Tracking Marine Turtles Throughout the Seascape Reveals Connections Among U.S. Parks and Protected Areas



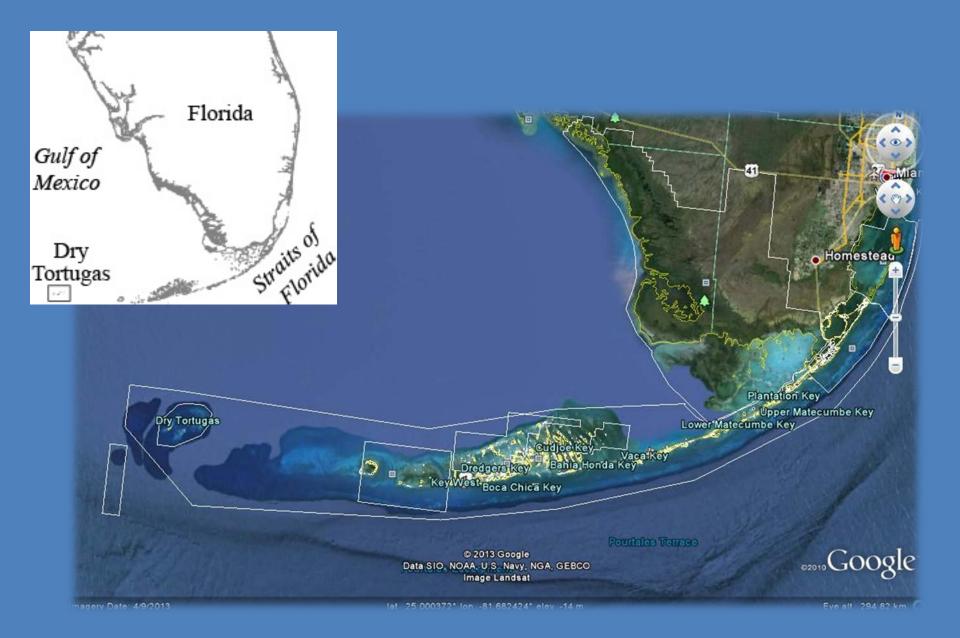
Kristen M. Hart, Ph.D. Research Ecologist U.S. Geological Survey





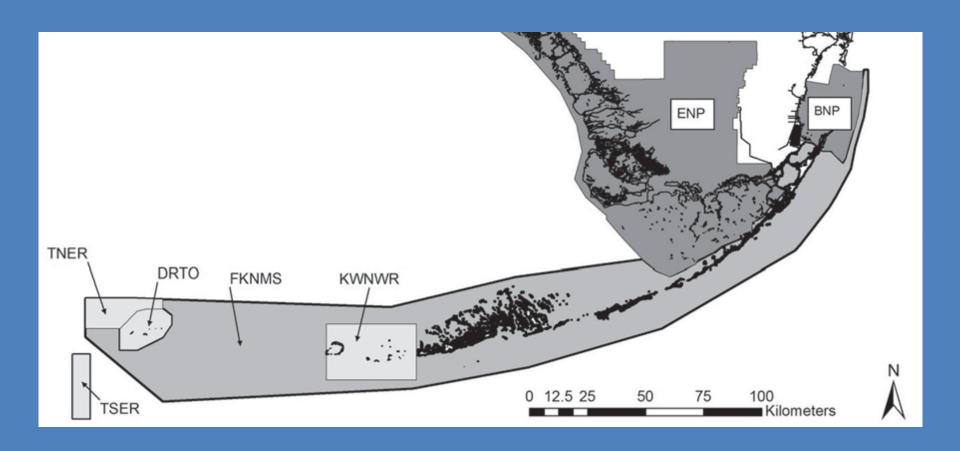
SWOT: http://seaturtlestatus.org/learn/lifecycle







