

Phosphorus Dynamics in Stormwater Treatment Areas: Changes in Phosphorus Forms and Concentrations from Inflow to Outflow

Greater Everglades Ecosystem Restoration 2025 Conference
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South Florida Water Management District

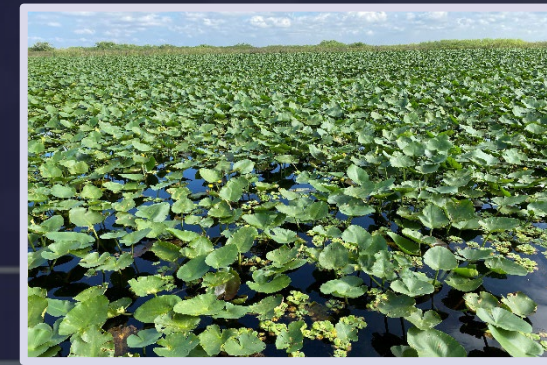
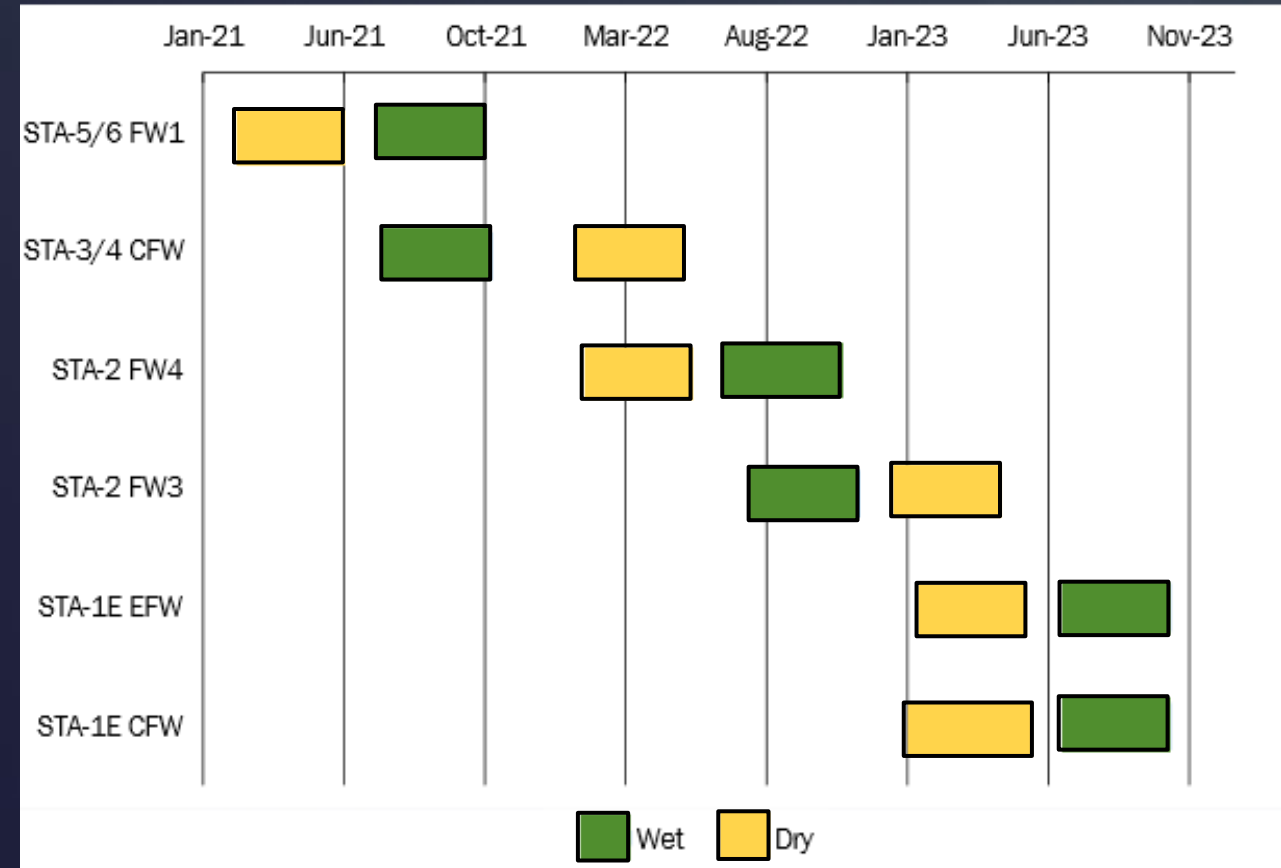
Applied Sciences Bureau

