



Cultivating reproducible science and social capital in major science enterprises

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Source: California's Delta Plan (2012)

An aerial photograph showing a wide, dark blue river meandering through a vast landscape of agricultural fields. The fields are arranged in a complex, irregular grid pattern, with various shades of brown, tan, and green, indicating different crops and stages of growth. The river's path is highly sinuous, creating numerous oxbow-like curves and islands. The overall scene depicts a typical agricultural landscape in a valley.

- Habitat for People

- Agriculture

- Recreation

- Habitat for Fish, Wildlife, and Plants

- Brackish and Freshwater Marshes

- Migratory Fish and Waterfowl

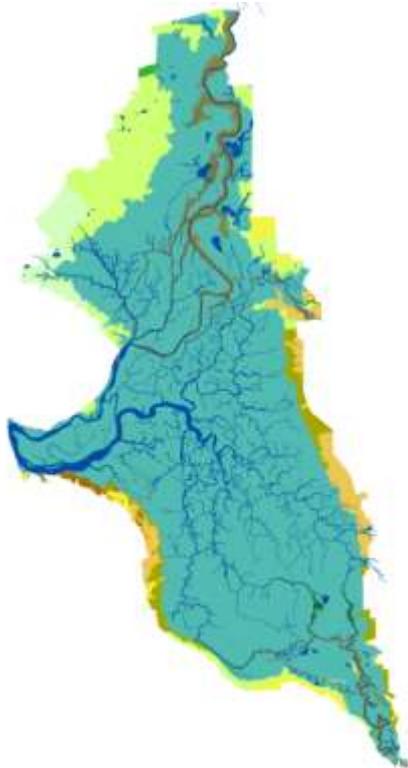
- Endemic Species

- Water

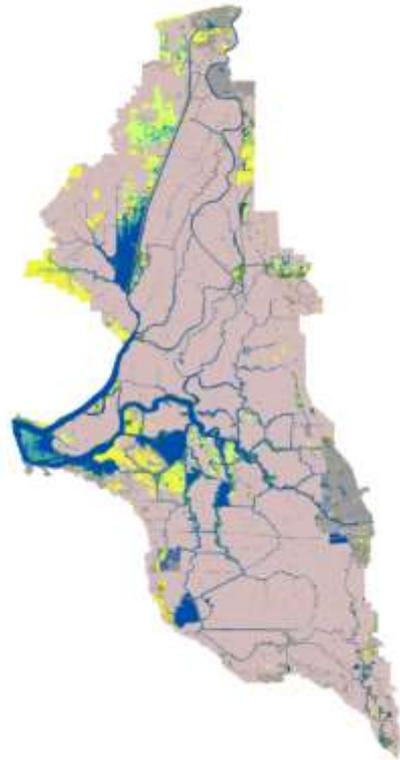
- Central Valley Project (CVP)

- State Water Project (SWP)

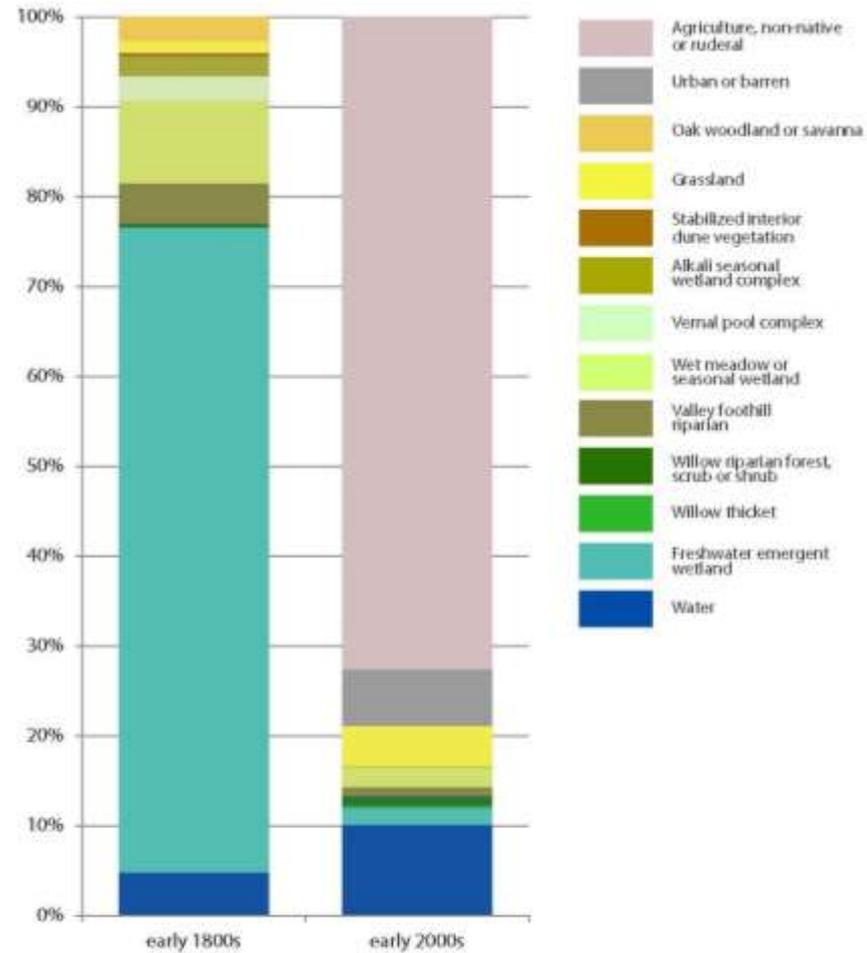
The Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta: Then and Now



