

Dallas Floodway Extension Lower Chain of Wetlands and Grasslands: A Case Study of AM in Ecosystem Restoration

Lynde L. Dodd
Research Biologist

USACE|ERDC|EL



US Army Corps
of Engineers.

ERDC

Engineer Research and
Development Center



What is DFE?



DFE

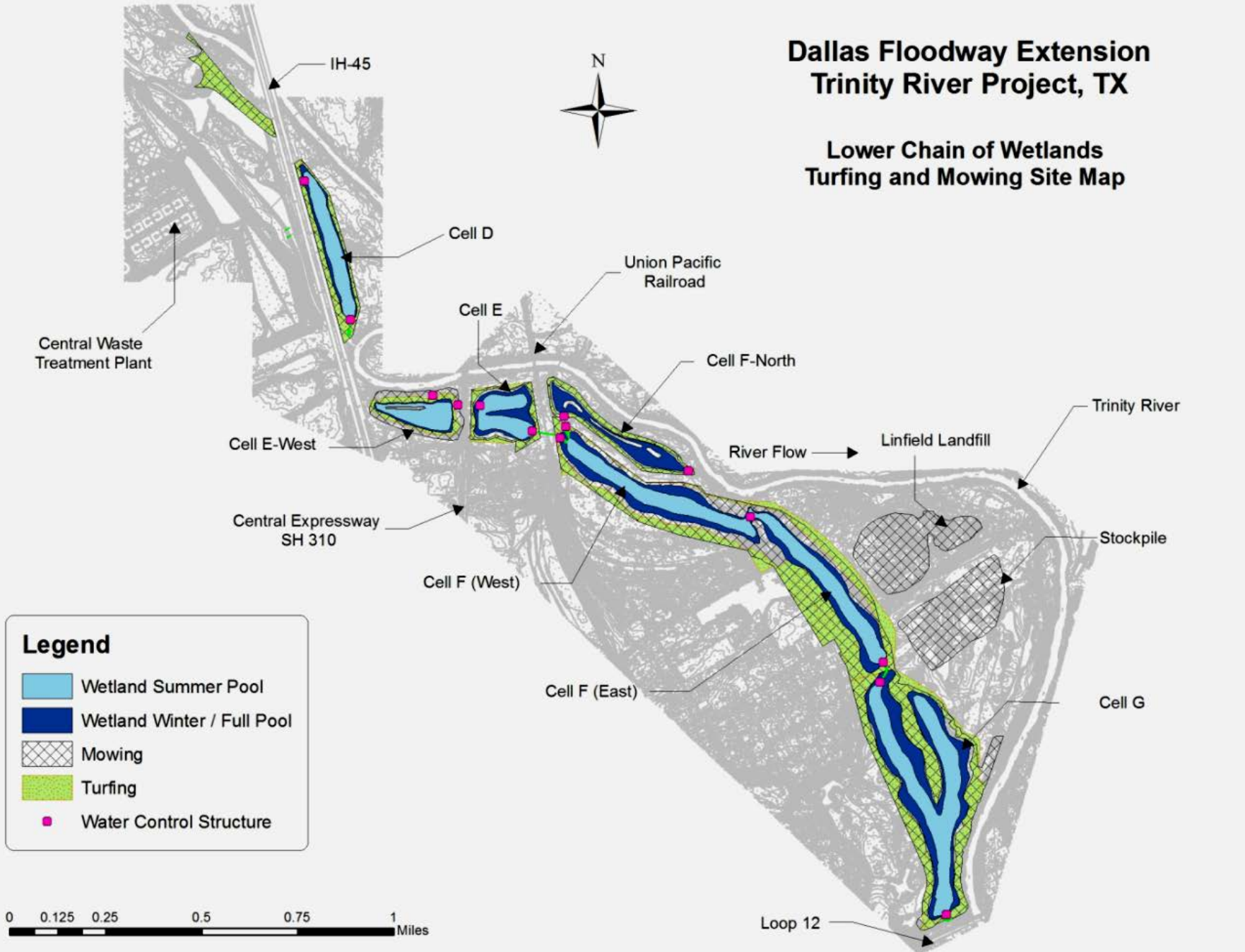
Dallas Floodway Extension is an “extension” of the original floodway

5.2 miles of levee construction with a river realignment of ½ mile; replacement of woody vegetation with herbaceous vegetation

Collaborators: USACE Fort Worth District, City of Dallas (local sponsor), and USACE|ERDC

Dallas Floodway Extension Trinity River Project, TX

Lower Chain of Wetlands Turfing and Mowing Site Map



An aerial photograph showing a wide, winding river (Trinity River) flowing through a landscape of green trees and brownish floodplains. In the background, the Dallas skyline is visible under a blue sky with light clouds. A multi-lane highway runs along the bottom edge of the frame. Two white arrows originate from the text 'DFE LCOW Cells' and point to specific areas within the river's floodway. Another white arrow points from the text 'Trinity River' to the main channel of the river.

DFE LCOW Cells

Trinity River

The Dallas Floodway Extension

DFE LCOW Cells

Trinity River





DFE UCOW





I-45

Cell D --- 10 acres



Weir box



I-45

Overbanking

What is Adaptive Management?



Adaptive Management

What is adaptive management?

Using ongoing results to identify needs for further action or changes in current action - requires monitoring

Why do we need it in ecosystem restoration?



ERDC

Adaptive Management

Herbivory

Water level fluctuations

Overbanking events

Flow

Nuisance species

Human activities



ERDC

**Beaver (*Castor canadensis*)
periodically build dams at
the outlet weirs**



Adaptive Management

Another example of AM strategies employed:

Maintain water levels seasonally to promote habitat diversity

Pumping schedules resulted in algal blooms

Revised pumping schedules to reduce nutrient loading



ERDC

Monitoring

Abiotic and Biotic



A photograph of a pond in a wooded area. The pond is surrounded by a muddy bank with sparse green vegetation. In the background, there is a dense forest of tall, thin trees with green foliage. The sky is blue. The text "Abiotic monitoring" is overlaid in white on the left side of the pond.

Abiotic monitoring

Biotic monitoring



Quality Assurance/ Quality Control



ERDC

QAQC

Quality of that data?

Our data consisted of measured, numerical, class, and discrete data

We included field crew calibrations for monitoring to improve quality of data collected



Project Goal?



ERDC



**Post-construction 2009 – devoid of
vegetation**



Grassland swales

Herbaceous wetlands



Lessons Learned?



ERDC

BUILDING STRONG®

Innovative solutions for a safer, better world

Lessons Learned

Frequent monitoring

Proper training

Flexibility in data collection

Photographic evidence

Analysis of data ASAP to reveal potential problems



ERDC

Thank you for your time!

Lynde L. Dodd

Lynde.L.Dodd@usace.army.mil **To**