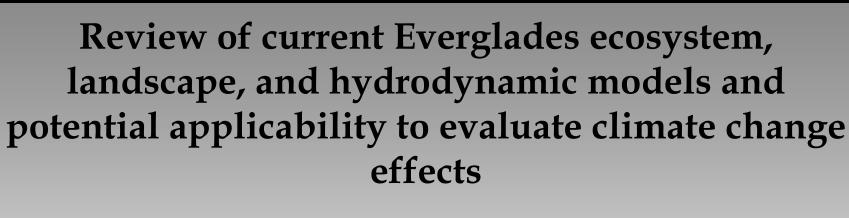




South Florida Natural Resources Center



David Hallac¹, Chris Madden², and Amanda McDonald²

¹South Florida Natural Resources Center, Everglades National Park ²Everglades Division, South Florida Water Management District





South Florida Natural Resources Center

What might change?

- Physical parameters:
 - Rainfall, Up Down?
 - Water depth, hydroperiod
 - Dry-down intensity, duration, and frequency
 - Salinity, water chemistry parameters
 - Air and water temperatures
 - Tropical storm intensity and frequency





South Florida Natural Resources Center



What about the biological organisms?

- All estuarine organisms
- Uplands may convert to wetlands coastal forests, tree islands, pine rocklands
- Species with extreme sensitivity to hydrology
- Species with cues based on temperature and salinity





South Florida Natural Resources Center

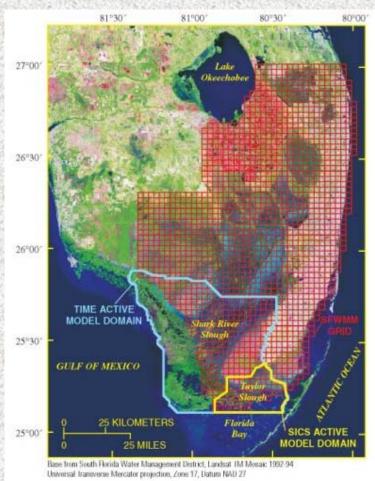
Do we have any models that can be used to predict potential effects on habitat?

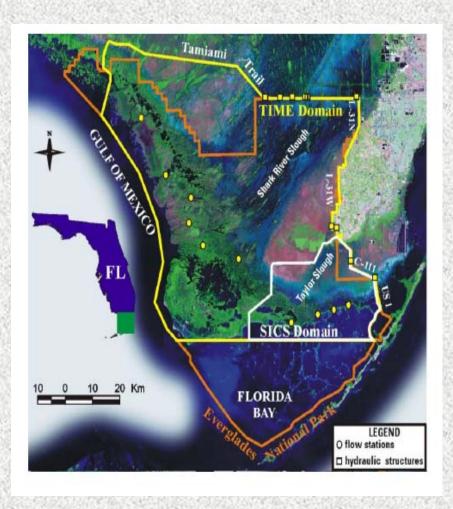
- Seagrass production model
- Across Trophic Level System Simulation (ATLSS)
- Habitat Suitability Indices (HSIs)
- SWFL Feasibility Estuarine Models
- Cape Sable Seaside Sparrow HIE