Pre-European:
Mostly marshlands



Now
Agriculture
dominated



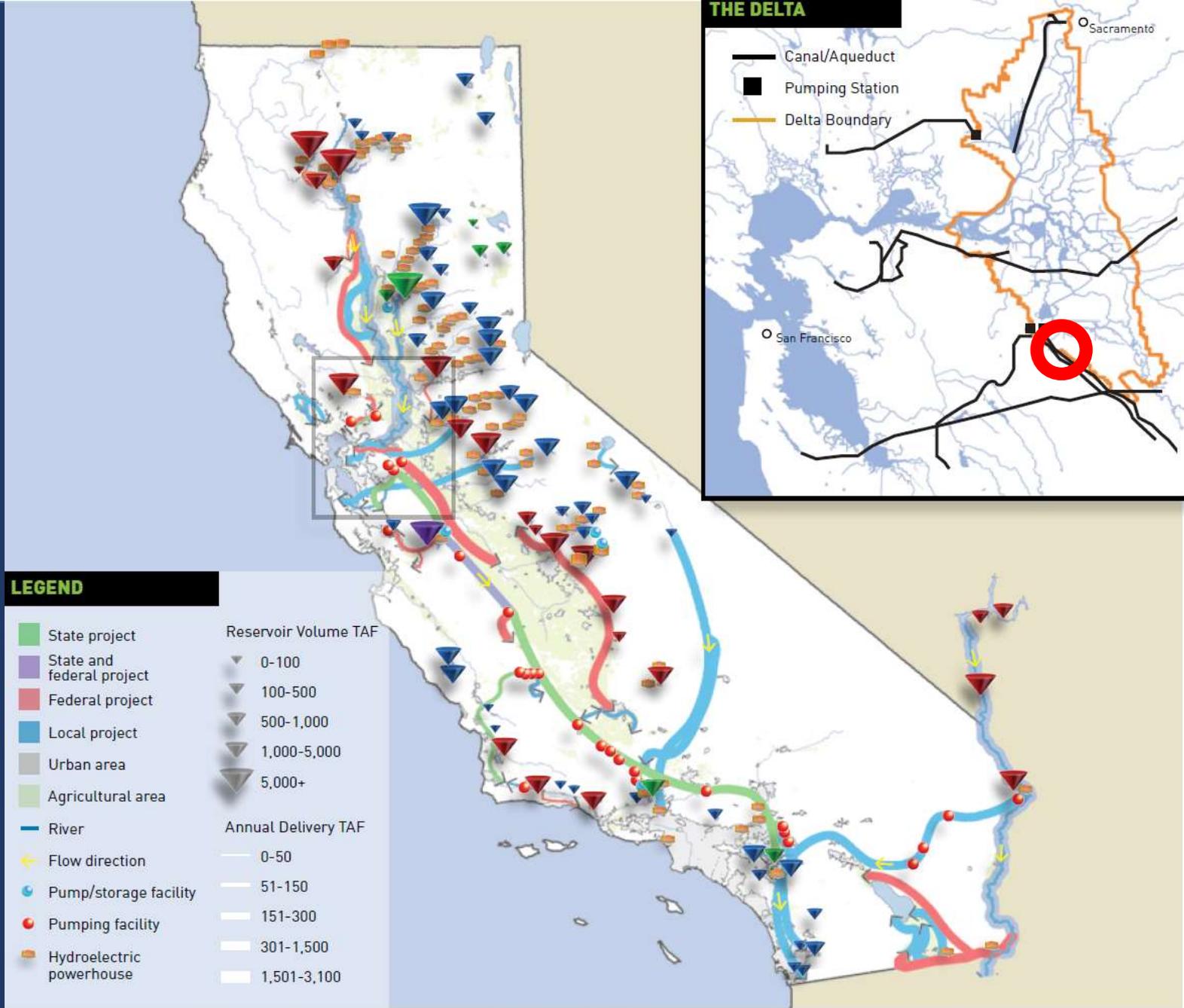
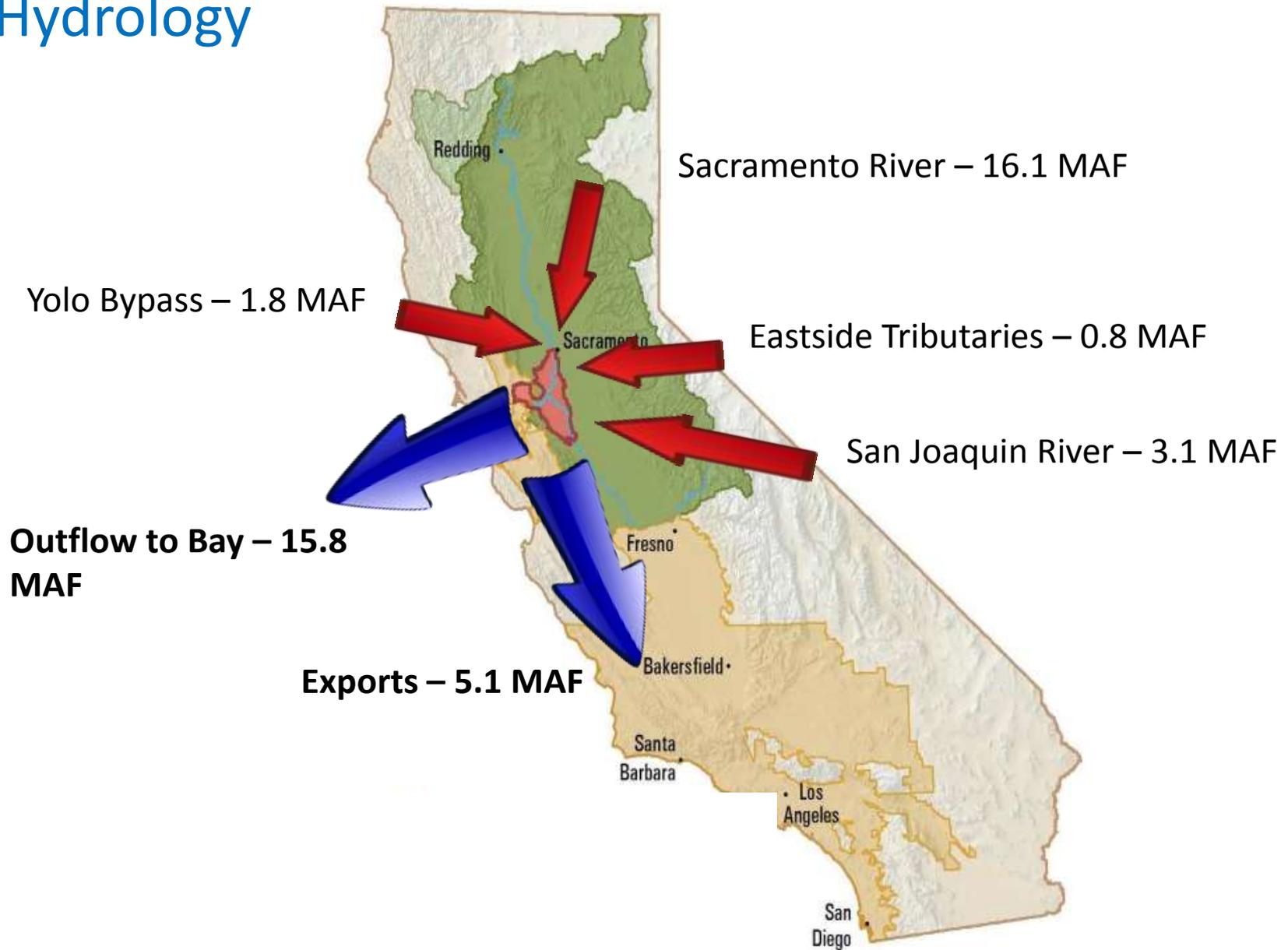


Figure adapted from Luoma et al. (2015)

Hydrology



Source: Long term modeling based on CALSIM (DWR 2010)

