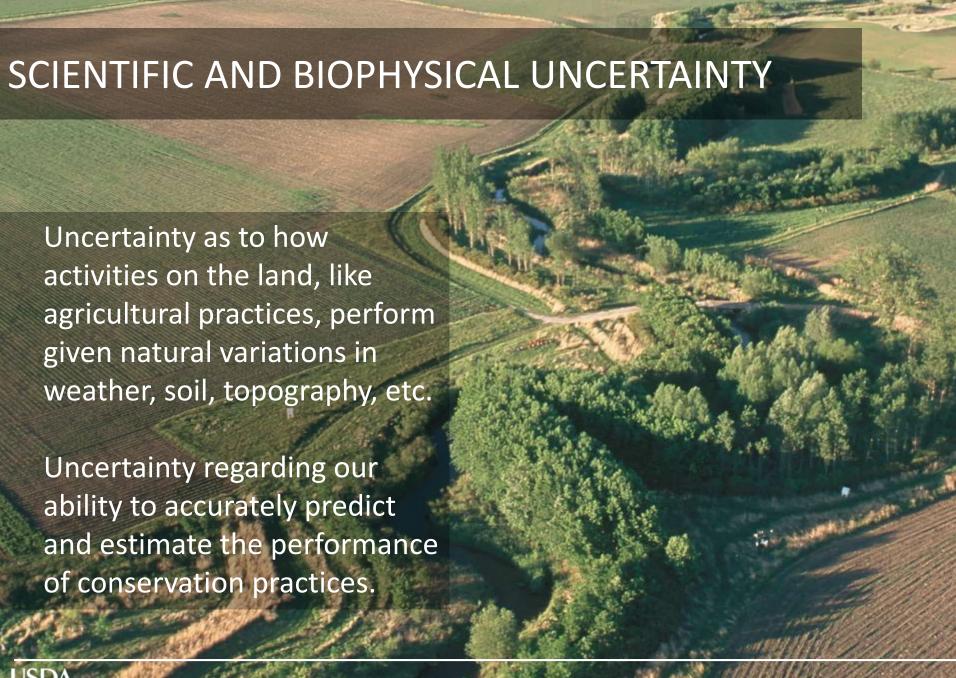




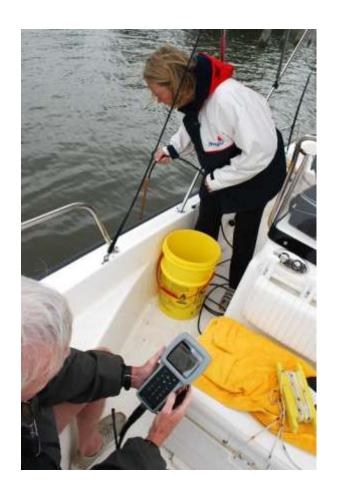
# Influence of Risk on Transaction Costs in WQT Markets



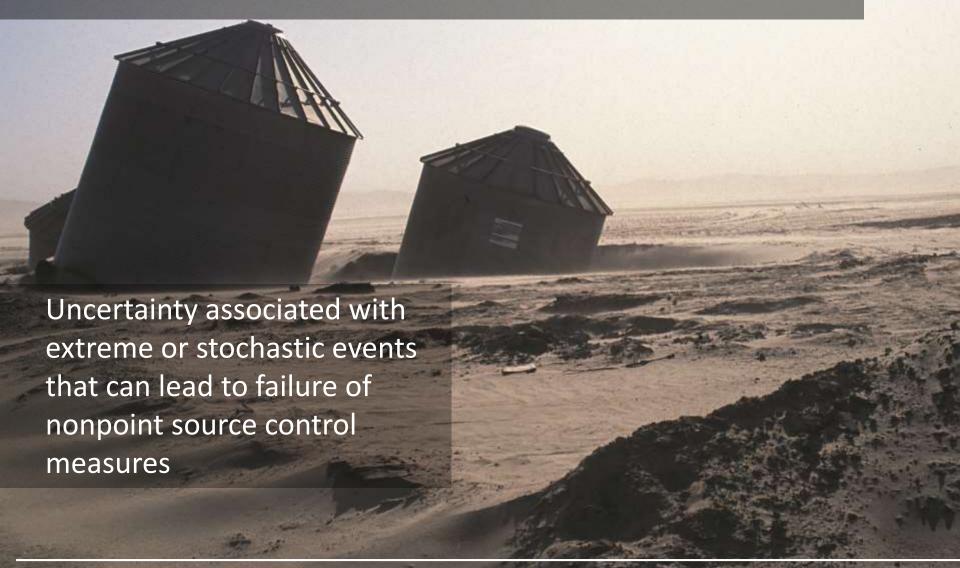




- Direct measurement
- Estimation tools/models & BMP effectiveness rates
- Fixed values
- Trade ratios