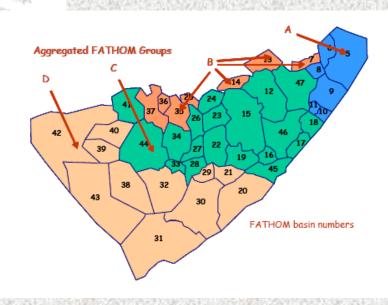


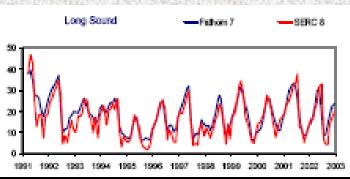
stwmd.gov

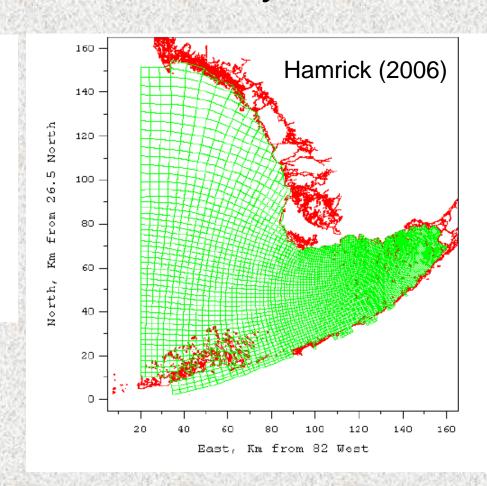


South Florida Natural Resources Center

Coastal Salinity and Water Quality Simulations

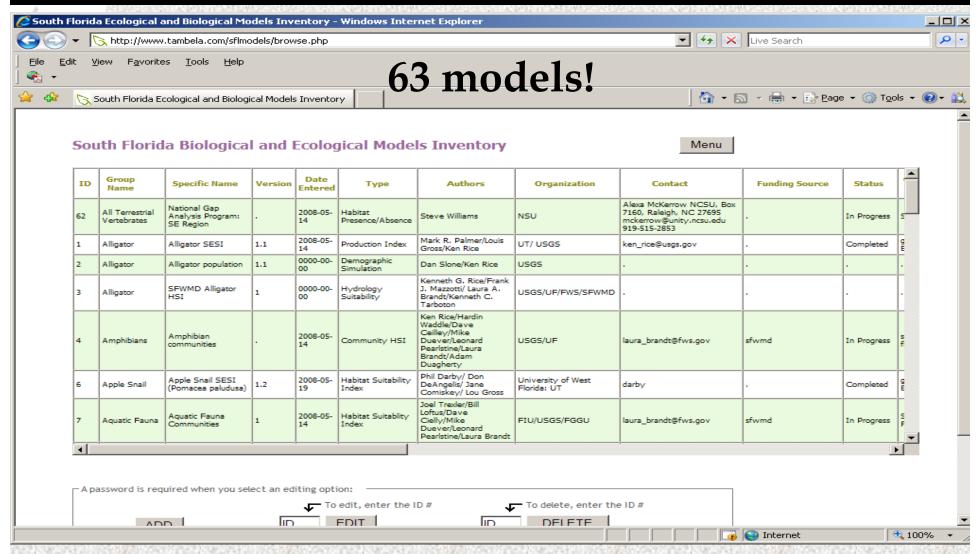










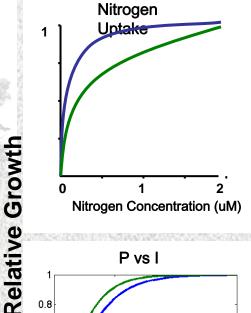


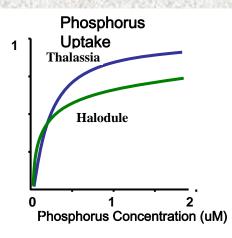


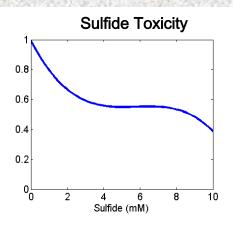


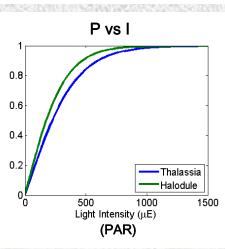
South Florida Natural Resources Center

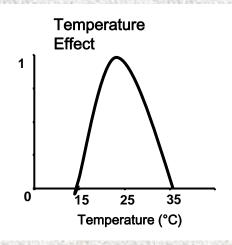
Environmental effects on seagrass growth

