

# Harvesting Macroalgae as a Means of Reducing Nutrients in Jamaica Bay, New York City

Removal of Ulva lactuca from Jamaica Bay

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- ✤ Sea lettuce (Ulva lactuca) green marine algae
- Jamaica Bay- recurring blooms from February through April, and August through September
- Grows on hard substrates
- Floats in dense mats
- Mesotrophic estuaries- provides habitat for fish and macrocrustaceans
- Eutrophic estuaries- detrimental effects...





#### **Detrimental Effects of Excessive Blooms**

- Suffocates benthic invertebrates
- Suppresses spawning/nesting activities
- Interferes with recreational boating and fishing activity
- Decomposition releases N and P, decreases DO
- Noxious odors while decomposing.
- Food source for Canada geese
  - ✤ JFK Airport- more bird strikes than any other airport since 1990.







- Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC) has conducted an annual macroalgae harvesting program since 1997
- Sea lettuce (Ulva lactuca), red weed (Agardhiella tenera), Enteromorpha flexuosa and Chaetomorpha sp.
- Custom made algae skimmer





- The Nature Conservancy, through NOAA's Community Based Restoration Program, has implemented a volunteer effort ("Alien Algae Cleanups")
- Mechanical harvesters are not practical, and the macroalgae is removed by hand



#### **Project Purposes**



- Develop program to harvest excess algae and sea lettuce
- Evaluate harvest methods with minimum impact to other organisms
- Find a beneficial use for harvested sea lettuce
- Analyze total N and P reduction





# Intake conveyor ramp





# Holding area/Ramp up to dumpster if necessary (14 m<sup>3</sup>)



























2.5 yds<sup>3</sup> (1.9 m<sup>3</sup>)in 90 minutes of skimming.

Offloaded into dumpster in 15 minutes.



## Bycatch













10.10





- Manual removal- 1.2 m<sup>3</sup>
- Skimmer removal- 3 m<sup>3</sup>
- Amount of N & P removed
- ✤ 113 kg of annual N removal for moderate sea lettuce conditions; and
- ✤ 911 kg of annual N removal for heavy sea lettuce conditions.

Beneficial Use (describe program DEP could implement long term) Recreation, noxious aesthetics (DY checking for slides from his April presentation)

Cost Benefit Analysis. Could be cost effective due to overlap with floatables removal program

#### Conclusions



#### Summary

- Proof of concept
- Removed shading and smothering of benthic inverts/fishes
- Possibly apply to oyster & eelgrass projects.
- ✤ Beneficial uses
  - ✤ Waste-to-energy
    - Biofuel production- ~3000 liters of biobutanol could be produced annually from skimmer use.
  - Composting/fertilizer-NYCDOS took 2.5 yds<sup>3</sup> for composting
  - Anaerobic digestion



## Authors and Contributors



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**HX** 

#### Discussion



#### **Questions?**

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