Water Quality Treatment Technologies Section

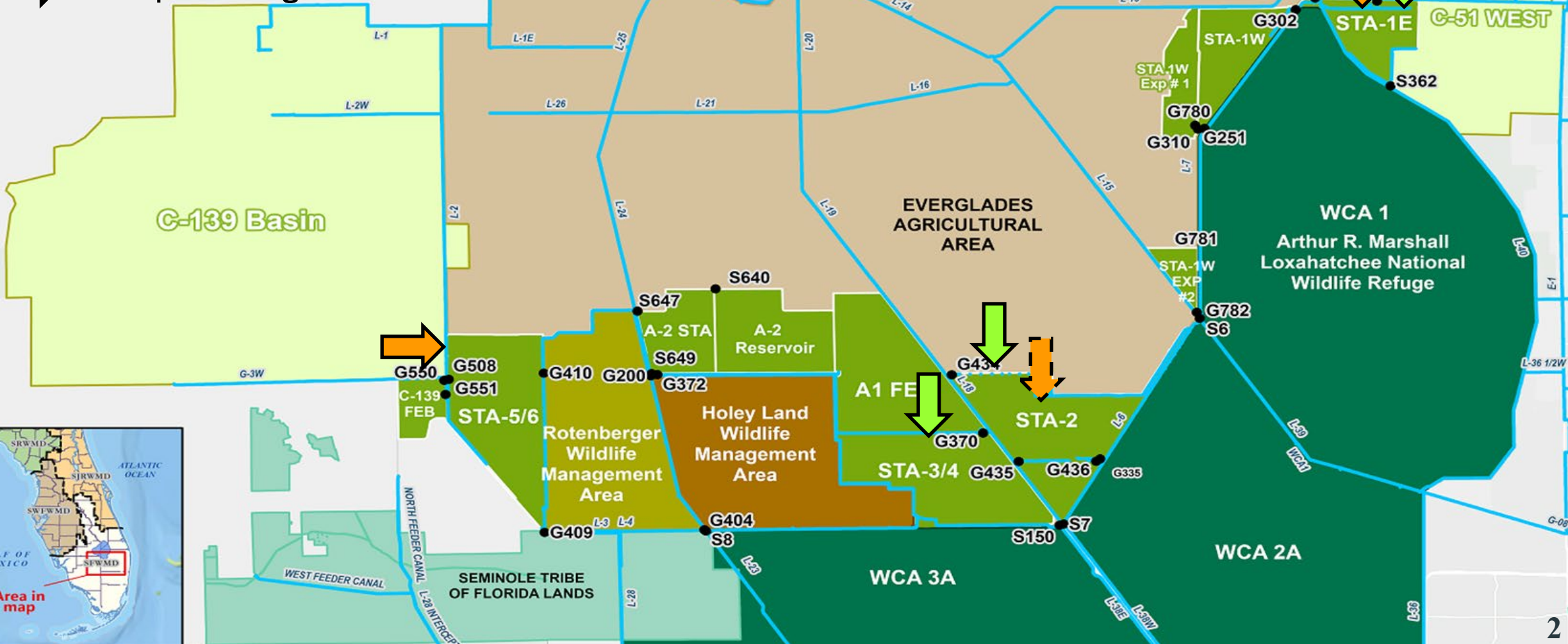
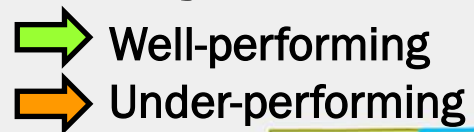


Study Objectives

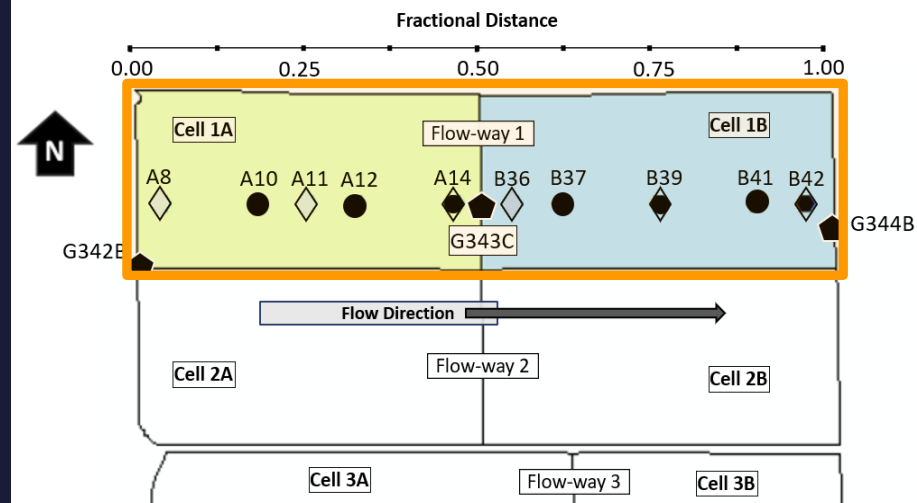
- Evaluate mechanisms and factors influencing outflow TP concentrations under normal, seasonal operations
- Evaluate changes in water column P concentration and P speciation along variable & under performing flow-ways
- Compare mechanisms and processes affecting outflow TP concentrations of well-performing and underperforming STA FWs



