, industry and Federal lab partnerships to enhance research capacity
- Expanding workforce training capacity



Leveraging iCoast: Natural Infrastructure Research Lab

- Arrays of “**Engineering with Nature**” (EWN) projects spanning from headwaters to the coast
- **Transdisciplinary, cross-agency research**, public education, workforce development, and technology transfer



Leveraging iCoast: External Funding

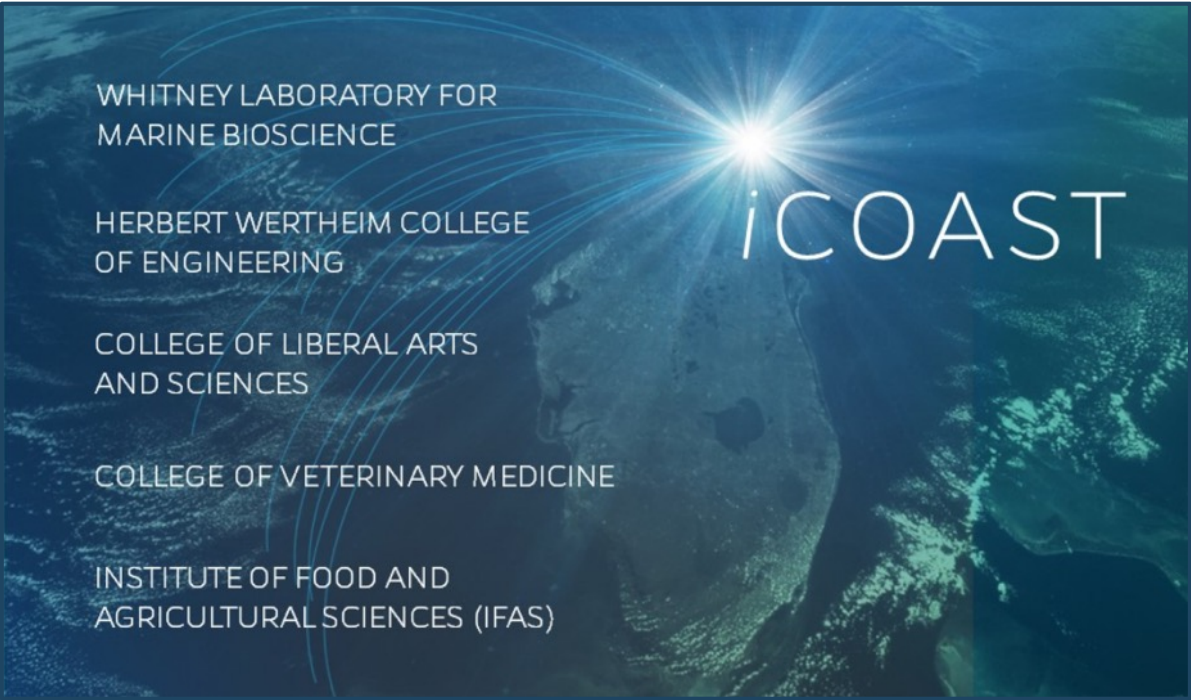
- **Federal:** \$133K secured; \$4.6M pending...
- **State:** \$40K secured; \$240K pending
- **Private:** \$330K secured, \$6.2M pending
- **Total:** **\$503K secured; \$11M pending**



NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES



The Magic Ingredient...



Thank you! Questions?



<https://icoast.program.ufl.edu>

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