

The Greater Everglades Ecosystem
Restoration Conference
Coral Springs, FL
April 21–24, 2025

Management Strategies for Mitigating HABs at the Complex Nexus of Eutrophication and Climate Change

Anna Wachnicka, PhD
Principal Scientist

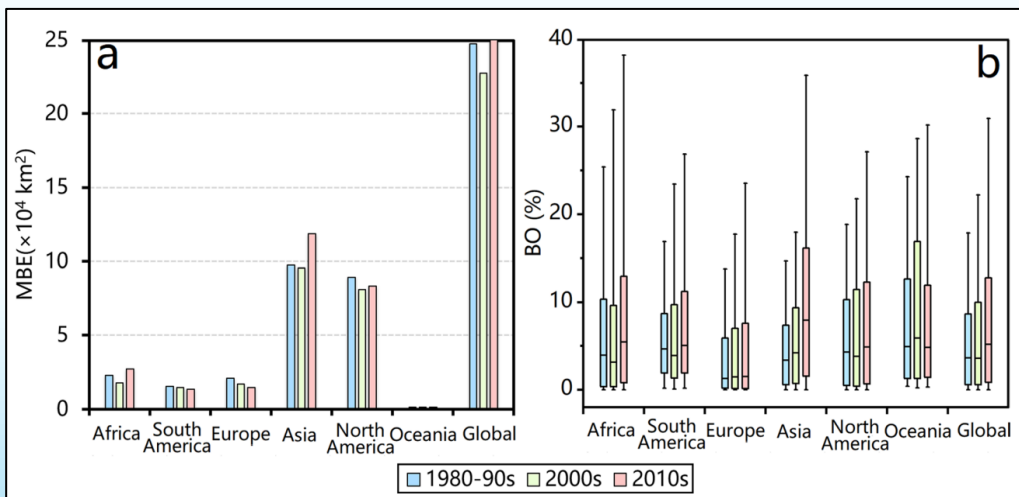
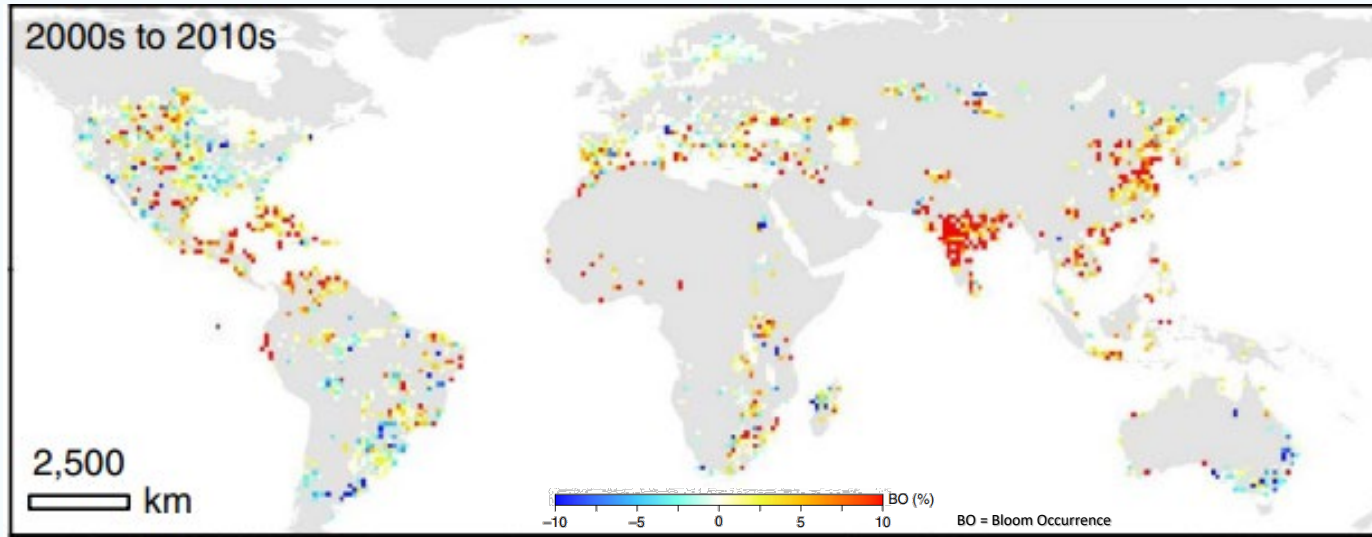
Water Resources Division/Applied Sciences Bureau
South Florida Water Management District
West Palm Beach, FL



Photo Source: FWC, Red Tide, West Coast of FL

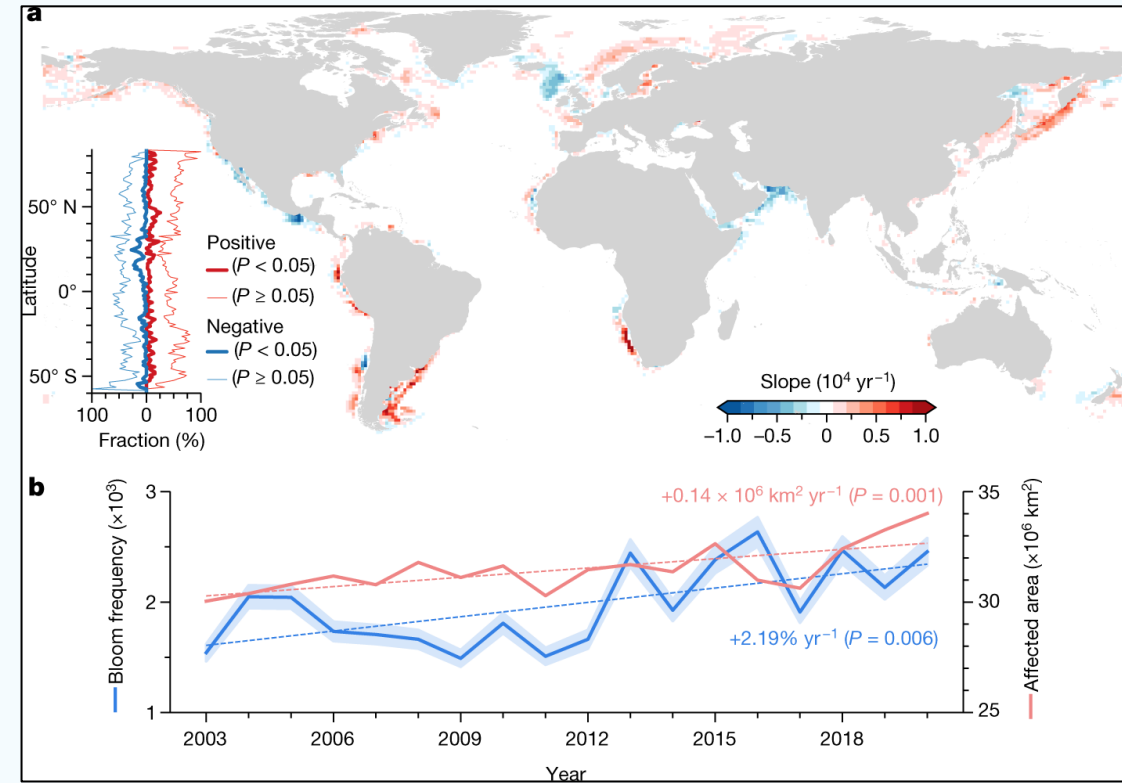
Session Introduction: Global Expansion of HABs