South Florida MPAs





Dry Tortugas National Park, South Florida, USA

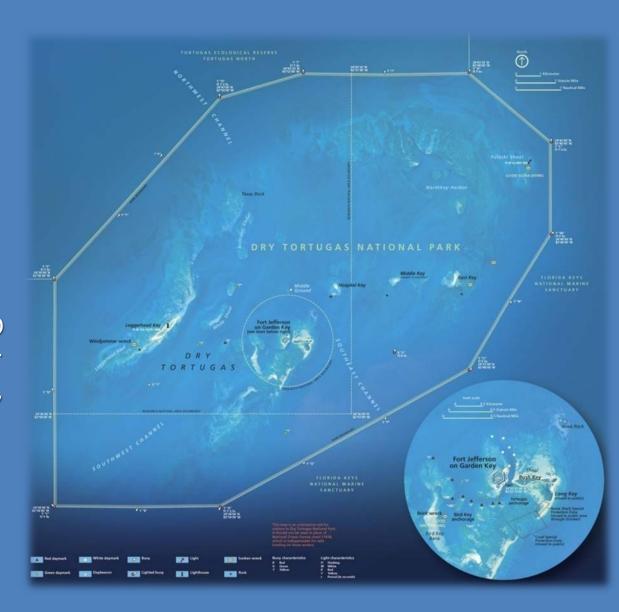




Dry Tortugas Research Natural Area

Goals:

- ID key in-water habitats used by sea turtles and other focal species (e.g., fish, sharks)
- Determine amount of time spent within particular zones of DRTO
- Determine links to other important locations (i.e., foraging areas, nesting grounds)





Satellite Telemetry

Analysis Methods

- Switching state-space modeling (SSM; Jonsen et al., Breed et al.)
- Home range estimation: Kernel density estimates (KDE), minimum convex polygons (MCP)
- Site-fidelity tests
- Overlap indices
- Centroids, environmental characteristics at centroid locations
- Grids to depict "hotspots"

















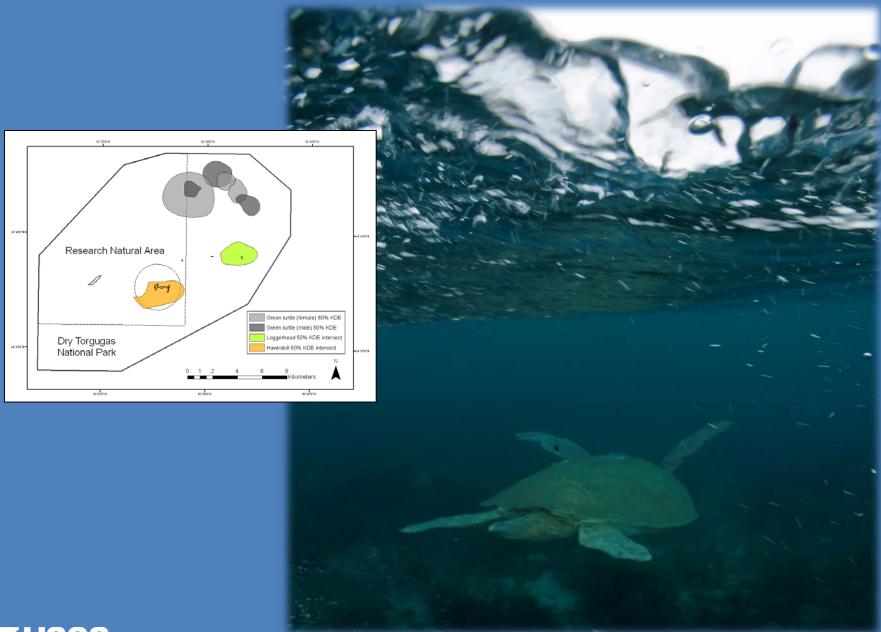




Photo credit: N Blinick

- Initiated satellite tracking project in 2008 to track movements of marine turtles tagged in Dry Tortugas National Park (DRTO), 2014 in Everglades (ENP)
- Loggerheads, green turtles, and hawksbills spent disproportionate numbers
 of tracking days within US protected areas, the closest of which is the Florida
 Keys National Marine Sanctuary
- Many loggerheads and hawksbills, in particular, traveled into international waters, away from protected zones