Sources and Destinations

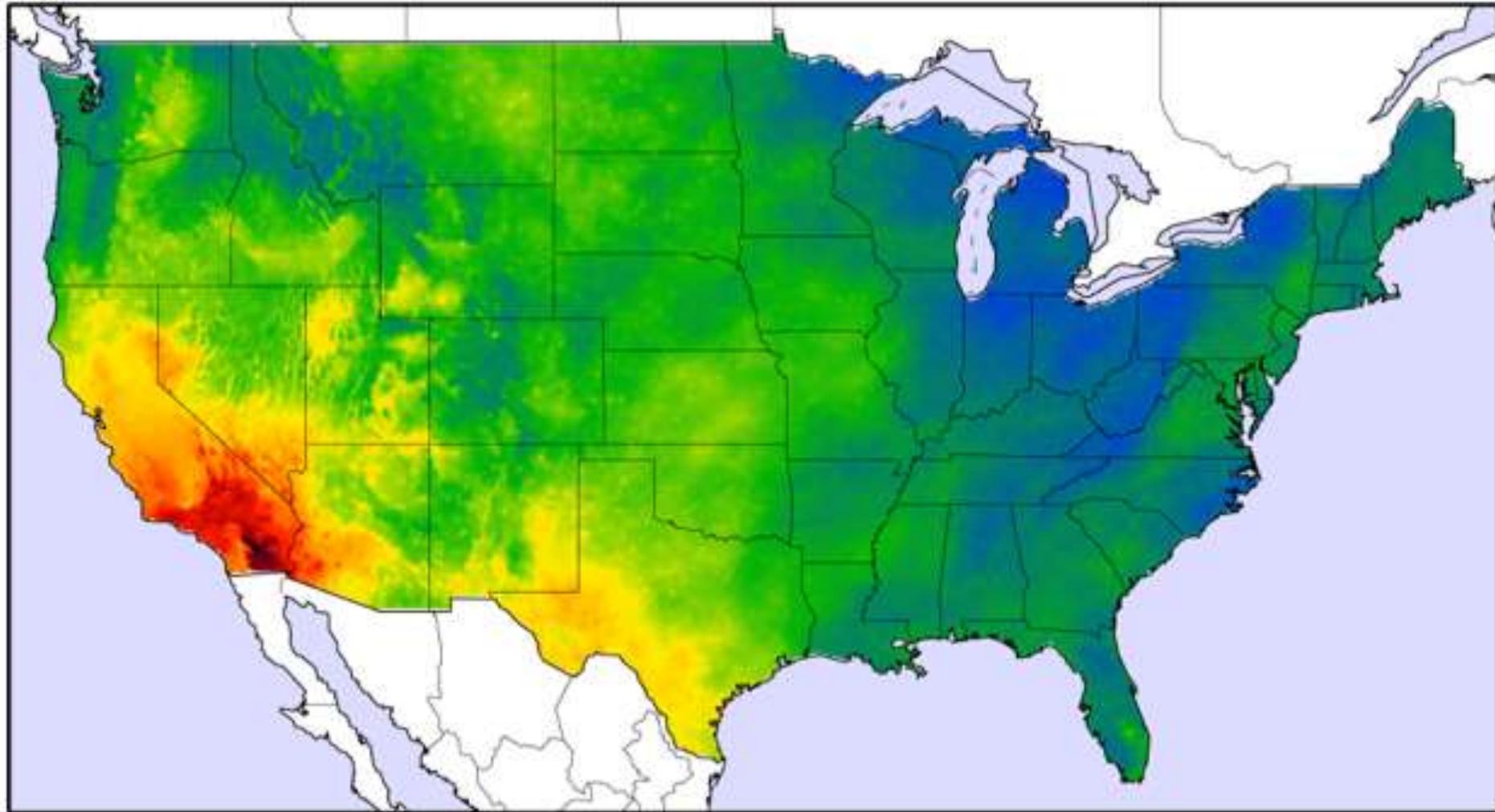
Most of the
Precipitation



Most of the Population

COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION OF WATER-YEAR PRECIPITATION

[based on PRISM monthly precipitation totals, 1945-2015]