Lacustrine Bloom Occurrences



Source: Hou et al., Nature (2022)

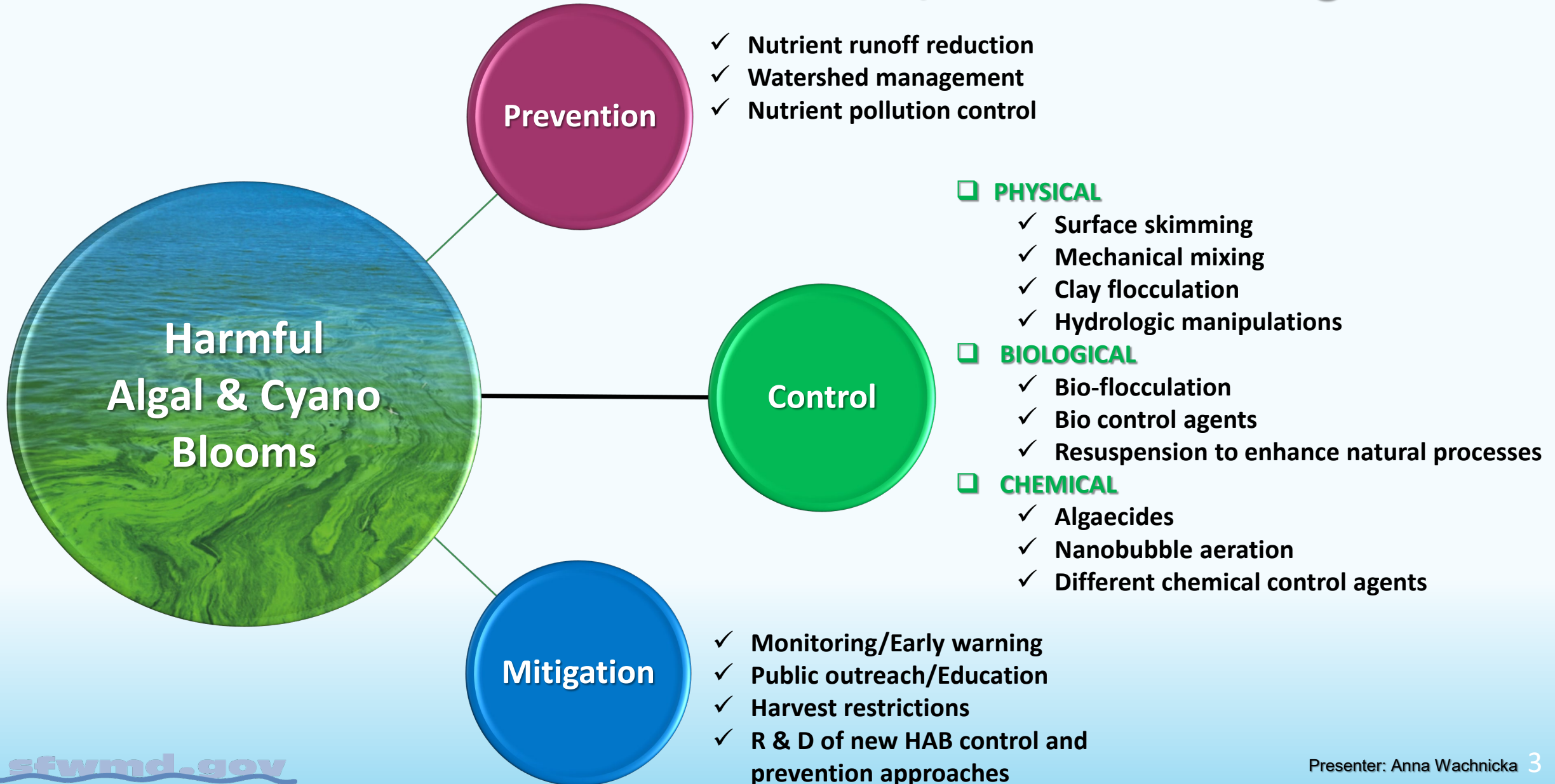
Coastal Bloom Occurrences



Source: Dai et al., Nature (2023)

- ❑ Lacustrine bloom occurrences increased by ~44% and global max. bloom extent by ~19% from 2000s to 2010s (Hou, et al. 2022)
- ❑ Coastal median bloom occurrences increased by ~59% and bloom-affected area expanded by ~13% between 2003 and 2020 (Dai et al., 2023)

Session Introduction: HAB Prevention, Control and Mitigation



Session Introduction: Featured Presentations



- 1) **Dr. Anna Wachnicka (SFWMD):** *"A Comprehensive Overview of the Lake Okeechobee C-HAB Management Strategies and Selected Mitigation Projects."*



- 2) **Dr. Toshi Urakawa (FGCU):** *"Lake Guard Oxy Treatments for Cyanobacterial Blooms at Lake Okeechobee Outflow Structures."*



- 3) **Dr. Cynthia Heil (MOTE Marine Lab):** *"Use of Curcumin for Mitigation of the Toxic Dinoflagellates *Karenia brevis* and *Alexandrium monilatum*."*



- 4) **Dr. Kathryn Coyne (Univ. of Delaware):** *"Immobilization of Algicidal Bacteria for Management of Algal Blooms: A Case Study."*



- 5) **Dr. Martin Page (USACE-ERDC):** *"Physical and Economic Scalability Analysis of the Harmful Algal Bloom Interception, Treatment, and Transformation System (HABITATS)."*

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A Comprehensive Overview of the Lake Okeechobee C-HAB Management Strategies and Selected Mitigation Projects

Anna Wachnicka, PhD

Principal Scientist

Water Resources Division/Applied Sciences Bureau
South Florida Water Management District
West Palm Beach, FL

*Co-authors: LeRoy Rodgers¹, Stuart VanHorn¹, Rory
Feeney¹, Mandy Michalsen²*



SFWMD HAB Research Focus Areas and Management Strategies

Detection & Monitoring

(well-established)

- ✓ Bloom detection using NOAA/NASA satellite remote sensing imagery
- ✓ Daily visual assessment of BGA condition at strategic locations
- ✓ Bloom assessments with drones and airplanes on as needed basis
- ✓ Long-term bi-/monthly and continuous WQ, toxins and phytoplankton monitoring

Data Mining

(well-established)

- ✓ Inter- and intra-annual spatial and temporal HAB and toxin dynamics
- ✓ Biotic and abiotic controls of HABs and toxins

Modeling & Forecasting

(ongoing efforts)

- ✓ Using data-driven machine learning and hydrodynamic models and satellite remote sensing imagery for developing short-term and seasonal operational HAB forecasts

Prevention,

Control & Mitigation

(well-established & new efforts)

- ✓ Long-term strategies: watershed-based reductions of point and nonpoint nutrient inputs and nutrient hotspots elimination
- ✓ Short-term strategies: BGA biomass and toxin control at priority locations and system-wide HAB mitigation actions

SFWMD C-HAB Mitigation Strategies: Treatment vs. No Treatment

Daily Visual Assessment of BGA Condition at Locks/Outflow Structures by USACE and 2x/Week at all Strategic Locations by SFWMD Staff



Bloom Location and Extent Recorded and Made Available via Survey 1-2-3

SFWMD BGA Survey (2021)

Site Visit Date and Time *
Thursday, March 24, 2022 4:23 PM

Sample Location *
Record the water quality station name, or describe the location (e.g. Pahokee Marina, C23548)

Site Visited By *
SFWMD

Sample Taken? *
☐ Yes ☐ No

Comments
Describe the Size (area) and appearance (e.g. color, on surface, in water column, scum layer) of the bloom. Note if the bloom is on the upstream or downstream side of any related structure.