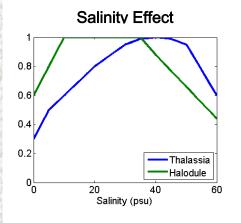










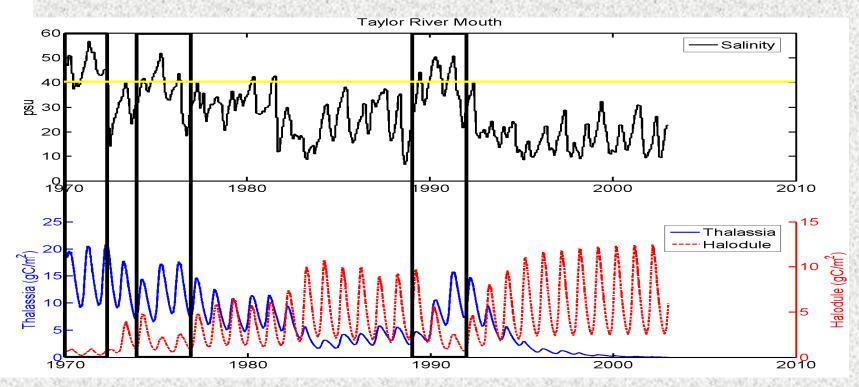






South Florida Natural Resources Center

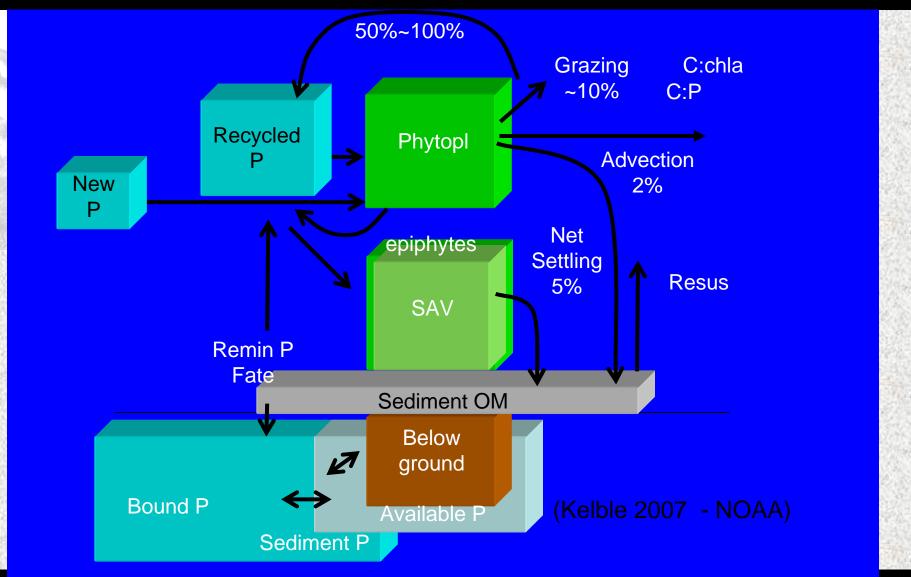
Changes in seagrass productivity with changing salinity



Salinity output from FATHOM Cosby et al. (2005) SAV from Madden et al. (2006)