Standard deviation / Mean

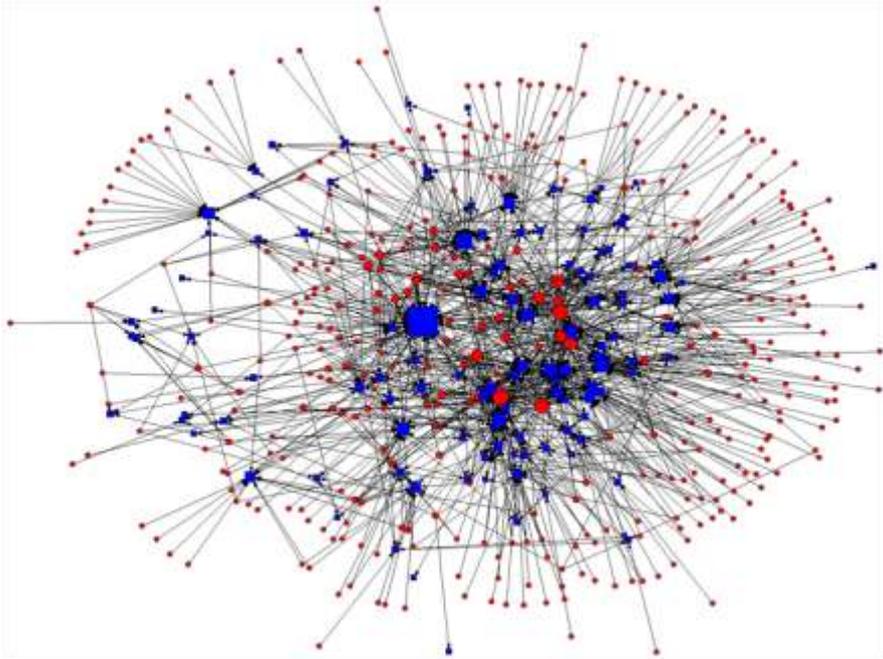


0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7

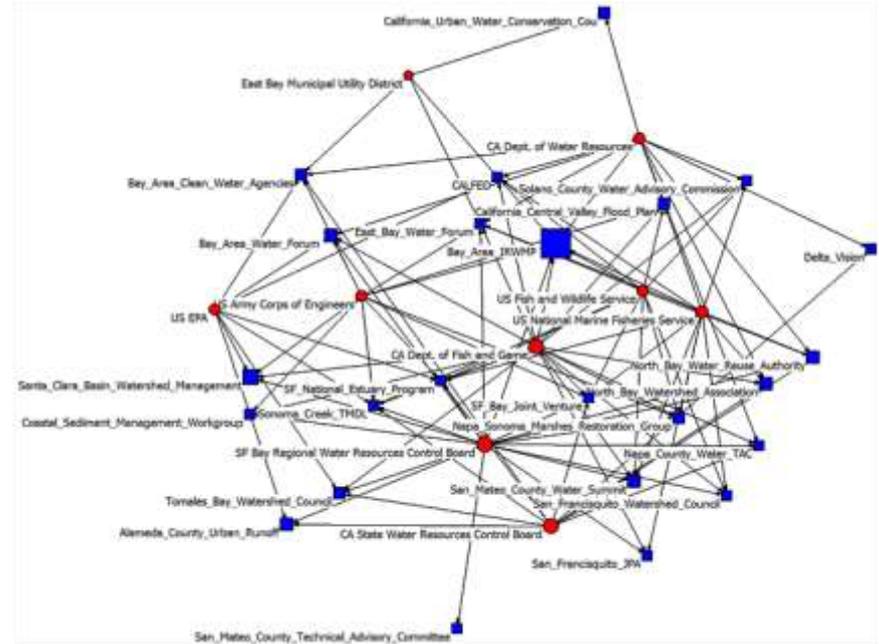
Dettinger et al. 2016

Institutional Complexity

Groups involved in San Francisco Bay-Delta Management
(Figures from Lubell et al. 2014)



