

Acceptance of the Mississippi River Healthy Watershed Initiative by Land Managers in the Yazoo Basin

Trey Cooke, Delta F.A.R.M. & Delta Wildlife
Al Garner, USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service
Andrew Peck, Ph. D., The Nature Conservancy
Dean Pennington, Ph. D., YMD Joint Water Management District
Don Underwood, Ph. D., Mississippi Soil and Water Conservation Commission

Water Resource Concerns in the Yazoo Basin: A History Lesson: 303d List & Sediment TMDLs



Bee Lake Watershed Project



Steele Bayou Watershed Project









Wolf & Broad Lake Watershed Project





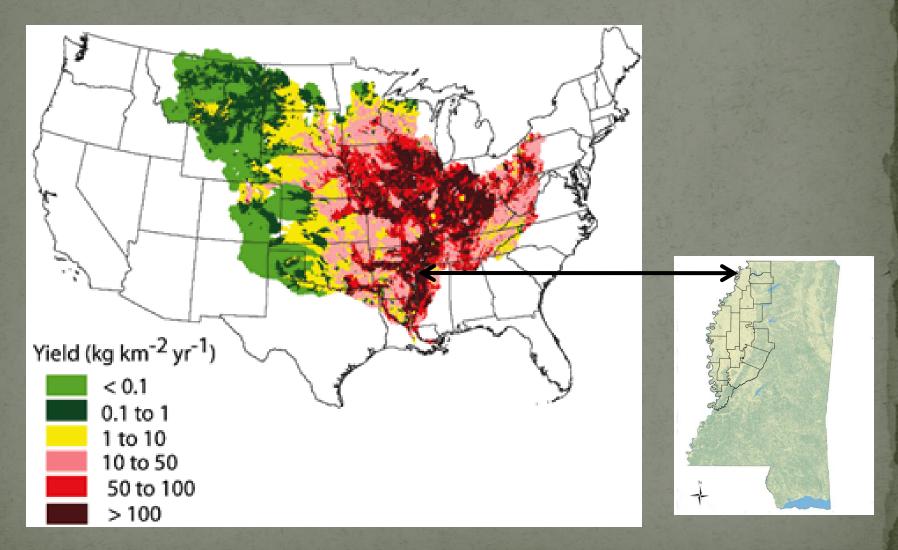








New Water Resource Concerns













Mississippi Delta **Nutrient Reduction** Strategies



IMPLEMENTATION DRAFT **DECEMBER 15, 2009**

DRAFT DELTA NUTRIENT REDUCTION STRATEGIES - AUGUST 14, 2009











































Visioning Team

Jerry Cain, MDEQ Richard Ingram, MDEQ Chat Phillips, Stakeholders, MDEQ Dick Flowers, Stakeholders, MDEQ Rob Coker, Stakeholders Trey Cooke, Delta F.A.R.M. Al Garner, NRCS Kent Partish, USACE Dr. Robbie Kroger, MSU Dr. Martin Locke, USDA National Sediment Lab Phil Bass, EPA GMPO Ed Decker, EPA Region 4 Dr. Kent Thornton, FTN Associates, Ltd. (facilitator)

Planning Team

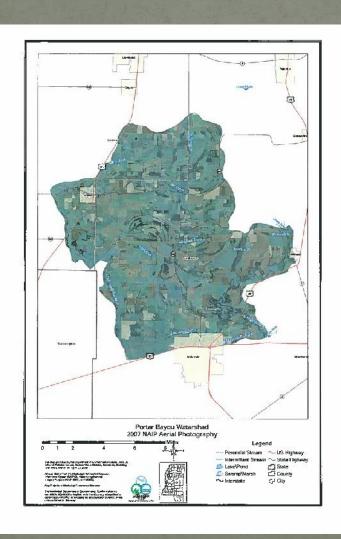
Buddy Allen, Stakeholder Dr. Steve Ashby, USACE/ERDC Phil Bass, EPA GMPO Pradip Bhowal, MDEQ Kim Caviness, MDEQ (WQ Standards) Rob Coker, Stakeholders (producers) Trey Cooke, Delta F.A.R.M. Dr. Richard Coupe, USGS Bob Elcy, Stakeholders (Drainage Districts) Mark Gilbert, MSWCC Richard Ingram, MDEQ Greg Jackson, MDEO Walter Jackson, NRCS Dave Johnson, USACE/Vicksburg District Dr. Robbie Kroger, MSU Dr. Martin Locke, USDA National Sedimentation Lab Sam Mabry, MDEQ (OLWR) Dr. Larry Oldham, MSU Extension Service Kent Parrish, USACE/Vicksburg District Dr. Dean Pennington, YMD Dan Prevost, Delta F.A.R.M. Paul Rodrigue, NRCS

Travis Satterfield, Stakeholders (producers)

Dr. Kent Thornton, FTN Associates, Ltd. (facilitator)

Kenneth Dean, EPA Region 4 Andy Whittington, Farm Bureau Kay Whittington, MDEQ (TMDLs)

Porter's Bayou Watershed Project







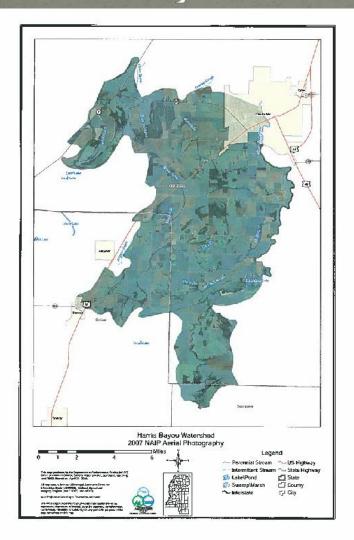
DELTA F.A.R.M.

