

Challenges and Successes of Collaborative Planning

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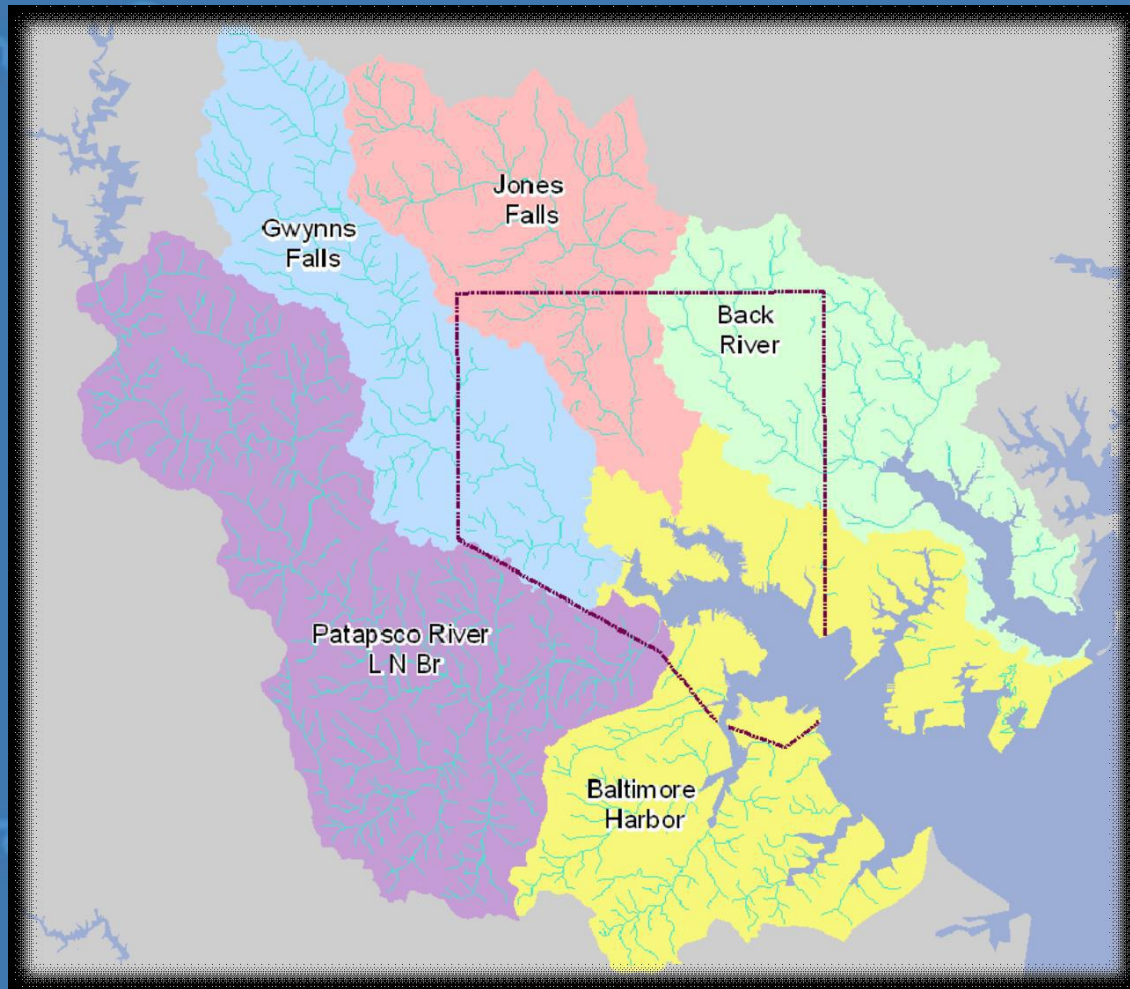
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Where are We?



Why Plan Together?