All groups

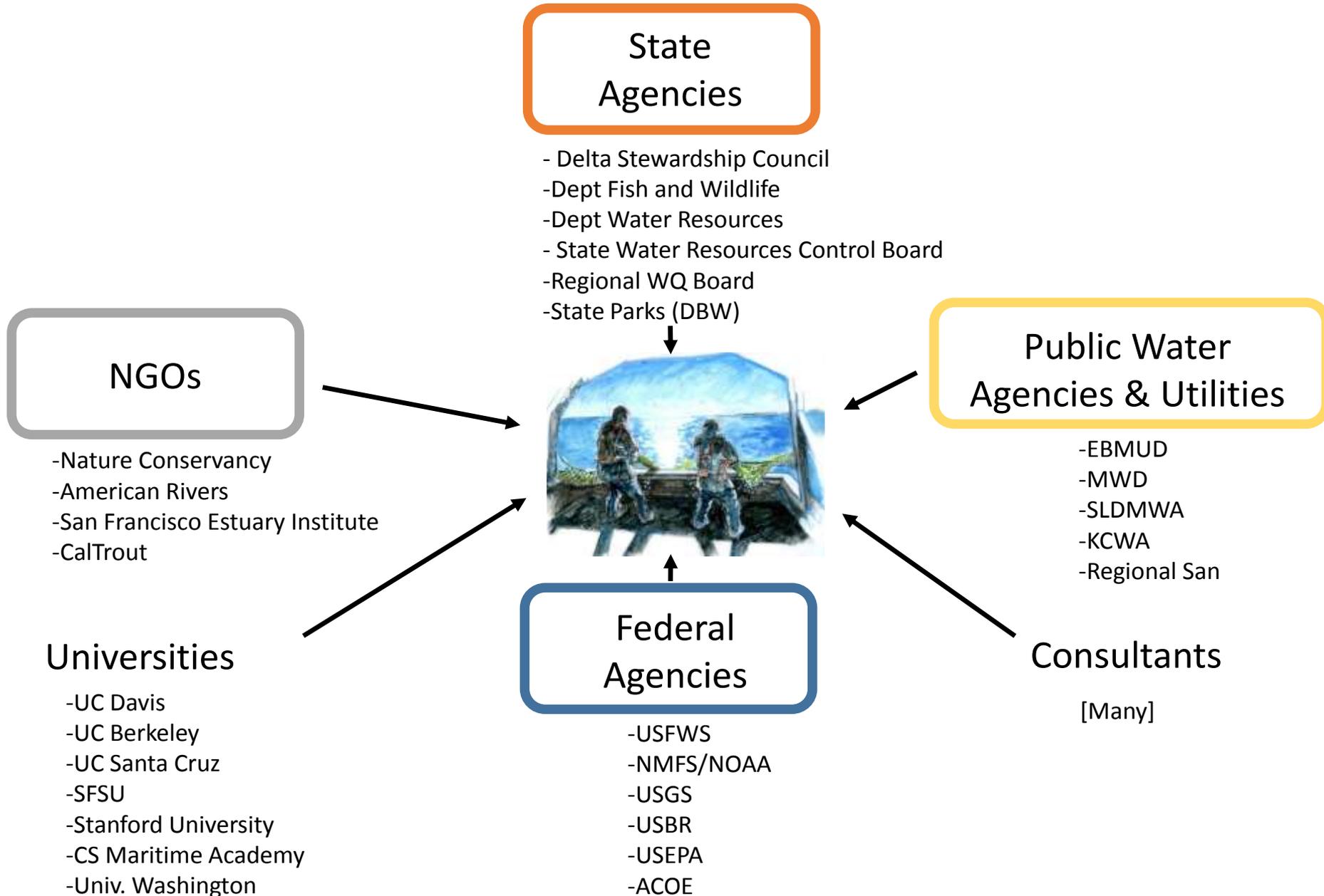


Central players

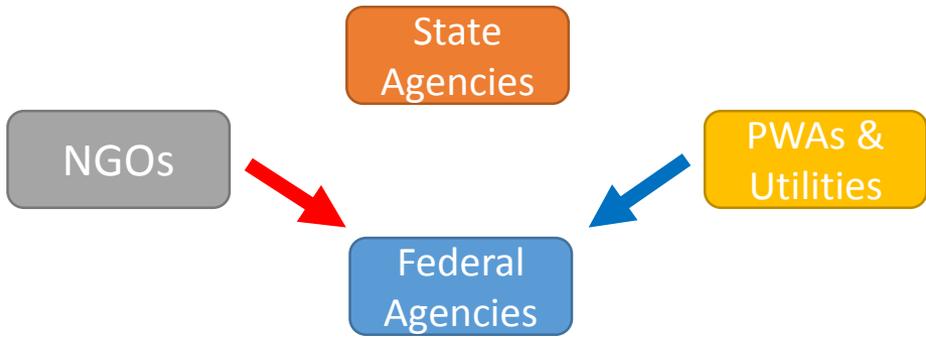
Red circles = actors

Blue squares = Institutions

Delta Science Enterprise

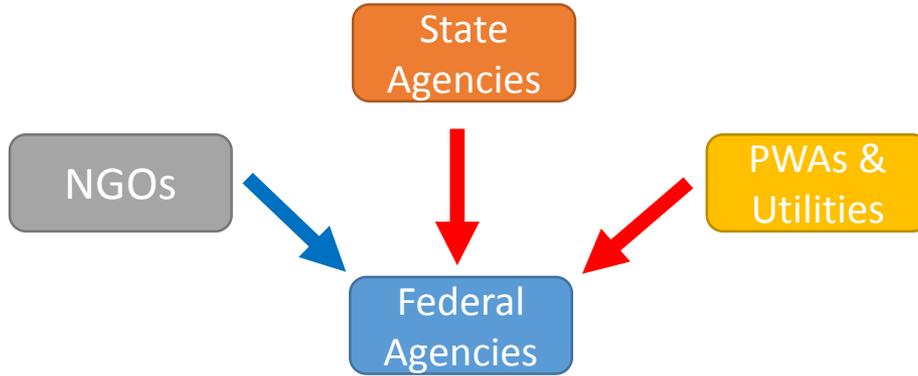


Circa 2004

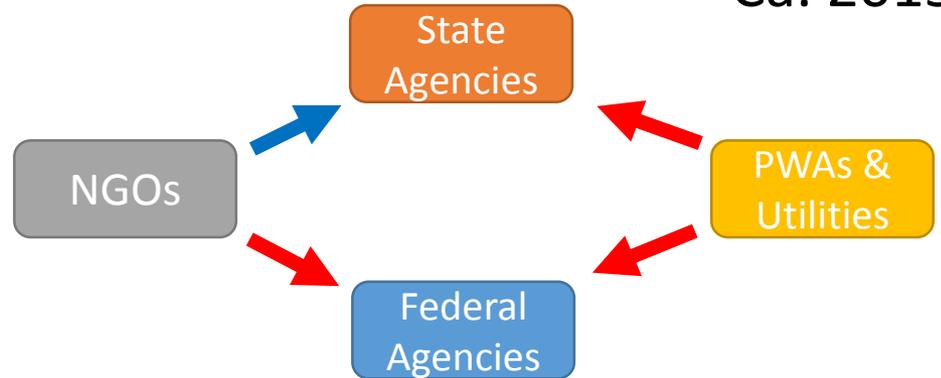


➔ Plaintiff
➔ Def. Intervenor

Ca. 2009



Ca. 2015



CVP / SWP Water Project