## **EXTREME EVENTS**





- Aggregators
- Centralized Credit Reserve

Credit Calculation		
Nitrogen Reductions to Edge of Watershed Segment:	654.48	lbs/yr
Delivery Ratio: <sup>1</sup> (x)	0.73	
Nitrogen Reductions to Chesapeake Bay: (=)	479.74	lbs/yr
Credits Retired to Meet the Threshold: (x)	0%	
Total Credits Generated: (=)	480	Credits/Year
Credits sent to DEP Reserve: <sup>2</sup> (x)	10%	
Total Credits Available to Trade (=)		Credits/Year

Ex. Pennsylvania pools 10% of all credits into a centralized insurance reserve that can be used for compliance purposes in case of project failure



# Buyer Risk

United States Department of Agriculture

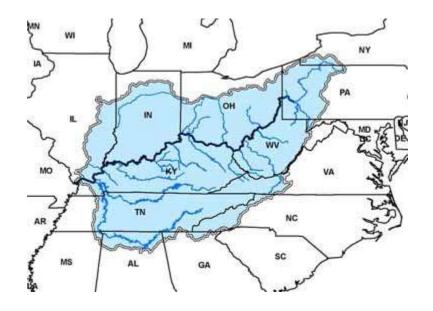


- Aggregators
- Verification
- Shared liability

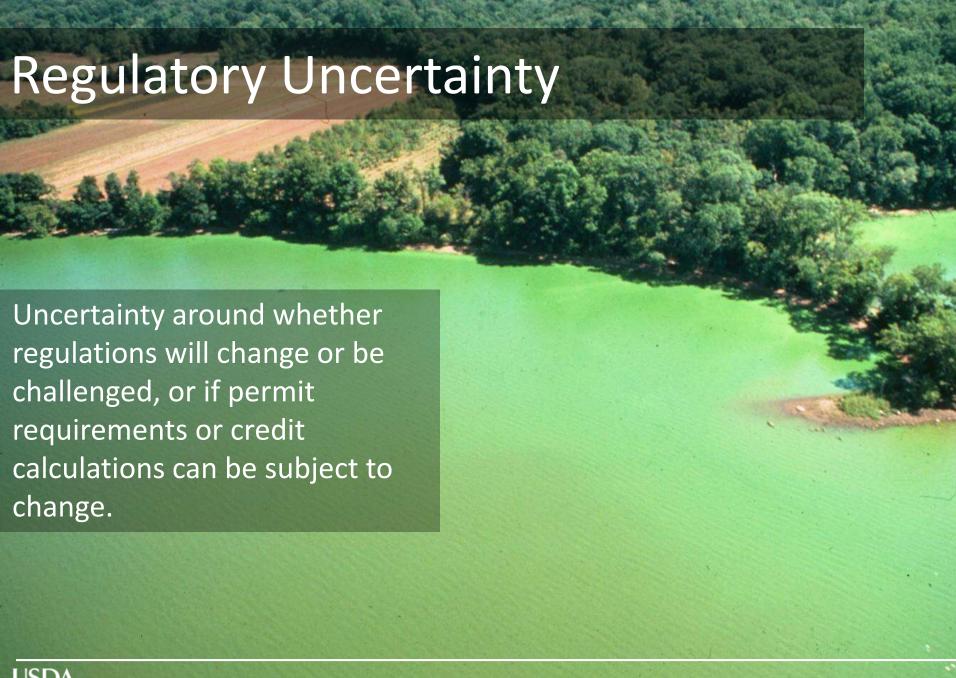




- Preimplementation certification
- Credit banks
- Government guarantee



Ex. Ohio River Basin project purchases credits from producers. Credits are aggregated into a bank and re-sold to third parties.



- Program conservatism
  - Trading ratios
  - Verification requirements
- Ag certainty
- Grandfathering



favor of the ag certainty bill. Agriculture proponents argue that farmers need certainty to plan their businesses, and in exchange will promise to put in water-protection practices that aren't required. (Dave Harp)



Source: Bay Journal. April 2013

# Conclusions Risk and Uncertainty should be addressed holistically Be aware of trade-offs between addressing risk and uncertainty and increasing transaction costs



### **Thank You!**

Questions?

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