Take Picture 1
Pictures should include a reference object (platform, structure). It may be helpful to use the niskin or secchi disc for contrast to show algae in the water column.

Take Picture 2
Pictures should include a reference object (platform, structure). It may be helpful to use the niskin or secchi disc for contrast to show algae in the water column.

Take Picture 3
Pictures should include a reference object (platform, structure). It may be helpful to use the niskin or secchi disc for contrast to show algae in the water column.

Add Location *
Coordinates where observations and/or samples were collected.
33.756°N 84.390°W ± 500035 m

Automatic Internal Daily Updates on BGA Status & Pre-and Post-Treatment BGA Conditions

BGA Survey Notification - Station: Pahokee Marina; Site: ; No Visible BGA

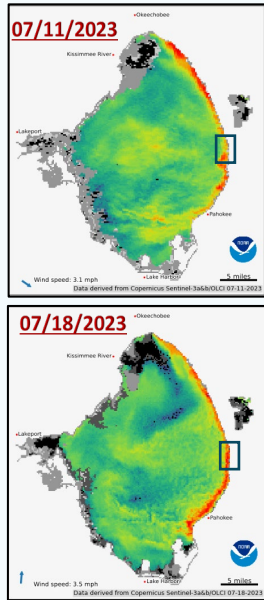
no-reply
To: BGANotificationLandManagement; BGANotificationInternal.
Retention Policy: Delete Emails over 5 years old (5 years)
Expires: 5/10/2028

Bloom Index		Severity			
		None Visible	Low	Mod	High
None Visible	0	0	0	0	0
Car	1	0	1	2	3
Basketball Court	2	0	2	4	6
Football Field	3	0	3	6	9
Larger than Football Field	4	0	4	8	12

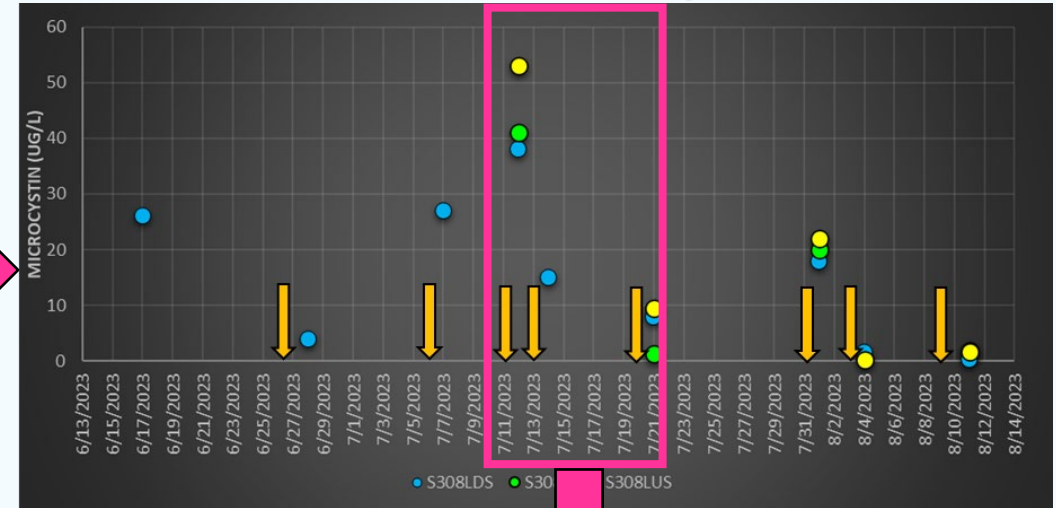
Decision Point: Treatment vs. No Treatment & Pre- and Post-Treatment WQ, Toxin and Phyto Assessments



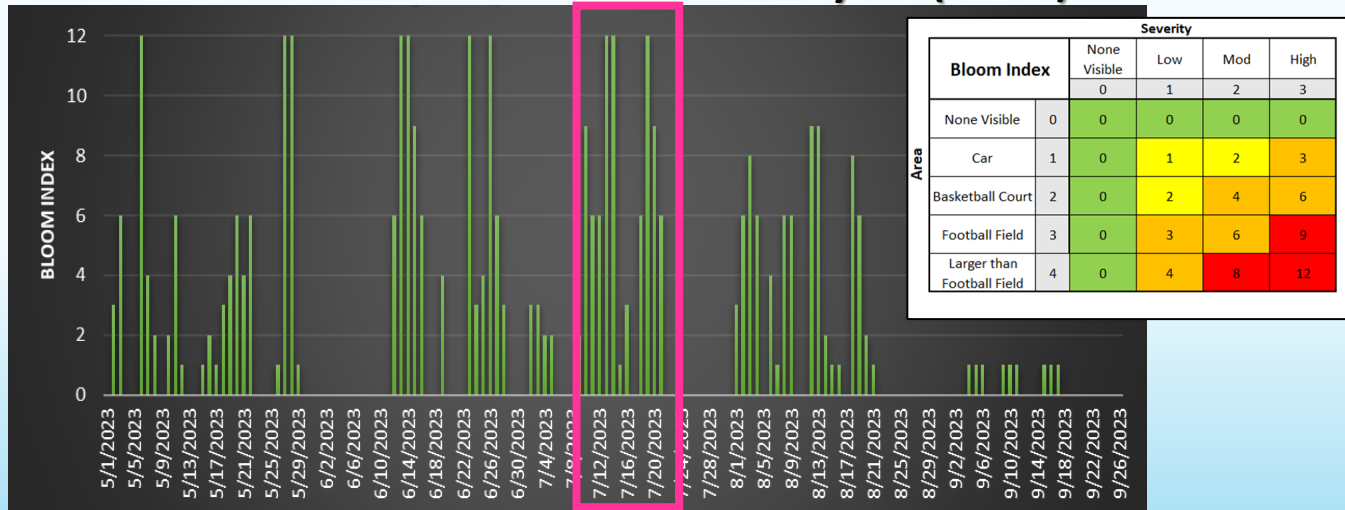
2023 C-HAB Mitigation at Port Mayaca (S-308/C-44)



Before - After Treatment Microcystins Toxin Conc.