Operations Litigation

Science Enterprise Concerns

Costs of Conflict

- Research quality issues
- Social capital erosion / cynicism
- CA: “One Delta One Science”

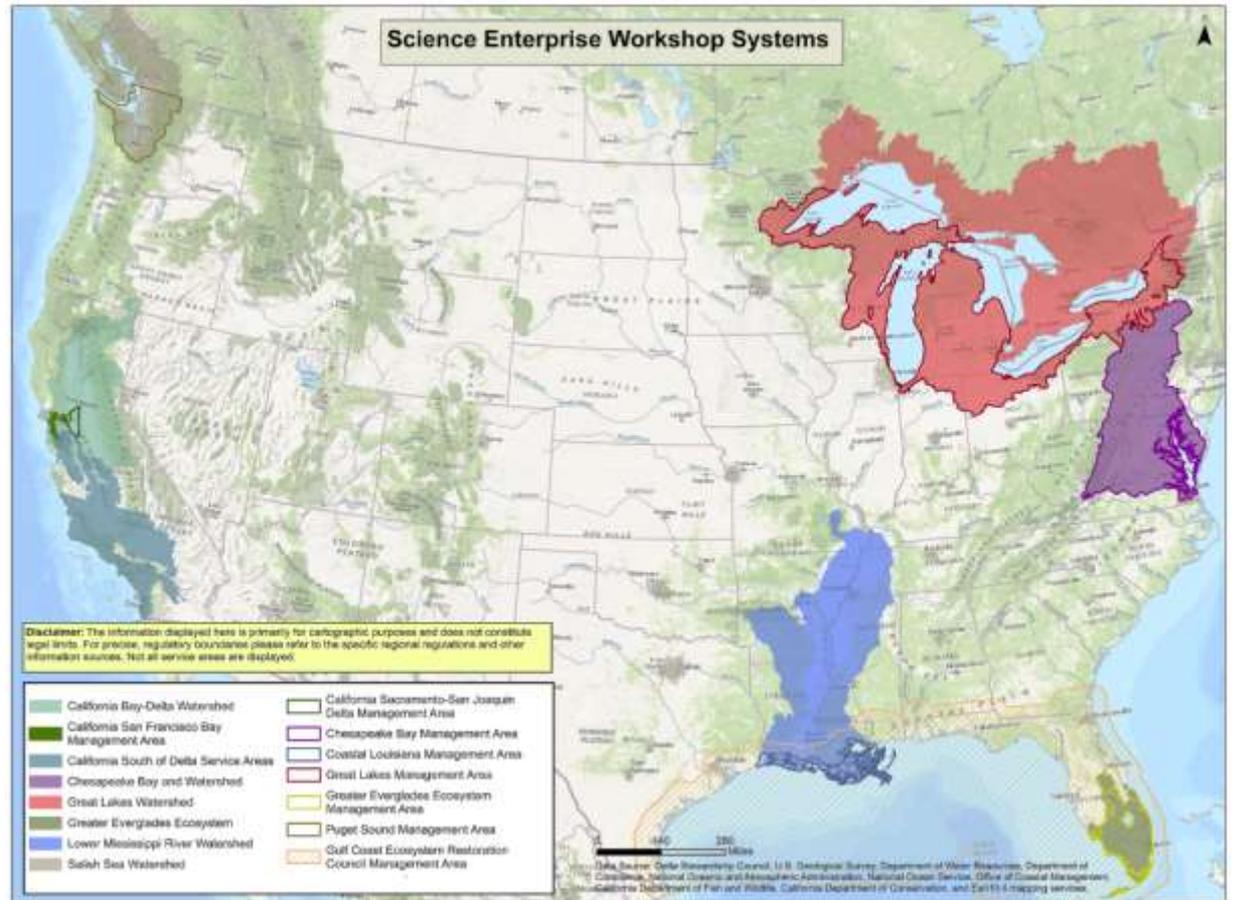
Efficiency

- Spending money wisely and efficiently?
- Program inertia
- Research-mgmt need alignment

Reach

- Can we answer the hard questions?