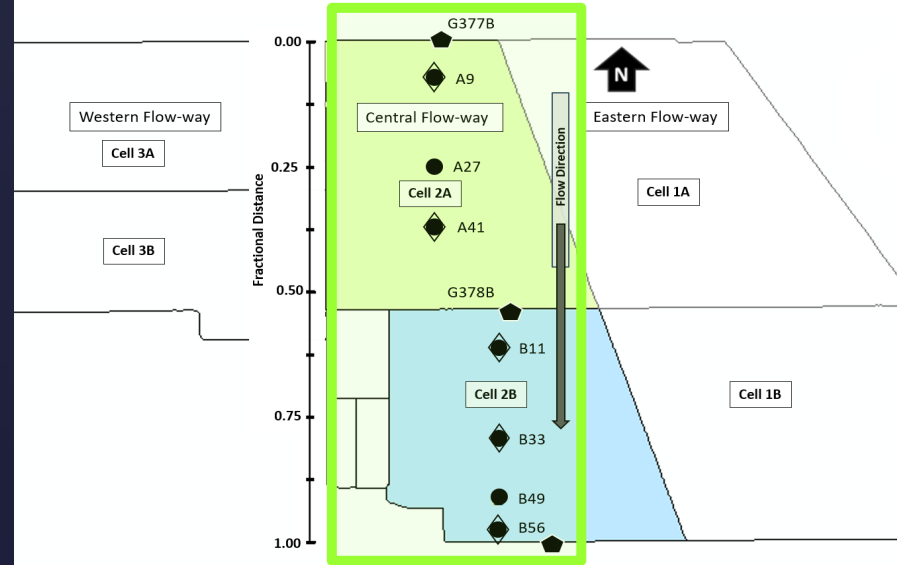
Well-performing
Under-performing



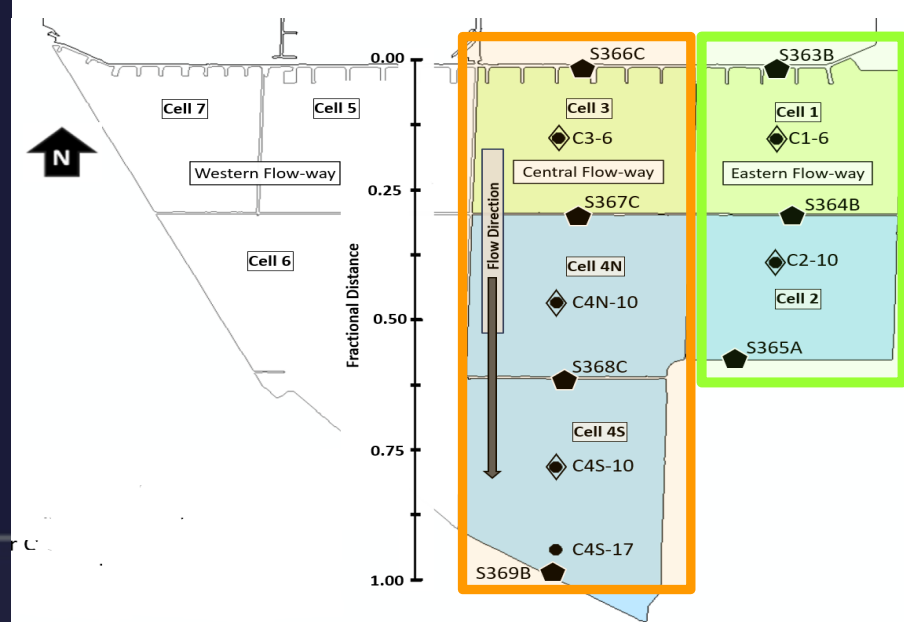
STA-5/6 FW1



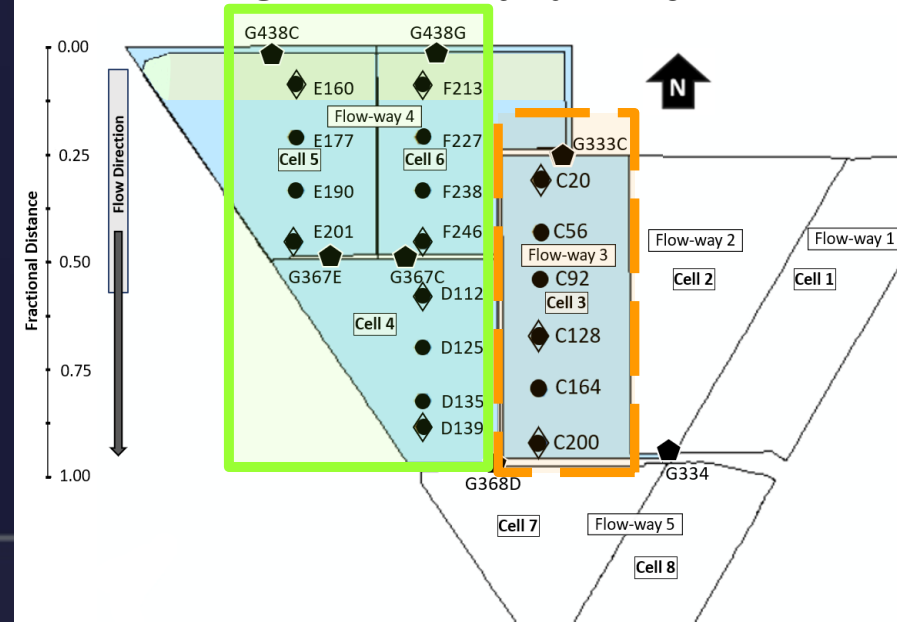
STA-3/4 CFW



STA-1E CFW and EFW



STA-2 FW 4 and FW 3



Methods



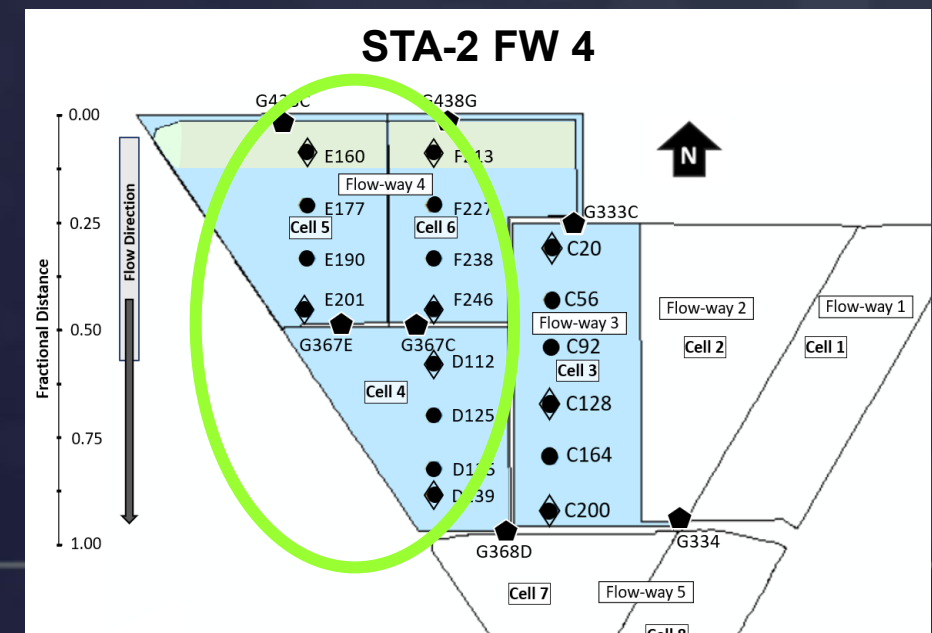
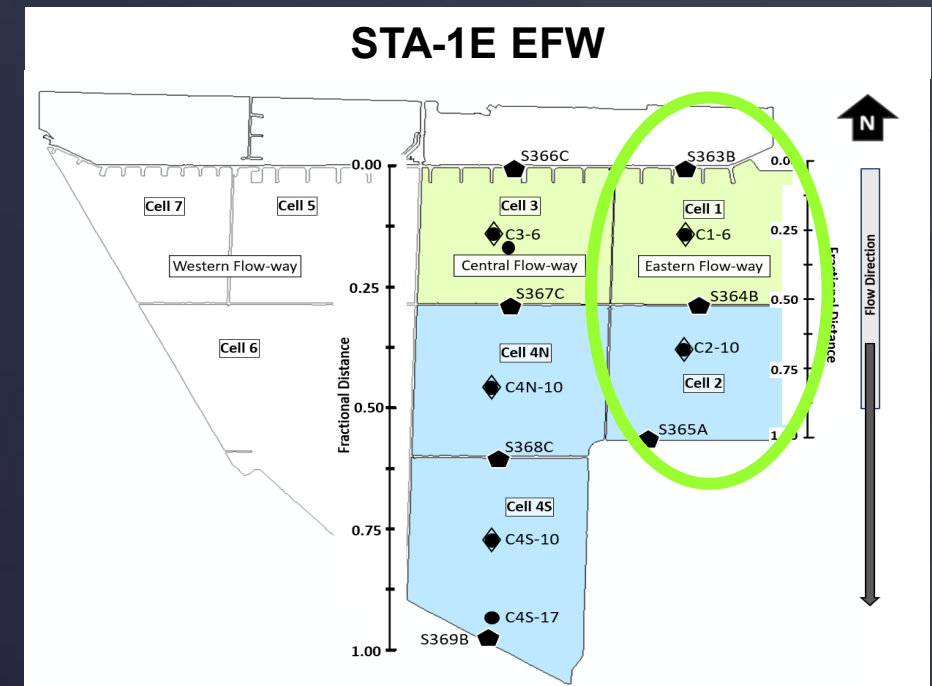
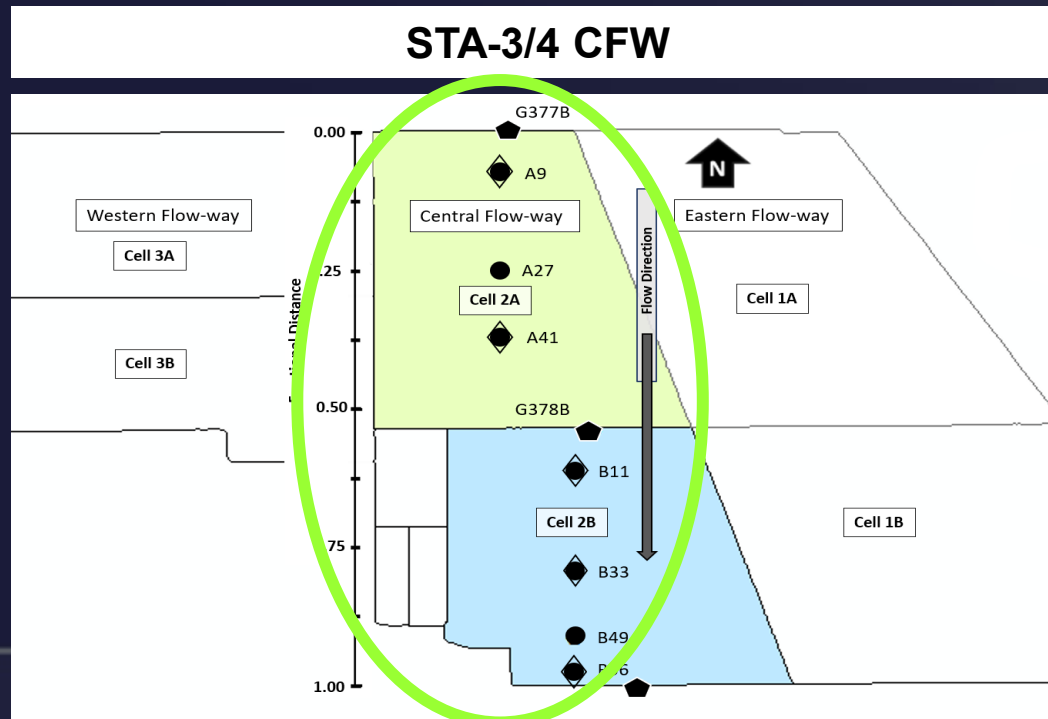
Legend

- Water Quality Grab Site
- ◇ Continuous Field Monitoring Station
- ◆ Water Quality Grab Structure
- Emergent Aquatic Vegetation (EAV) Cell
- Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV)/Mixed Marsh Cell

Defining Performance

Well-performing

- STA-1E Eastern Flow-way (EFW), STA-2 Flow-way 4 (FW4) and STA-3/4 Central Flow-way (CFW)
- Produce annual TP outflow flow-weighted mean concentrations (FWMCs) less than or equal to 19 micrograms per liter ($\mu\text{g/L}$)