<u>Satellite Telemetry (N=96 turtles, several tracked twice)</u>

• 58 loggerheads, 33 green turtles, 4 hawksbills, 1 Ei/Cc hybrid

Publications:

- Hart et al. (2010) Aquatic Biology (loggerhead females)
- Hart et al. (2012) Biological Conservation (loggerhead females)
- Hart et al. (2012) Marine Ecology Progress Series (in-water hawksbills)
- Hart et al. (2013) Biological Conservation (green turtle females)
- Hart et al. (2014) Oryx (loggerhead females)
- Hart et al. (2015) Animal Biotelemetry (loggerhead females)
- Fujisaki et al. (2016) Aquatic Biology (in-water green turtles)







Satellite Tracking of DRTO Turtles, 2008-2015 (N=118 tags)



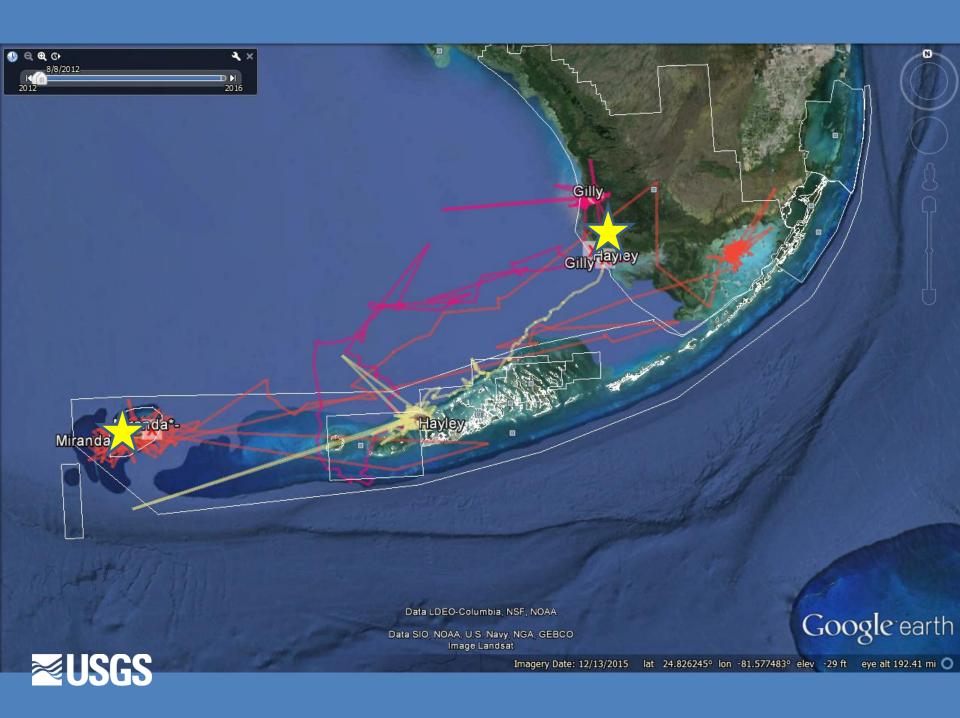
>33,947 turtle-tracking days (range 40-1531 days)

