Wetland Restoration on Private Lands: Changing Perspectives and Future Challenges

The problem is the same: Wetland loss and alteration

- Progress has been made
- Different partners: Changing expectations
- From restoration to maintenance
- Monitoring evaluation adaptation



Annual Wetland Loss: U.S.







WRP Easements and Waterfowl Flyways



U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Resources Inventory and Assessment Division Washington, D.C. June 2005 Map ID: 8995

> 2.4 million acres

> 12,000 contracts

Source: NRC5 Program Data

Voluntary, incentive-based partnerships to deliver habitat on-the-ground

- Landowners Ranchers, Farmers, Recreational Owners.
- > Agencies State, Federal, Regional.
- Conservation Organizations NWTF, TNC, PF, NWF, etc.
- Local Communities Lake Associations, City and County Governments, Wildlife Clubs, etc.
- Private Philanthropists Individuals, Foundations, Corporations.





















Wetlands Conservation at Landscape Scales



Wetlands restoration and management: Hydrology, Disturbance Regimes, Connectivity



Restoration Tools

The "Iron Glacier"



Considerations of scale

Across wetland landscapes Across basins within a landscape Across time within site Across landowner objectives



Rivers and Floodplains









Grand River

Chariton River

East Chariton River

Thompson River

Missouri River

Water regimes on managed wetlands

Drawdown Slooooowly! Reflood Sloooowly!

Flood Frequency on Locust Creek - Missouri





Managing the investment:

- Maintaining infrastructure
- Vegetation management
- > Water management
- Sedimentation



Invasive exotic species – reed canary grass, purple loosestrife

>Undesirable vegetation – cocklebur, sunflowers, bulrush, primrose, phragmites

Tree invasion – cottonwood, willow, maples

Tree mortality





Deteriorating Infrastructure



Modified disturbance regimes





What's Your Objective?

- •Recreation?
- Wildlife Habitat?
- •Water Quality?
- Nutrient Management?
- •Financial?
- •All the Above?



Technical assistance



Restoring

America's

Wetlands Heritage

MASSASAUGA FLATS, LLC



The partnership is changing:

- > The landowner base over time is changing
- Continuing landowner education
- Follow up to ensure conservation practice in place
- Need to stay with landowners
- Landowners need "skin in the game"
- Annual landowner checks
- Newsletters and management guides
- Assess objectives and expectations



Landowner education





Take Home Point

Get Professional Help!!!

Evaluating and adapting with a focus on uncertainty







A model of Restoration and Management

Restore Basin Integrity

Intensive restoration and management

Restore Natural Processes

Protection

Mimic processes

Degree to which natural processes are altered



Sources of uncertainty:

Biological / Ecological

Environmental Flood Frequency



Structural	Seed bank response	participation
Management control	Invasive species control	Landowner capacity for wetland management
Measurement	Waterbird response	Society's support for ecological goods and services

Avoid biological arguments for social uncertainties

Decision

- Manage waterfowl hunting
- Passive vs. active management
- **Fund wetland restoration**
- Increase flood control
- **Respond to climate change**