NRCS Natural Resources
Conservation Service





Harris Bayou Watershed Project







FARMERS ADVOCATING RESOURCE MANAGEMENT



NRCS Natural Resources
Conservation Service





Cooperative Conservation Partnership Initiative (CCPI)



Primary BMPs:

Constructed wetlands
Tail-water recovery systems
Low-grade weirs
Water control structure
Nutrient management
Riparian buffers



Area Prioritization:

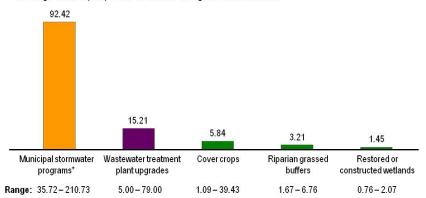
Delta Nutrient Reduction Strategy Priority Areas

Nutrient Trading





Average dollars per pound of annual nitrogen load reduction

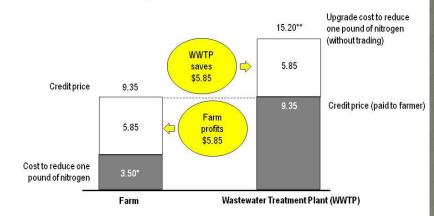


^{*} Also called Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s). Reflects nitrogen reduction costs for new development, which are usually much lower than costs for retrofitting existing MS4s.

Sources: WWTP cost: Bacon, E. and C. Pearson, Jr. 2002. Nitnogen Credit Tradling in Maryland: A Market Analysis for Establishing a Statewide Framework.
Alexandria, VA: Water Environment Research Foundation; All other data: Wieland, Robert, et al. 2009. "Costs and Cost Efficiencies for Some Nutrient Reduction Practices in Maryland." Maryland Department of Natural Resources Coastal Program.

Figure 5. Benefits of a Trade between a Farm and Wastewater Treatment Plant

Dollars per pound of annual nitrogen load reduction



^{*} Average cost to reduce one pound of nitrogen across three best management practices: cover crops, riparian grassed buffers, and restored or constructed wellands. Wieland, Robert, et al. 2009. "Costs and Cost Efficiencies for Some Nutrient Reduction Practices in Maryland." Maryland Department of Natural Resources Coastal Program. Cost estimates do not take into account the baseline or minimum practices that agriculture will have to implement prior to selling credits. Depending on which practices farmers implement first, the costs of agricultural nutrient reduction measures may be higher or lower. Analysis assumes benefits are split equally between farmer and stormwater program. Assumes no discounting or transaction costs.

Note: Cost estimates do not take into account the baseline or minimum practices that agriculture will have to implement prior to selling credits. Depending on which practices farmers implement first, the costs of agricultural nutrient reduction measures may be higher or lower. Costs represent the costs of achieving the nitrogen reduction only. Actual credit prices under a nutrient trading program will be affected by per-facility administrative costs and geography of region (e.g., distance from the main stem of the Bay, slope of land, soil structure, rainfall).

^{**}Average cost to reduce one pound of nitrogen among selected WWTPs in Manyland. Bacon, E. and C. Pearson, Jr. 2002. Nitrogen Credit Trading in Manyland: A Market Analysis for Establishing a Statewide Framework. Alexandria, VA: Water Environment. Research Foundation.

Farmer to Farmer Exchange











Jimmy Sanders, Inc.







Fellowship for a Healthier Gulf













Private and State Investment



\$21,700,000.00

Mississippi River Basin Initiative

NRCS Natural Resources Conservation Service

CCPI









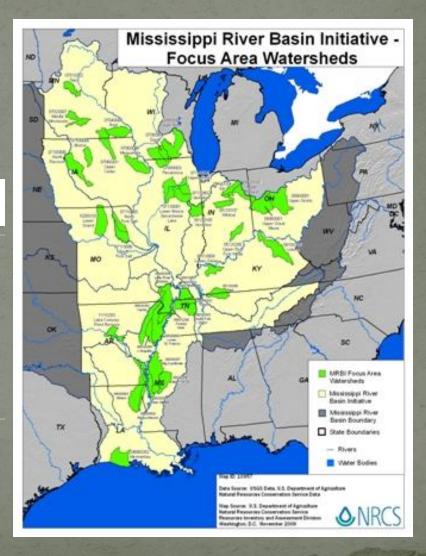
WREP





CIG





Mississippi MRBI Watersheds: By the Numbers

Sunflower Watershed

MRBI Funds Received

2010 = \$3,530,548.31

2011 = \$2,543,854.41

Steele Bayou/Deer Creek Watershed

MRBI Funds Received

2010 = \$347,506.16

2011 = \$662,372

<u>Upper Yazoo Watershed</u>

MRBI Funds Received

2010 = \$556,185.60

2011 = \$340,845.44

Coldwater River Watershed

MRBI Funds Received 2011 = \$2,580,000

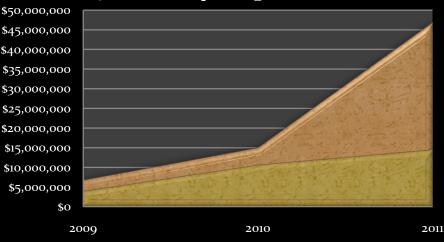
<u>Producer Applications</u> <u>Submitted in MRBI Watersheds:</u>

2009 = \$6,815,890.42

2010 = \$15,034,822.67

2011 = \$46,877,903.84

EQIP Money Requested vs Funded



Questions