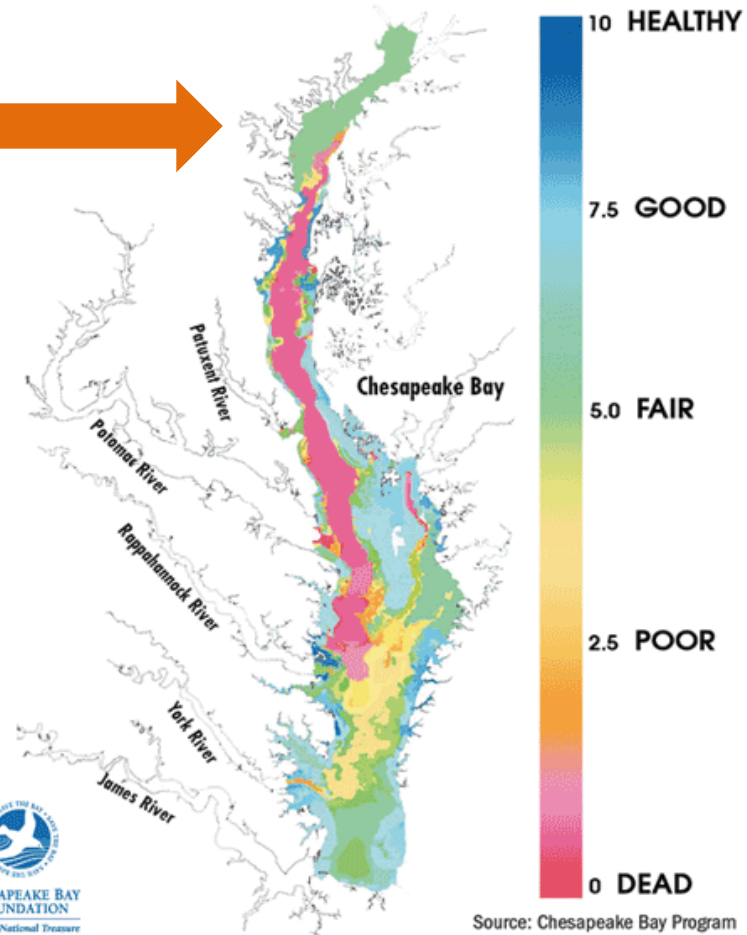
Baltimore City
and Baltimore
County



CHESAPEAKE BAY RECORD DEAD ZONE

AUGUST 2005

Milligrams of Oxygen
per liter of water:



What is a SWAP?

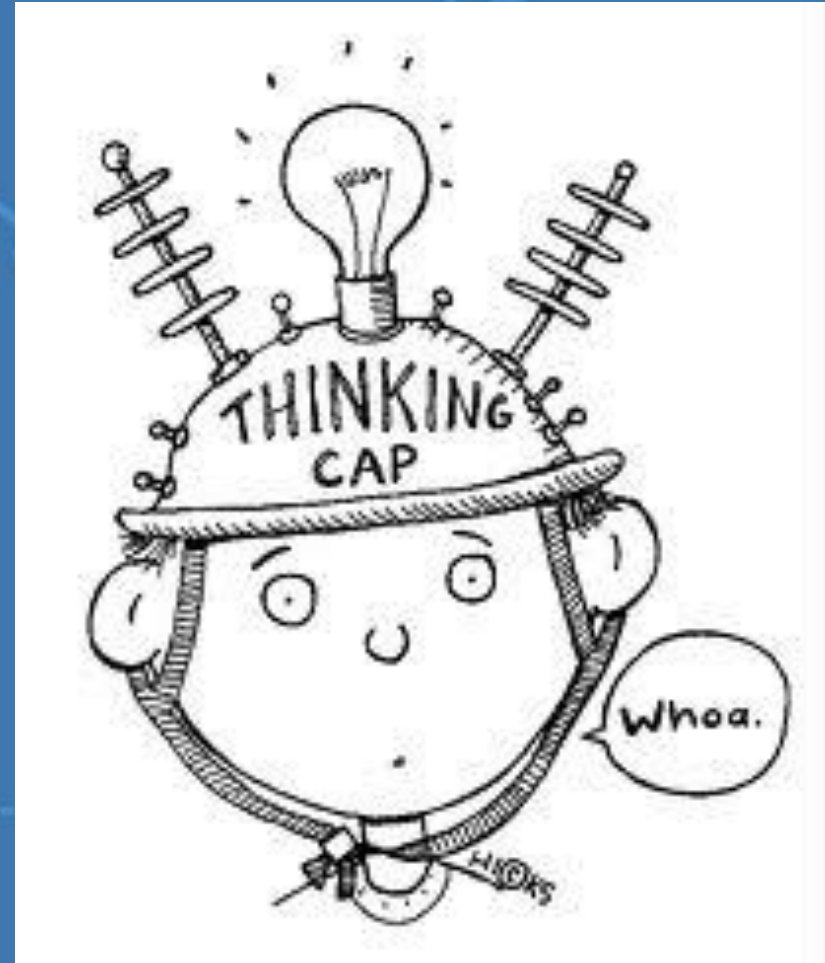


- Small Watershed Action Plans
- A strategy that outlines how we clean up our streams.
- Small plans better than large
- Do they cross jurisdictional boundaries?
- Why do we do them?
- Clean Water Act A-I Criteria

Who participates in a SWAP?

Stakeholders:

- Neighborhood leaders
- Local watershed associations
- Businesses



How Do the City and County Work Together on Plans?

- Baltimore Watershed Agreement Planning Goals
- Steering Committees
- Stakeholders meetings
- Share Data and Staff



SWAP's: A Game Plan for Success

- New stormwater management facilities
- More street trees and forest buffers
- Rainspout disconnections
- Neighborhood rain gardens and rain barrels and fertilizer reduction
- Community awareness about stormwater
- Stream restoration projects

Examples: Two SWAP's



1. Lower Jones Falls SWAP
2. Upper Back River SWAP

Two Watersheds: Lower Jones Falls and Upper Back River



Lower Jones Falls Watershed SWAP



Lower Jones Falls Watershed SWAP



Lower Jones Falls SWAP



Lower Jones Falls SWAP



Lower Jones Falls SWAP-Vans Warped Tour



Upper Back River SWAP

- Character of Back River Watershed
- Successes/Challenges



Thank You