2023 Bloom Index Record for Port Mayaca (S-308)

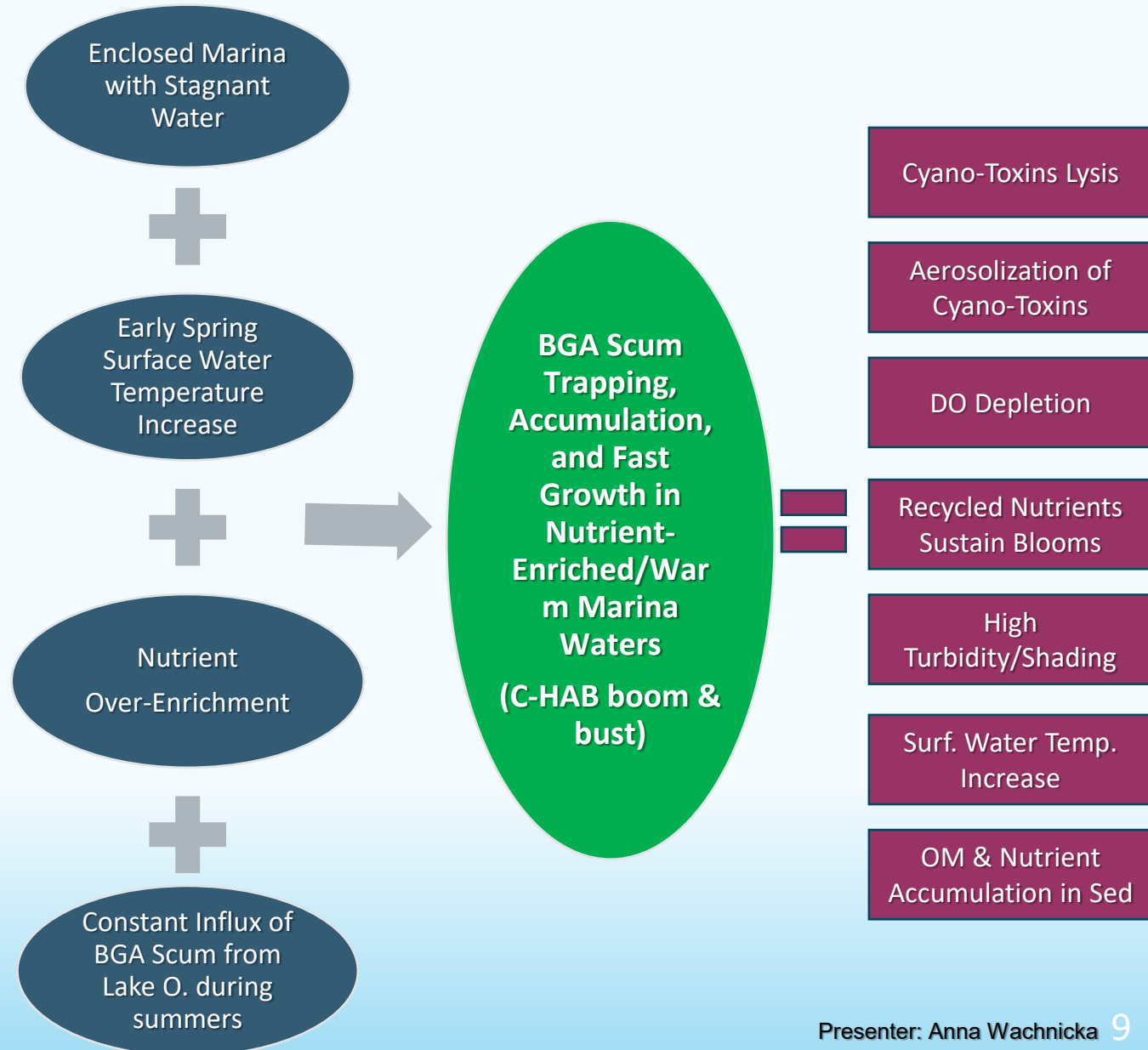


*Provisional data and subject to change

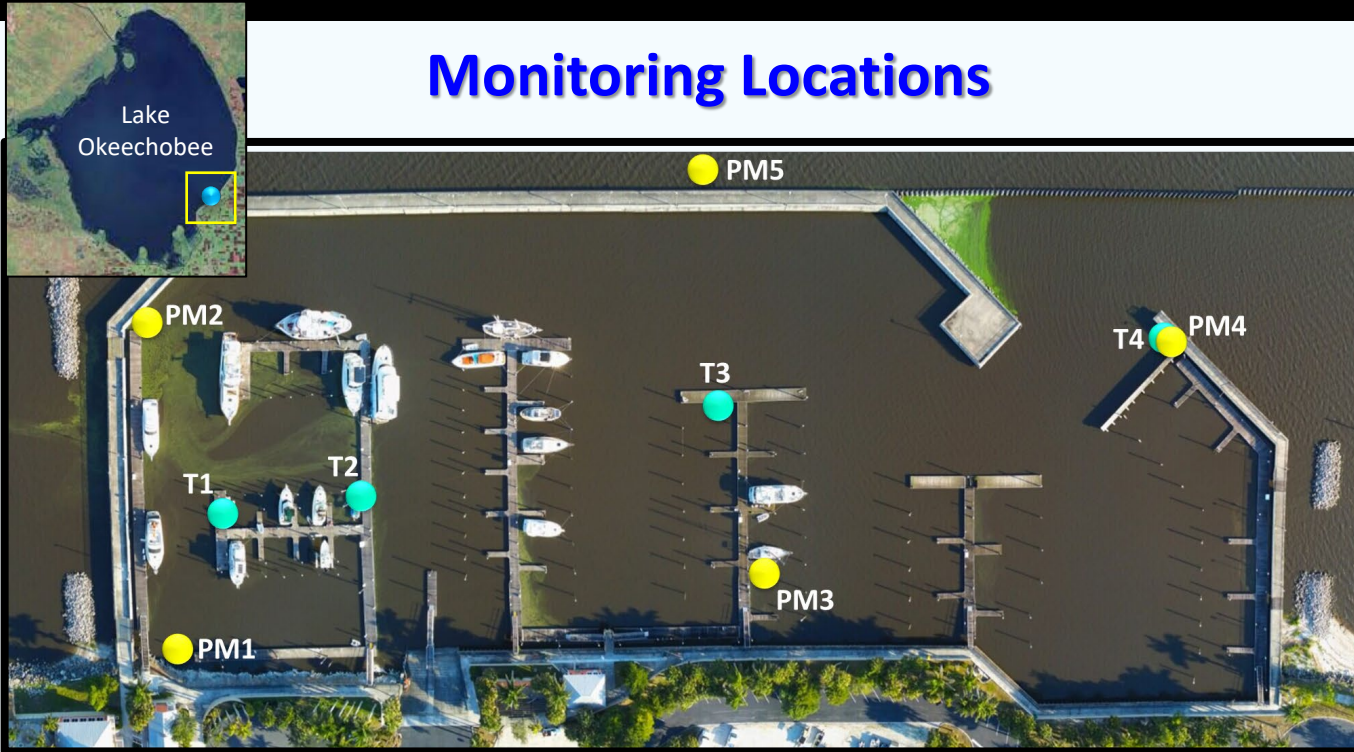
2021 C-HAB Abatement at the Pahokee Marina - Bloom Drivers & Outcomes