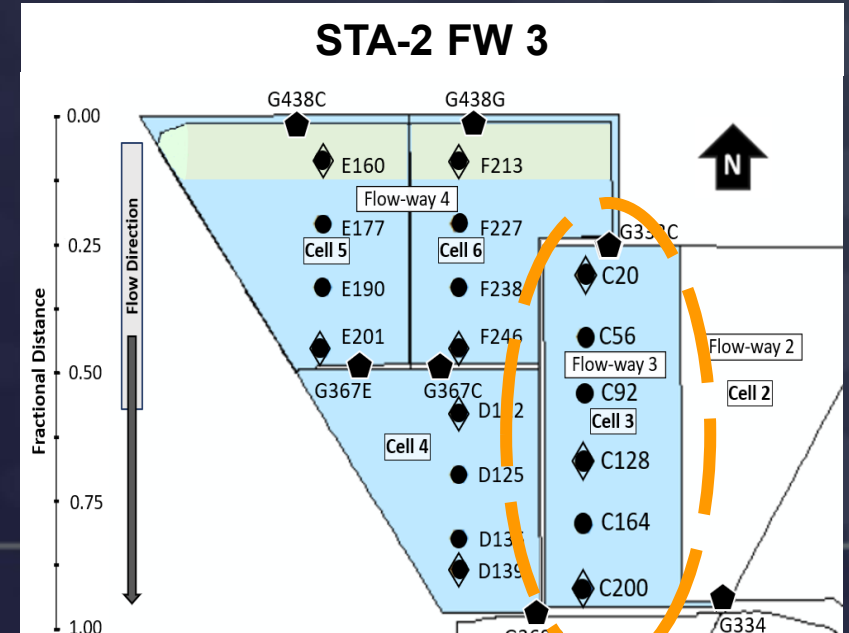
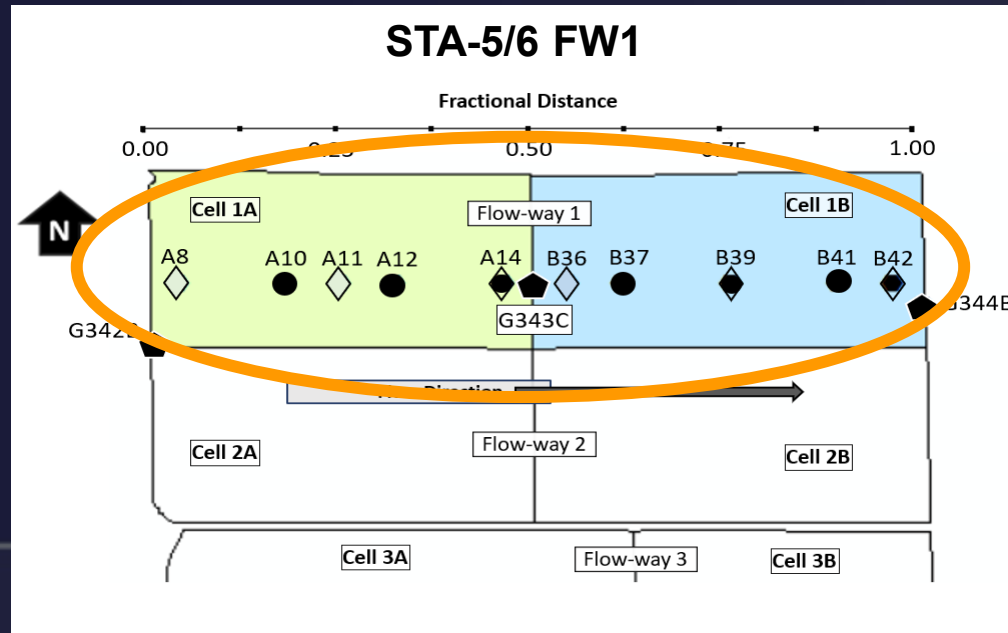
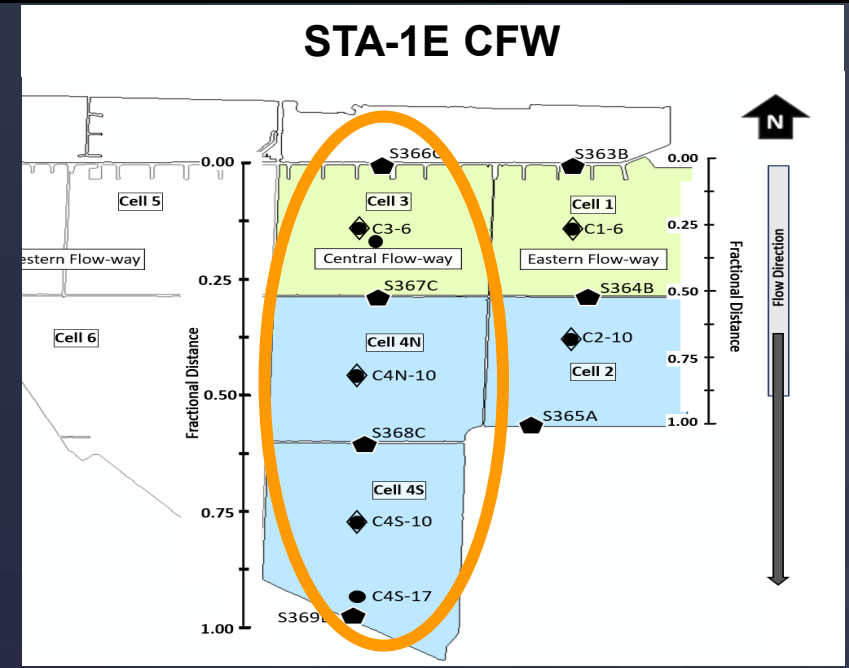
Defining Performance

Under-performing

- STA-1E Central Flow-way (CFW) and STA-5/6 Flow-way 1 (FW1)
- FWMC TP greater than $19 \mu\text{g/L}$

Variable performing

- STA-2 Flow-way 3
- Historically STA-2 Flow-way 3 (FW3) was well-performing however, it has been underperforming since 2017