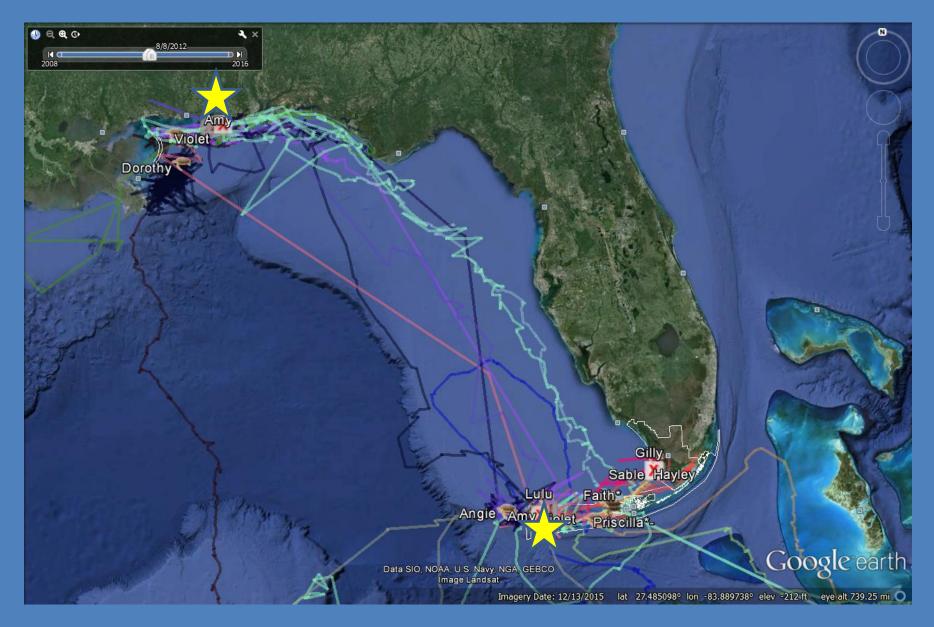
www.seaturtle.org/tracking/?project_id=402

MUSGS





















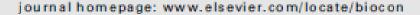


Biological Conservation 145 (2012) 185-194



Contents lists available at SciVerse ScienceDirect

Biological Conservation





Common coastal foraging areas for loggerheads in the Gulf of Mexico: Opportunities for marine conservation

Kristen M. Hart a, Margaret M. Lamont b, Ikuko Fujisaki c, Anton D. Tucker d, Raymond R. Carthy e

• Use of SSM to identify key, common foraging areas used by loggerheads from 3 genetically distinct nesting subpopulations







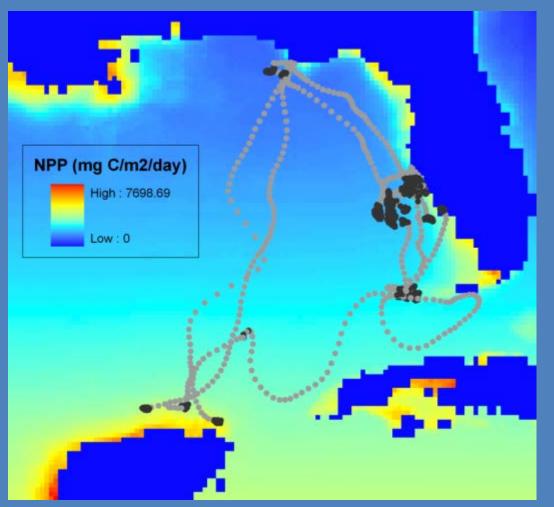
³US Geological Survey, Southeast Ecological Science Center, 2205 College Avenue, Davie, FL 33314, USA

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CUniversity of Horida, Research and Education Center, Davie, H., USA

^d Mote Marine Laboratory, Sarasota, FL, USA

^{*}US Geological Survey, Florida Cooperative Hish and Wildlife Research Unit, University of Horida, Gainesville, FL, USA



<u>Loggerhead Foraging-Site</u> <u>Characteristics:</u>

- Relatively shallow water (<50 m)
- Mean 58.5 km from shore (range: 4.9 to 122.0; SD: 36.3)
- Net primary productivity ranged from 253.3 to 1180 mg C/m²/day
- Mean SST = $26.6 \text{ to } 30.0^{\circ} \text{ C}$







Identification of foraging sites for Kemp's ridleys (Lepidochelys kempii) in the Gulf of Mexico over a 13-year time span