Photos Source (SFWMD)



Monitoring Locations



● Weekly WQ Monitoring ● Continuous WQ Monitoring + Ultrasonic Transducers



Ultrasonic Transducers and AquaTroll 600
Multiparameter Sondes Installation (May 2021)

2021 C-HAB Abatement at the Pahokee Marina

❑ Multi C-HAB Control Approaches

- ✓ Chemical
- ✓ Mechanical

❑ 4 Monitoring Locations (Pre- & Post-Treatment)

- ✓ Weekly WQ (physicochemical + biological)
- ✓ Microcystin toxins
- ✓ Dominant taxa

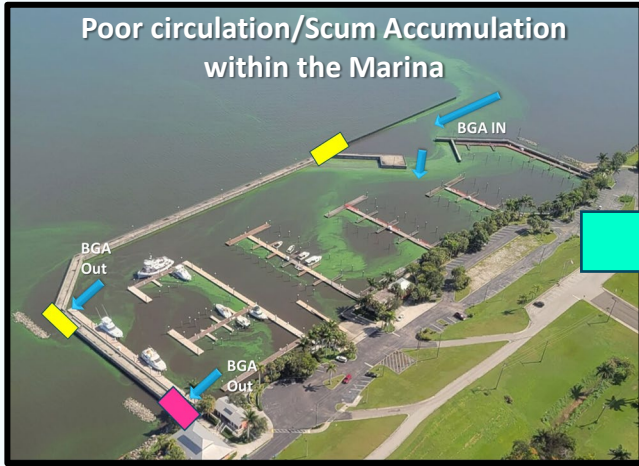
❑ 4 Continuous Water Quality Monitoring Stations