Well-performing

STA-1E EFW Site 2-10



STA-3/4 CFW Site B11



STA-2 FW4 Site E201



STA-2 FW3 Site C200

*variable performance



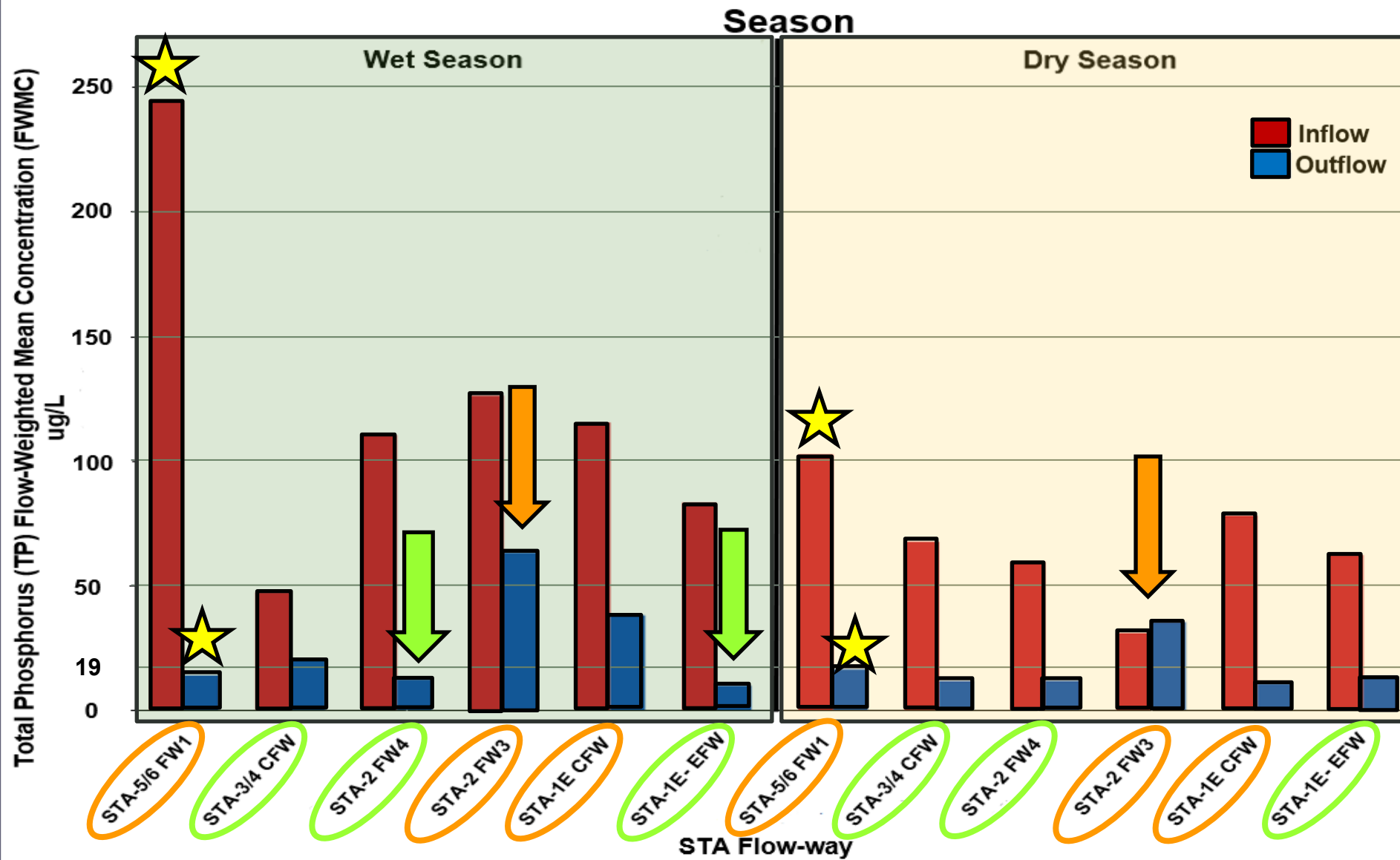
Underperforming

STA-5/6 FW1 Site A10



STA-1E CFW Site 3-6