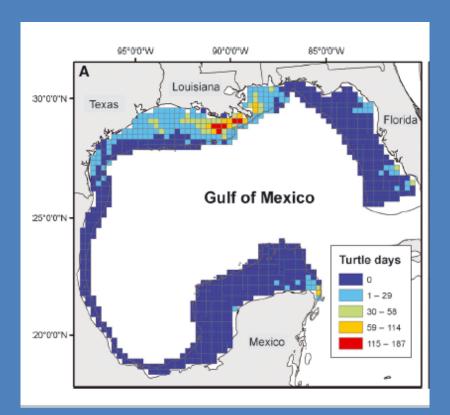
Photo credit: NPS

- N=31 turtles from 2 sites (Padre Island National Seashore, TX, USA and Rancho Nuevo, MX)
- 6009+ tracking days
- "Hotspots" identified where turtles concentrated foraging activities
- Specific environmental characteristics (depth, SST, NPP) as predictors of foraging sites









<u>Kemp's ridley Foraging-</u> <u>Site Characteristics:</u>

- Relatively shallow water (<20 m)
- Average 33.0 km from shore

Ecology and Evolution

Open Access

Foraging area fidelity for Kemp's ridleys in the Gulf of Mexico

Donna J. Shaver¹, Kristen M. Hart², Ikuko Fujisaki³, Cynthia Rubio¹, Autumn R. Sartain⁴, Jaime Peña⁵, Patrick M. Burchfield⁵, Daniel Gomez Gamez⁵ & Jaime Ortiz⁵

¹National Park Service, Padre Island National Seashore, Corpus Christi, TX 78480-1300

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Cherokee Nation Technology Solutions, contracted to U.S. Geological Survey, Southeast Ecological Science Center, Davie, FL 33314

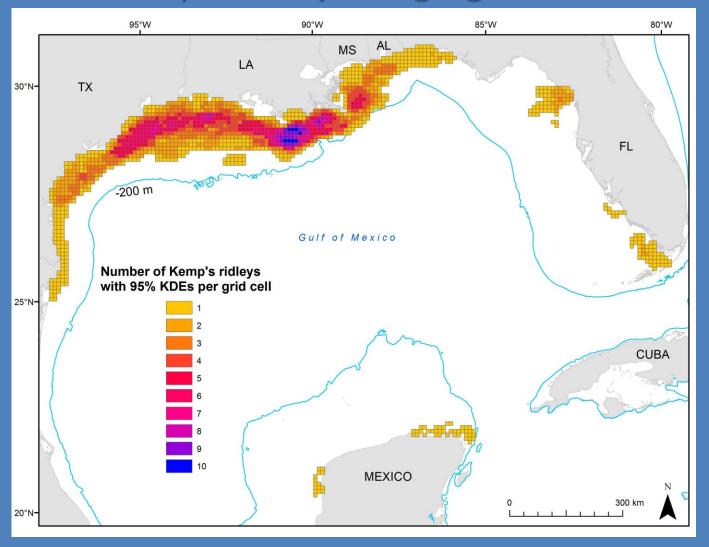
Gladys Porter Zoo, Brownsville, TX 78520