- ✓ Physicochemical
- ✓ Biological

2021 Multi Approach C-HAB Abatement at the Pahokee Marina

Long-Term Circulation Improvements

Poor circulation/Scum Accumulation within the Marina



Sheet Pile Removal to Improve Circulation



Mechanical Mixing & Ultrasonication

Circulators



Ultrasonic Transducers



Mechanical Surface Scum Removal

Surface Scum Removal - Vacuuming

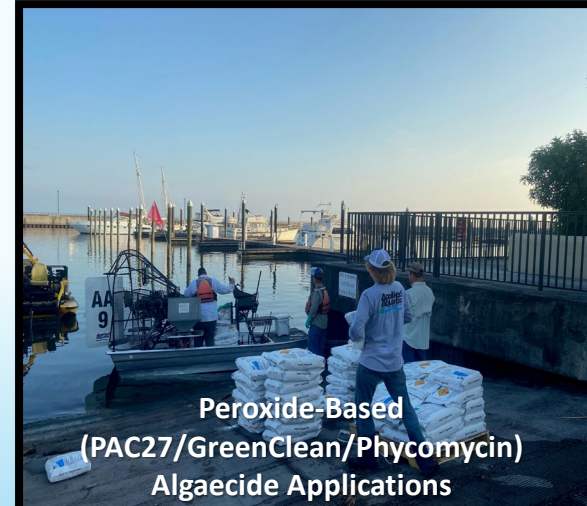


Separation of Water from Solids and Water Ozonation

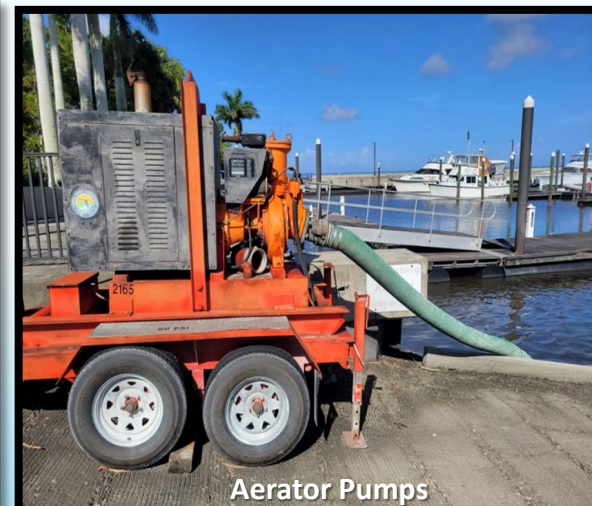


Surface Water Aeration & Chemical Treatment

Peroxide-Based (PAC27/GreenClean/Phycomycin) Algaecide Applications



Aerator Pumps

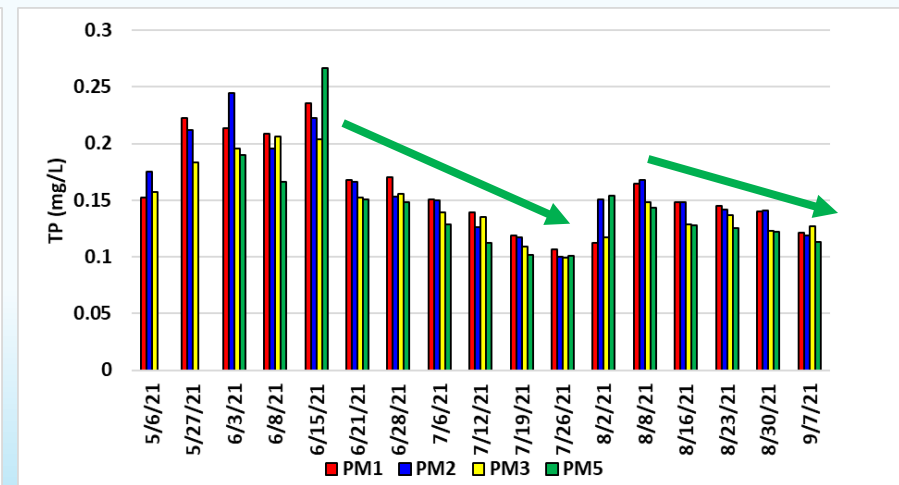
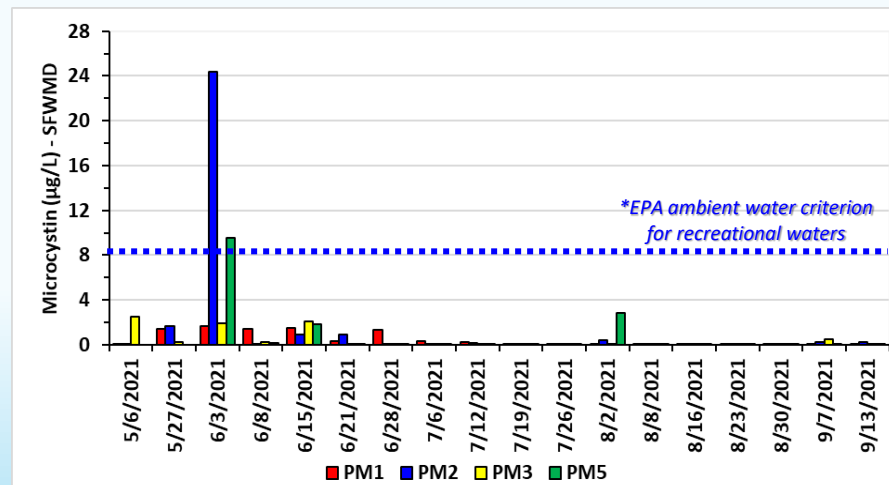
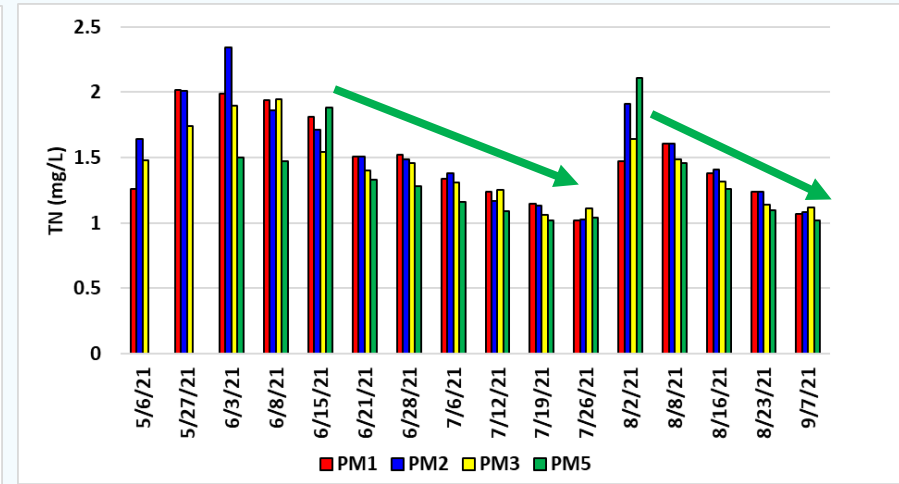
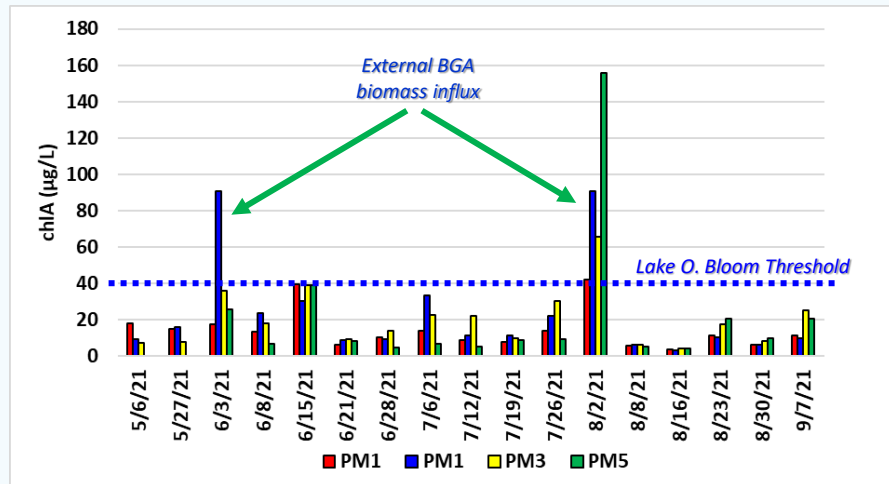


Study Sites



Photos Source (SFWMD)

Did the Multi Approach C-HAB Abatement Strategy at the Pahokee Marina Work?

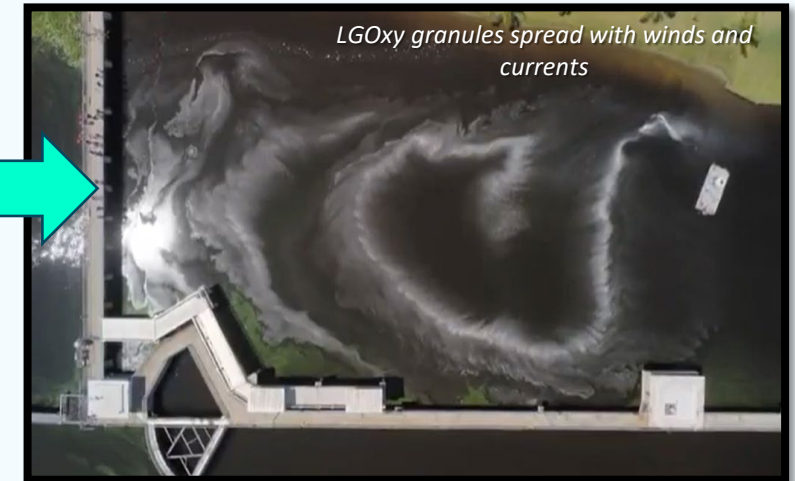
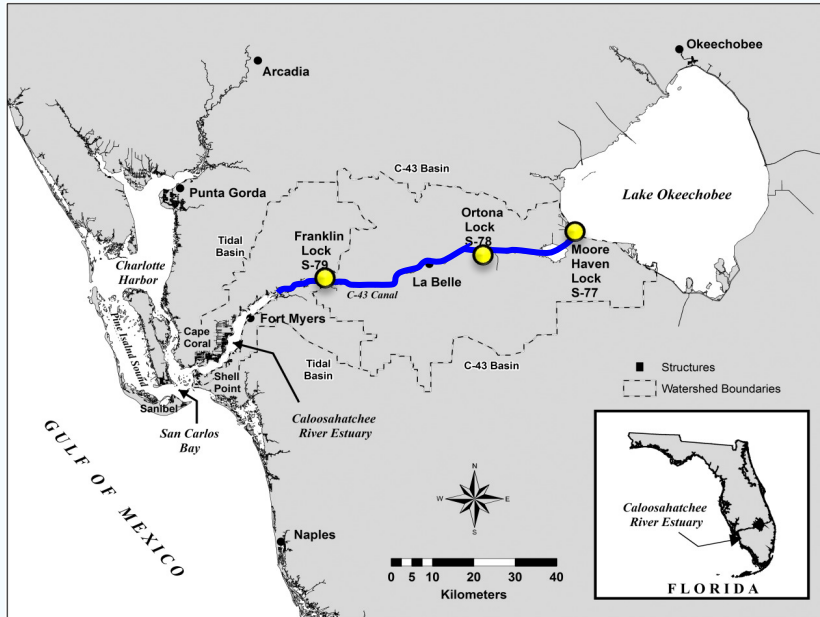


*Provisional data and subject to change

** PM4 monitoring discontinued

2021 Lake Guard® Oxy Product Demo Project in the Caloosahatchee Canal (C-43)

Study Area



- ❑ Treatment period: **15 days**
- ❑ Treatment application number: **112**
- ❑ Residential areas treated: **56**
- ❑ C-43 Canal length treated: **48 miles (~77 km)**
- ❑ Lake Guard® Oxy application rates: **0.5-30 lb/acre**
- ❑ Lake Guard® Oxy decomposition product: **H₂O and O₂ (within 24-48 hrs)**

Data Source: Bluegreen Water Technologies LLC. Final Report (2021)