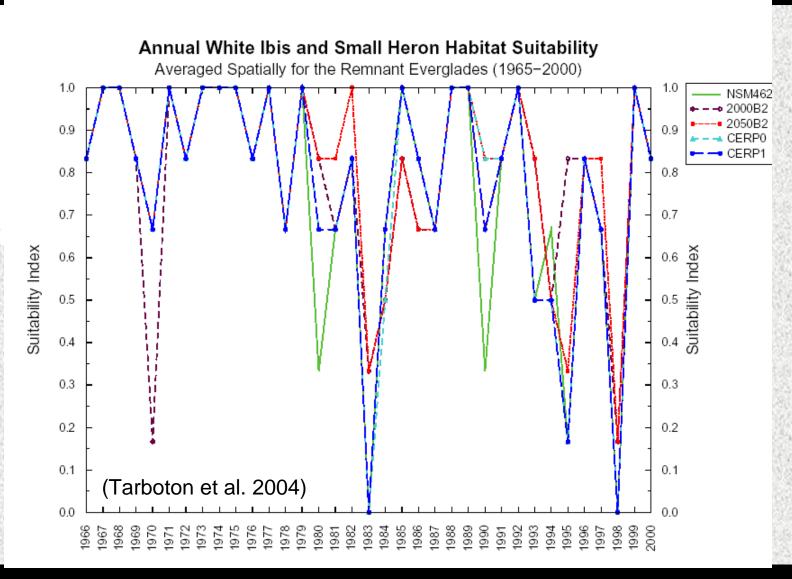






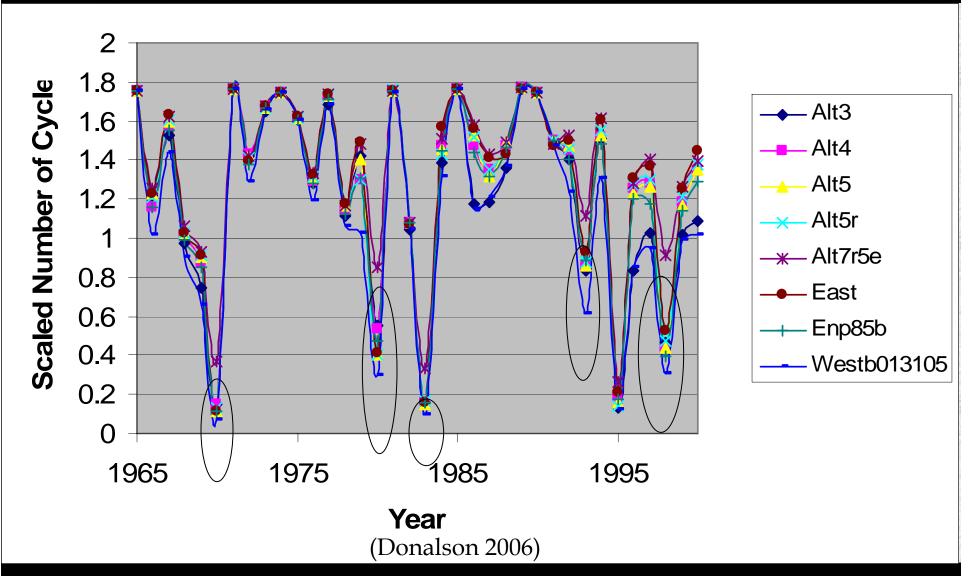








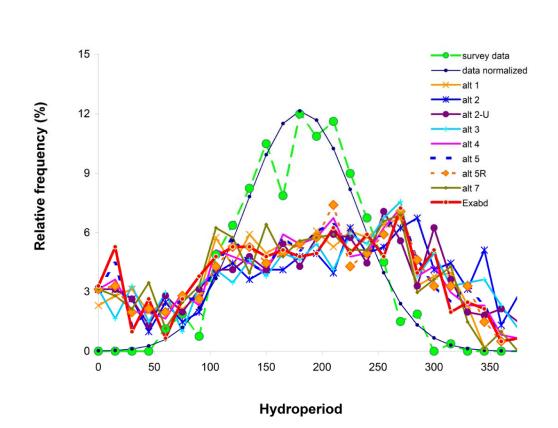








South Florida Natural Resources Center



Hydroperiod Frequency Distribution: Area A

PrairieHydroperiod9ScenariosMAP54200702quan5Yr6Pop.xls

3/8/20074:49 PM

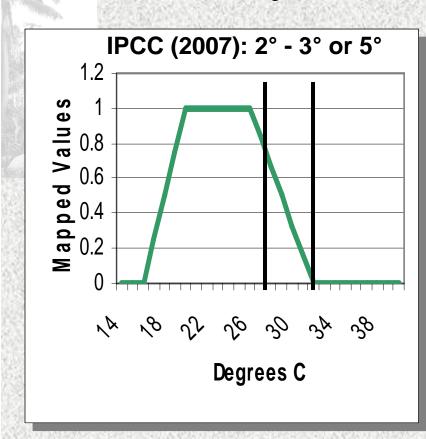
(Dong and Donalson 2006)

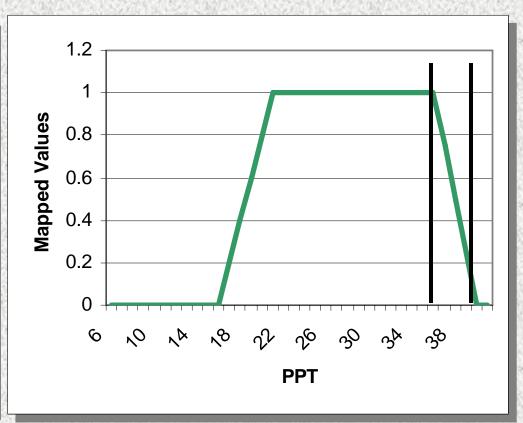




South Florida Natural Resources Center

Sensitivity to temperature and salinity





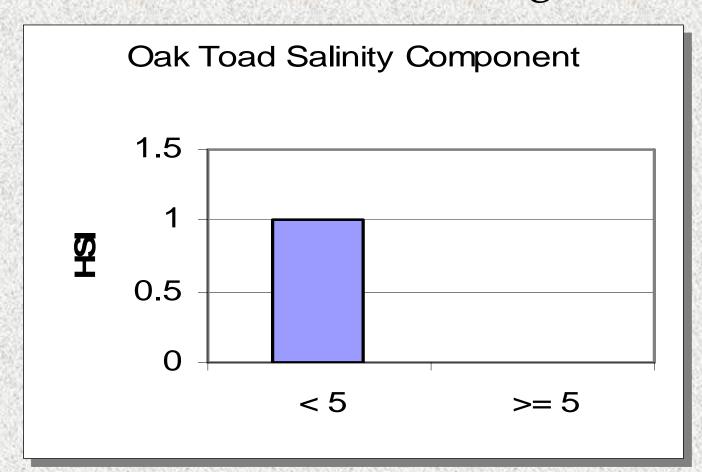
Spawning Female Blue Crabs (Barnes et al. 2006)





South Florida Natural Resources Center

The toads are running...