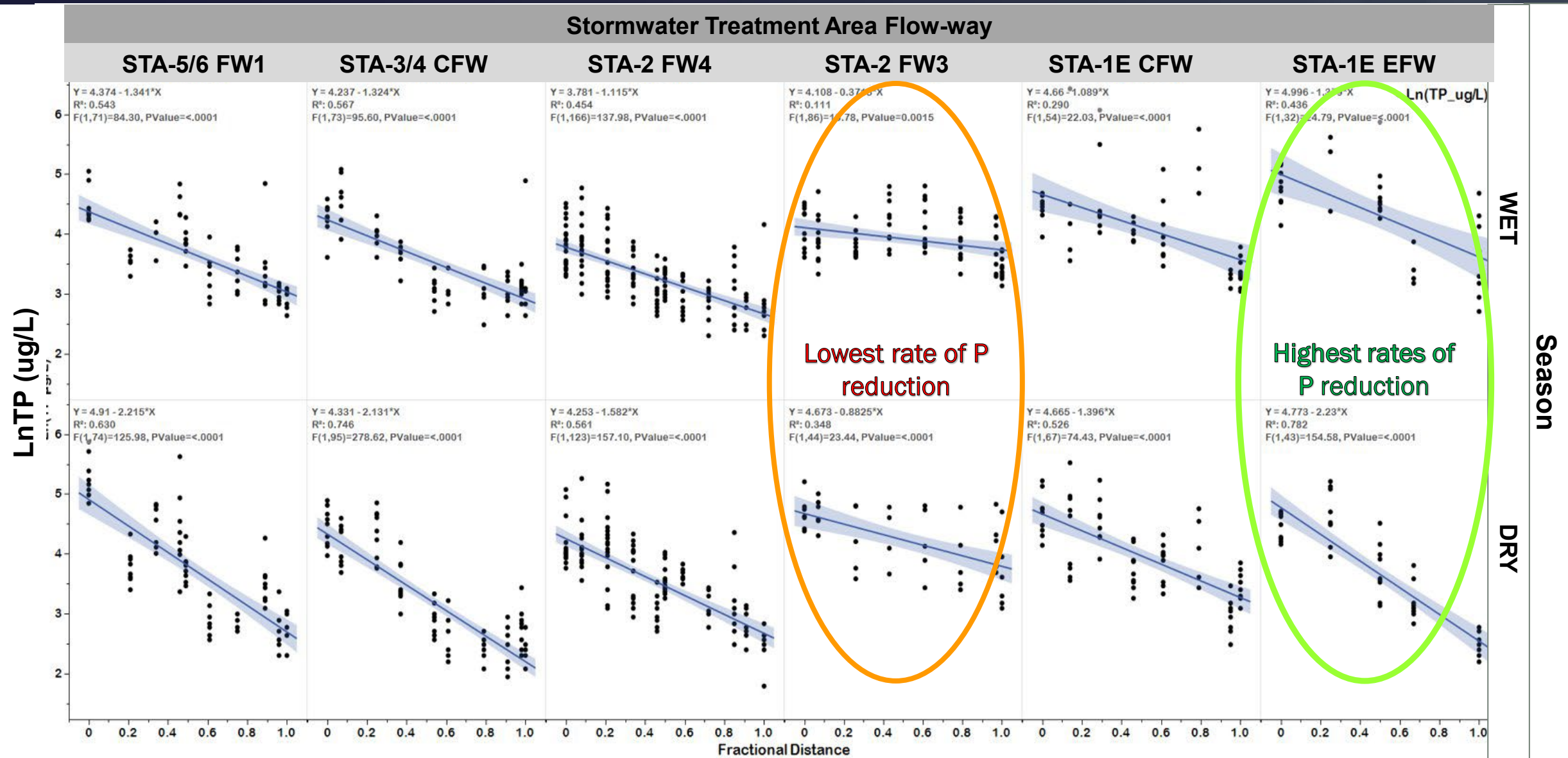


May June July August September October November December January February March April

Wet Season

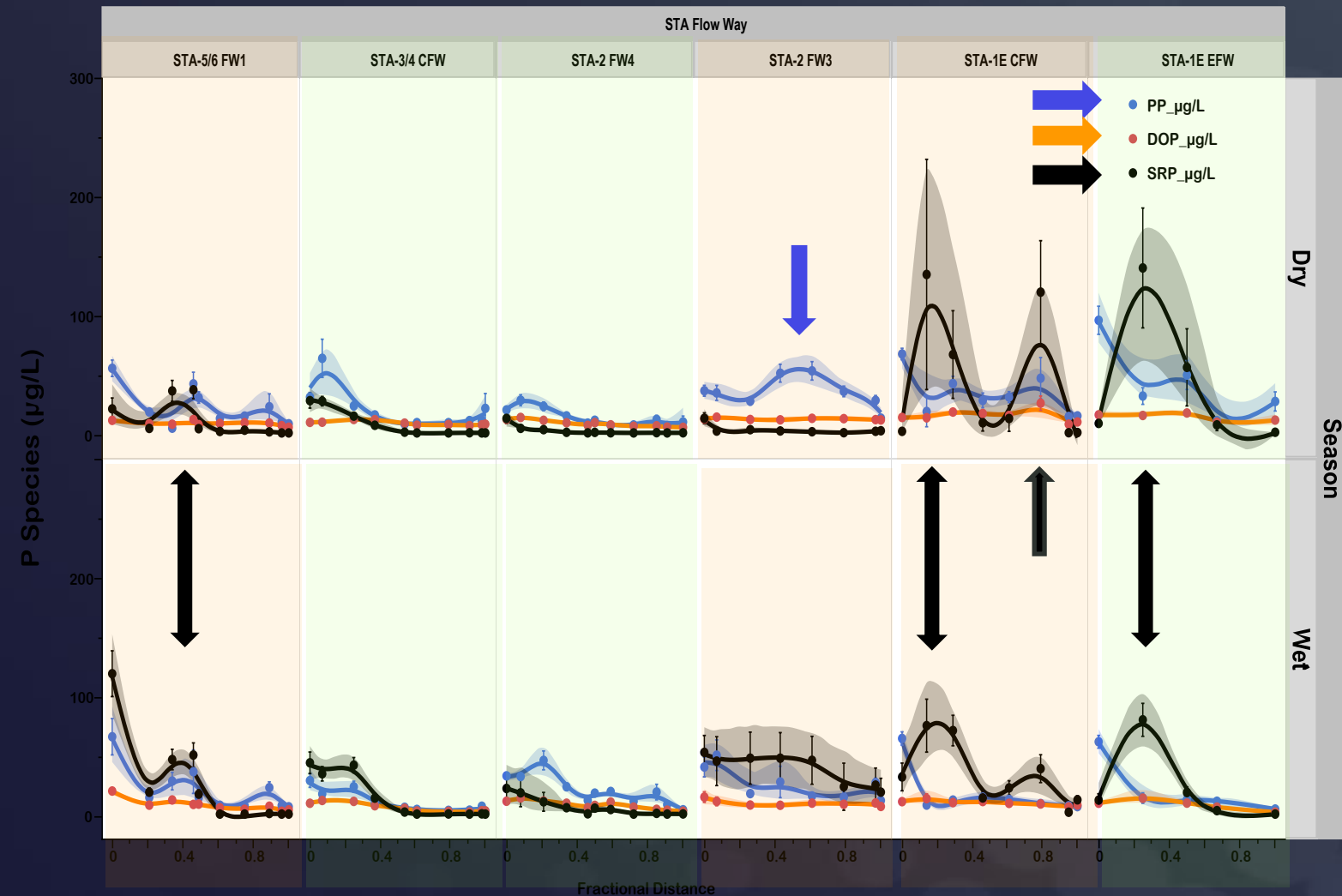
Dry Season

Total Phosphorus (TP)