NOTIFICATION 90647-2 The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification for future review. 03/06/2023		
LAKE GUARD® Oxy Algaecide/Cyanobacteriocide [Large Granules] [Small Granules] [Dust]		
ACTIVE INGREDIENT Sodium percarbonate..... 83.3% OTHER INGREDIENTS16.7% TOTAL 100.0% [UN 3378] [CLASS 5.1]		 Certified to NSF/ANSI/CAN 60 MUL 33 mg/L

2021 Lake Guard® Oxy Product Tests in the Caloosahatchee Canal (C-43)

W.P. Franklin Lock and Dam (S-79)



26.725348

26.724348

26.723348

26.722348

26.721348

26.720348

Longitude

-81.69667 -81.69567 -81.69467 -81.69367 -81.69267

Source: Bluegreen Water Technologies LLC. Final Report (2021)

BEFORE Treatment: May 26, 2021



AFTER Treatment: May 30, 2021

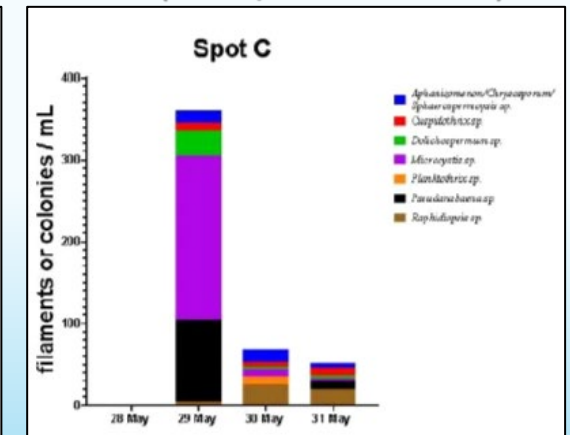
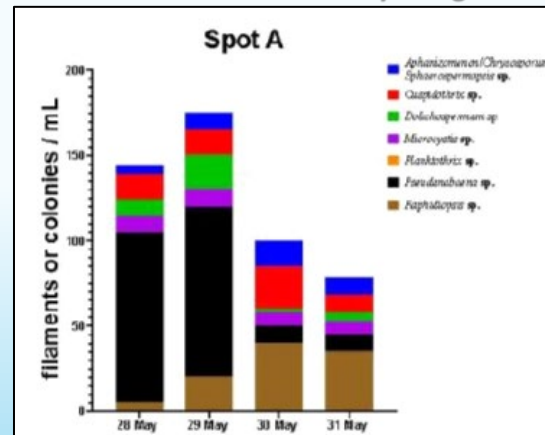


Microcystins Toxins Concentration (Before/After Treatments)

Spot C	microcystins / nodularins	saxitoxins	Spot 7	microcystins / nodularins	saxitoxins
28 May	---	---	28 May	---	---
29 May	310	0.07	29 May	1.55	0.09
30 May	1.76	0.09	30 May	0.7	0.08
31 May	0.53	0.1	31 May	0.67	0.1

Spot A	microcystins / nodularins	saxitoxins	Spot 2	microcystins / nodularins	saxitoxins
28 May	8.2	0.08	28 May	2.33	0.11
29 May	7.94	0.09	29 May	3.59	0.07
30 May	0.27	0.1	30 May	0.8	0.1
31 May	0.48	0.11	31 May	2.02	0.1

Abundance of Potentially Toxic Cyanobacteria (Before/After Treatments)



2024-2026 Lake Guard® Oxy Treatment Efficacy Tests

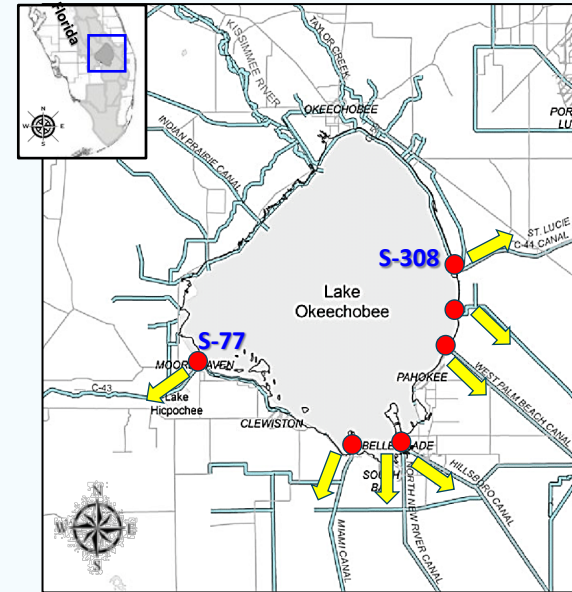
Problem Statement

- *Lake Okeechobee cyano-HABs, if transported downstream, can pose a risk to the ecological integrity and sustainability of the downstream aquatic ecosystems which are source of drinking water, irrigation, fishing and recreational resources*

Importance of the Project

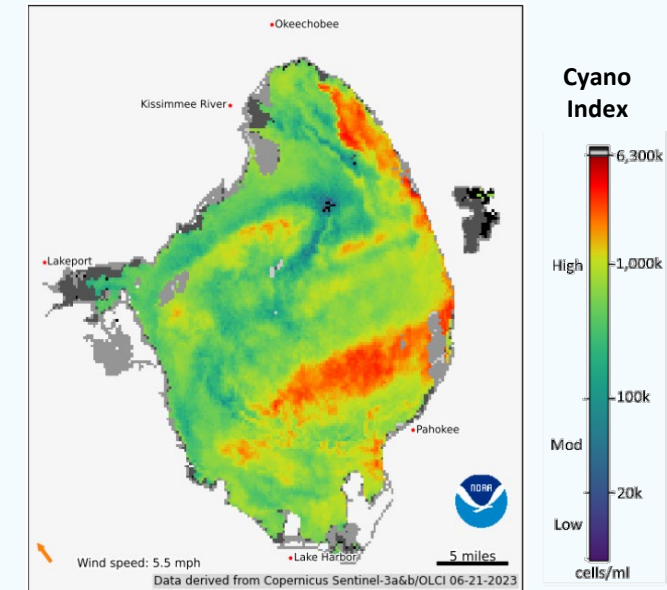
- *Strategic, optimized timing and dose of algaecide application to decrease risk of transporting potentially toxic C-HAB biomass to downstream ecosystems*

Lake O. Major Outflow Structures



Map source: SFWMD

C-HAB Distribution on Lake O.