The Science Enterprise Workshop
 November 1-2, 2016
 Davis, California



The Science Enterprise Workshop
**Featured
Regional Systems**

Coastal Louisiana

Denise Reed, Water Institute of the Gulf

Puget Sound

Bill Labiosa, USGS, and Scott Redman, Puget Sound Partnership

Chesapeake Bay

Scott Phillips, USGS

Florida Everglades

Nick Aumen, USGS

Great Lakes

Jon Hortness, USGS

San Francisco Bay-Delta

Ted Sommer, CA Dept. of Water Resources, and Josh Collins, Ph.D., San Francisco Estuary Institute

The Science Enterprise Workshop
Panels

**Panel 1: Science Strategies in
Large Programs**

**Panel 2: Governance and Adaptive
Management**

Panel 3: Funding and Resource Allocation

**Panel 4: Legitimacy, Co-Production, and
Communication**

For Each Region

- History of regional programs development
- Major resource management issues
- Current science enterprise structure
- Funding for Science
- Important tools for implementing science
- Communications and co-production

“Signature” Panel Questions

- Science Strategies Panel: “What is important in developing science strategy for a basin, and how can a strategy be made adaptable?”
- Governance and Adaptive Management Panel: “How is adaptive management framed from your perspective and those that you advise or work with?”
- Funding and Resource Allocation Panel: “How do we evolve our science programs to support [changing] resource system goals?”
- Legitimacy, Co-Production, and Communication Panel: “How would you balance this three-legged stool of credibility, salience, and legitimacy?”

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Advance briefing paper, videographic record,
and proceedings report at:
<http://deltacouncil.ca.gov/sci-enterprise>

What We Heard: #1

Integrated modeling and forecasting are valuable

- Integrated Environmental Modeling a theme in multiple systems
- Forecasting can provide a structured approach to conveying uncertainty about future events

What We Heard: #2

Independent review/oversight processes benefit everyone

- Uniform enforcement of practice norms
- BRAC-style program audits
- “Saying what needs to be said”
- Social capital enhancer

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What We Heard: #3

Communication is critical and often under-emphasized

- Transparency/public engagement and understanding
- Essential to making science “useable” as opposed to merely “useful”
- Communication of uncertainty

What We Heard: #4

Integrate social science with natural science and engineering to understand full scope of management issues

- Social factors underappreciated
- Interplay of resource management and conservation goals and objectives
- Economics and priority setting

What We Heard: #5

Be willing to do adaptive management

- AM is a *management* undertaking that often requires hard decisions
- Realism about probative value and likely timeliness of research

What We Heard: #6

Competitive funding mechanisms can be a valuable component of an enterprise-level science plan

- Increased access to “best and brightest”
- Management challenges – usability, timeliness
- Can require strong science leadership to be used most effectively

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What We Heard: #7

Clear leadership that includes real engagement at the highest levels

- Forward orientation
- Unpopular decisions
- Leverage/reach

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What We Heard (California Bay-Delta):

- More integration is needed between Bay and Delta

POLLS

Key Components of Effective Science Enterprise	Level of Importance (scale 1 – 5)
Clear communication on importance of scientific findings	4.66
Clear leadership and decision making structure with responsibility at highest level	4.57
Integrated Modeling & Forecasting	4.39
Integration of social sciences	4.21
Peer-review, over-the-shoulder, process	4.14
Competative science funding to attract brightest and best	4.12
Willingness to do adaptive management	4.02

Lessons Learned for California Bay-Delta	Level of Importance (scale 1-5)
Clear communication on importance of scientific findings	4.53
Clear leadership and decision making structure with responsibility at highest level	4.49
More integration between the Bay (lower estuary) and Delta (upper estuary)	4.39
Integration of social sciences	4.38
Integrated Modeling & Forecasting	4.19
More focus on climate change impacts on the Delta	4.13
Competative science funding to attract brightest and best	4.02
Willingness to do adaptive management	4
Peer-review, over-the-shoulder, process	3.93

What's Next?

Workshop outcomes are being digested

Agencies could do these without \$\$ or new authority:

- Standardized fundamental practices
- Rigorous, transparent program audits
- Improved stakeholder participation

With new authorization:

- Stakeholder-involved program decisionmaking

Thanks for your attention!



Photo: Wikimedia

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