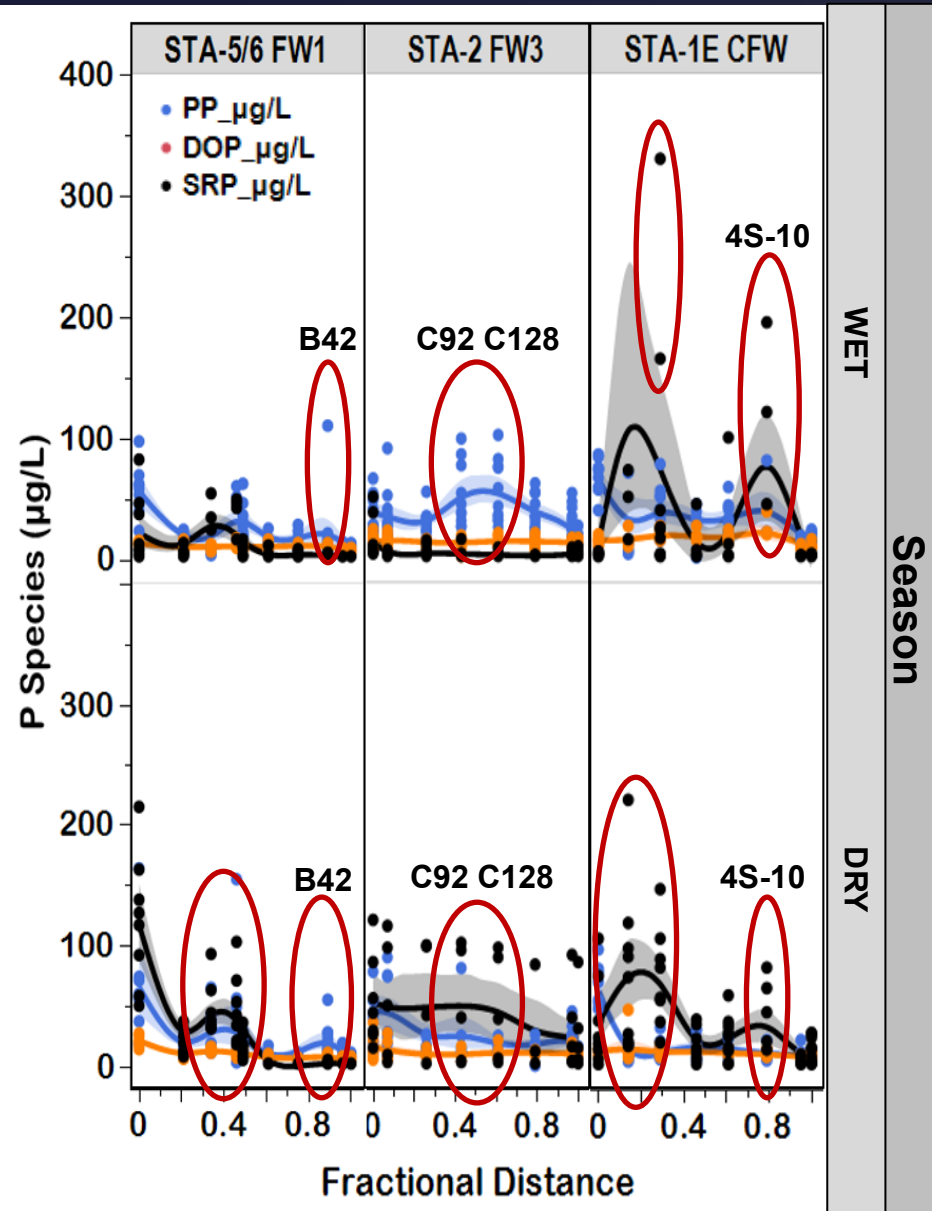
Phosphorus (P) Speciation

- Particulate Phosphorus (PP)
 - $TP - TDP = PP$
 - Greatest proportion of inflow P sampled during the dry season
- Dissolved Organic Phosphorus (DOP)
 - $TDP - SRP = DOP$
 - Low at the inflow, minimal reduction throughout the FW, highest proportion of P at the outflow
- Soluble Reactive Phosphorus (SRP)
 - Direct measurement
 - Greatest proportion of inflow P sampled during the wet season



Spline curve of P species concentration along fractional distance of FW for each STA FW by season (blue line – PP, orange line – DOP, and black line – SRP).

Phosphorus (P) Spikes



STA-5/6 FW1 Site B42



STA-2 FW3 Site C92



STA-2 FW3 Site C128



STA-1E CFW Site 4S-10

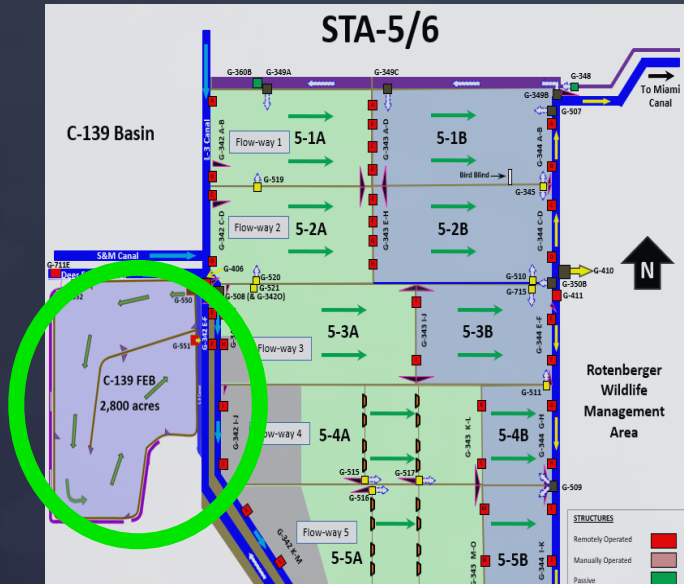


Summary of Results

- TP reduction was higher during the wet season than the dry season
- SRP is a metric of performance
- P species spikes within a FW, indicate internal P loading

Improvement Projects

- STA-2 Cell 3 drawdown
- Grading Cell 3 and 4N of STA-1E CFW
- C-139 FEB upstream of STA-5/6



**Thank You – Contact Jessica Jenison at
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