South Florida Natural Resources Center

Additional Modeling Needs

- Disease
- Migration
- Exotic species
- Fragmentation/Dispersal Vegetation Succession
- Species interactions
- Fire frequency, duration, and intensity
- Adaptability
- Other rare species forgotten fauna







South Florida Natural Resources Center







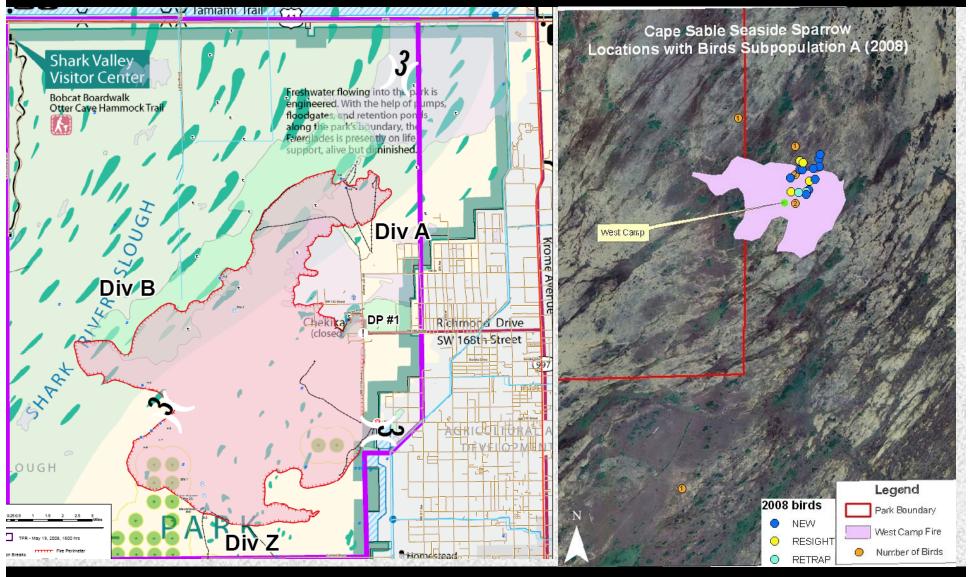


Rare Plant Species

- 12 Endangered coastal plants (state listed)
- Institute for Regional Conservation lists 14 as extirpated or "critically imperiled"
- Easy to model with information on salinity- and floodingtolerance







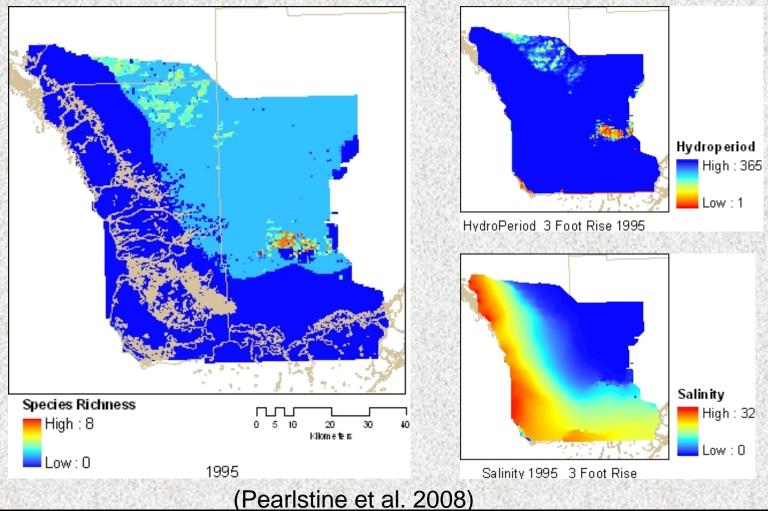






South Florida Natural Resources Center

High ground - future biodiversity hotspots...



(i canstille et al. 2000)

sfwmd.gov



South Florida Natural Resources Center

Summary

- Identify areas of potential habitat transition
- Prioritize areas for conservation
- Relative risk of species extinctions
- Biodiversity Hotspots
- Assist with regional conservation strategies for individual species
- We have the tools to do the job, but we need input scenarios