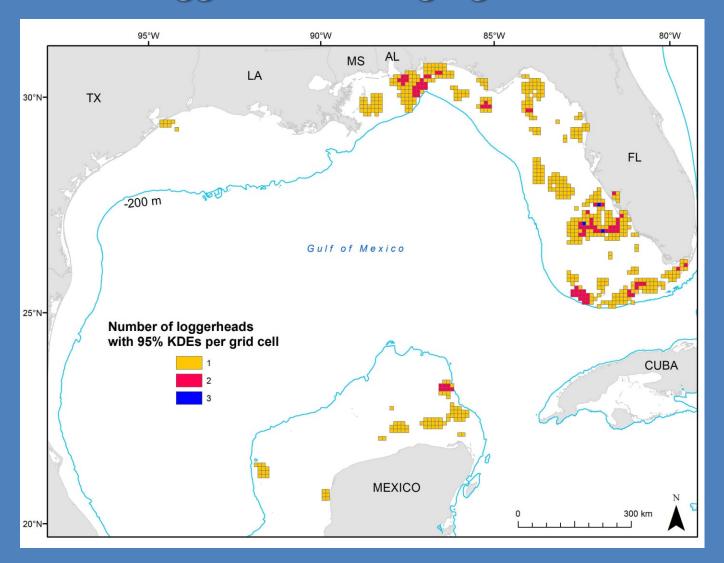
Kemp's ridley foraging areas







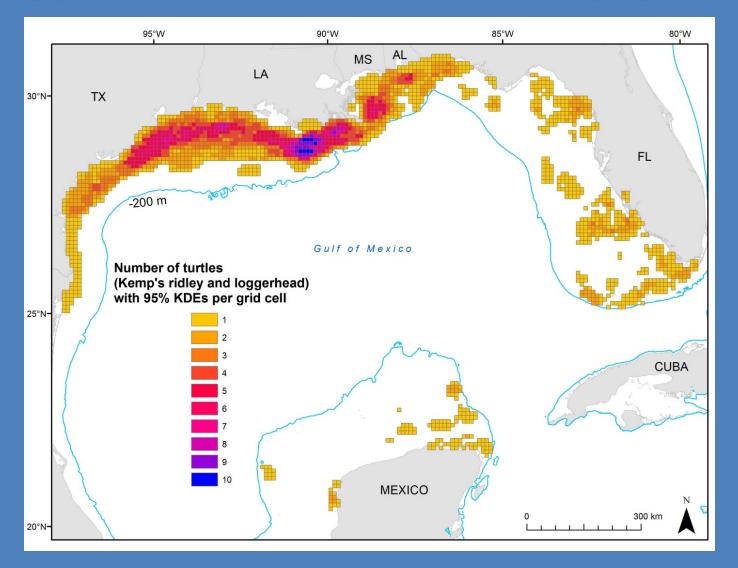
Loggerhead foraging areas







Loggerhead and Kemp's ridley foraging areas









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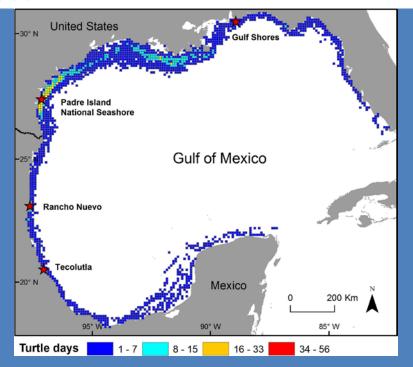




Migratory corridors of adult female Kemp's ridley turtles in the Gulf of Mexico



Donna J. Shaver ^{a,*}, Kristen M. Hart ^b, Ikuko Fujisaki ^c, Cynthia Rubio ^a, Autumn R. Sartain-Iverson ^d, Jaime Peña ^e, Daniel Gomez Gamez ^e, Raul de Jesus Gonzales Diaz Miron ^f, Patrick M. Burchfield ^e, Hector J. Martinez ^e, Jaime Ortiz ^e





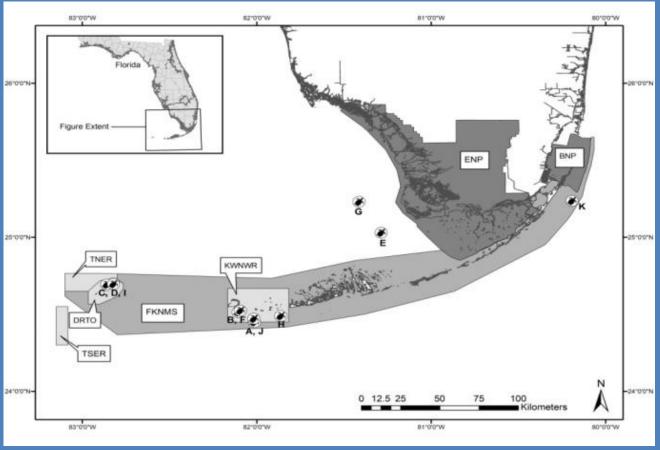


Satellite Telemetry

DRTO Green turtles:

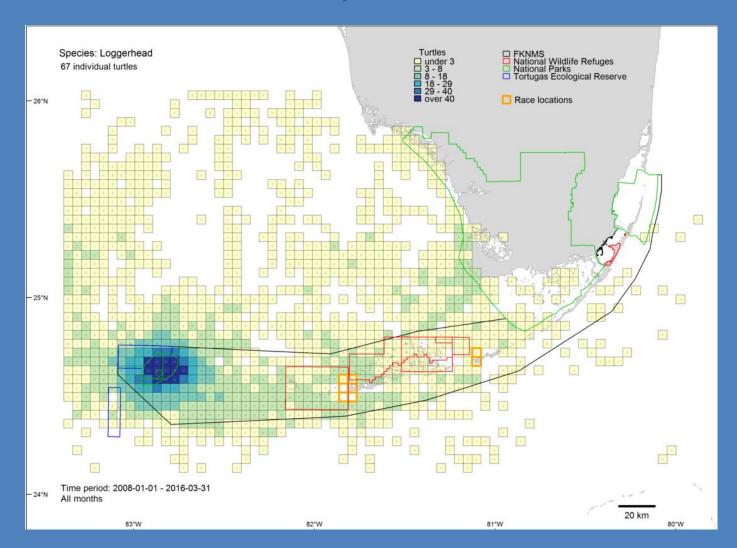
•9/11 (82%) adult females remained in protected areas post-nesting







Marine turtle use of habitats within and adjacent to the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary





Marine turtle use of habitats within and adjacent to the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

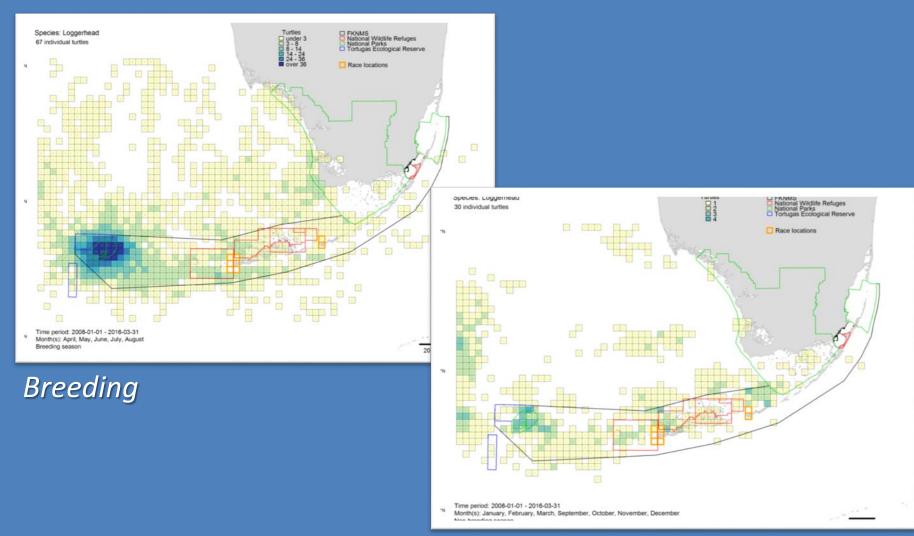






Photo: Brett Seymour, NPS





Photo credit: Kaare Iverson



Summary for DRTO and ENP

Loggerheads:

✓ 69% Bahamas and FL Keys; 14% W. FL shelf; 6% Northern Gulf of Mexico; 6% Mexico (Yucatan) and Nicaragua, 5% Atlantic FL/GA

Green turtles:

✓ Some are year-round residents of DRTO; high proportion of others are resident in FLKMNS

Hawksbills:

✓ Use of DRTO as foraging areas, connection to Cuba





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WWF (Cuba) colleague: Jose Luis "Pepe" Gerhartz

FL FWCC and Mote colleagues: Mike Feeley, John Hunt, Rod Bertelsen, Danielle Morley, Wes Pratt, Tony Tucker

Others...