Map Source: NOAA-NCCOS



Photo courtesy of SFWMD



C-44 (06/2016)



C-44 (06/2016)

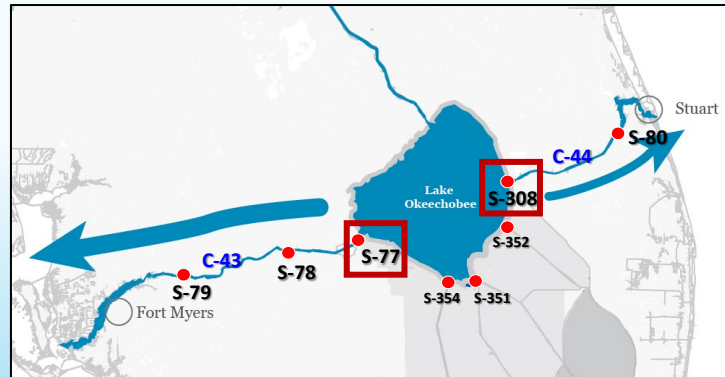
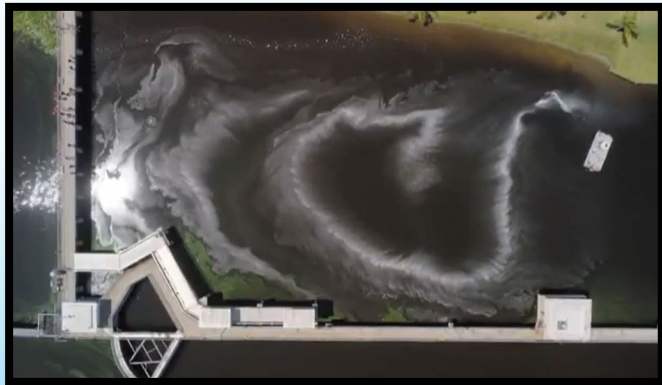
Photos courtesy of S. Kuhns

Project Goal

- 1) *Determine efficacy of the Lake Guard® Oxy treatments under flow and no-flow scenarios at a selected Lake Okeechobee outflow structure(s) and canal(s) during bloom seasons*

To achieve this goal, the proposed work has the following objectives:

- 1) Examine the fate and dynamics of H_2O_2 after treatments
- 2) Understand the influence of the treatments on cyanotoxins
- 3) Understanding the ecological responses of cyanobacteria and other phytoplankton, zooplankton and microbial communities to treatments
- 4) Understand changes in water quality related to treatments



2024 Study Location - S-77 Structure/C-43 Canal

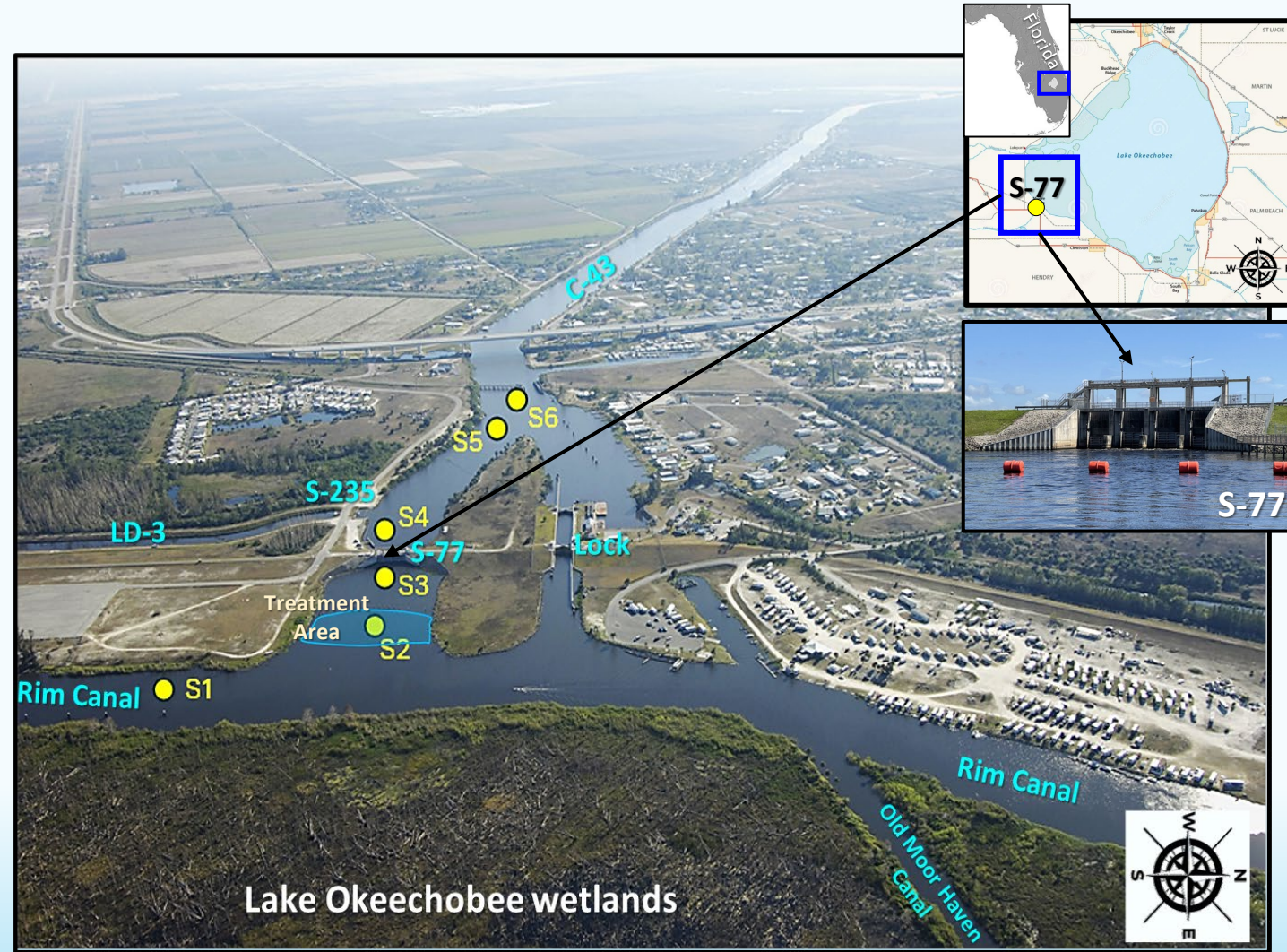
➤ 6 sampling locations along E-W transect along the C-43 Canal

➤ 4 Sampling Events

- ☐ Pilot Survey: 06/17, 2024
- ☐ Test 1: 06/24-26, 2024
- ☐ Test 2: 07/1-3, 2024
- ☐ Test 3: 07/15-17, 2024 2024

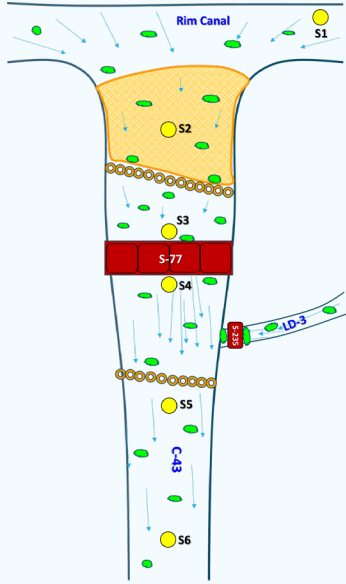
➤ Sampling Components

- ☐ Phytoplankton dynamics (Omics methods + microscopy)
- ☐ Zooplankton dynamics (microscopy)
- ☐ H₂O₂ concentrations
- ☐ Microcystin toxins
- ☐ Standard physicochemical and biological water quality parameters (nutrients, chl *a*, temp, turb, pH, DO, PAR)



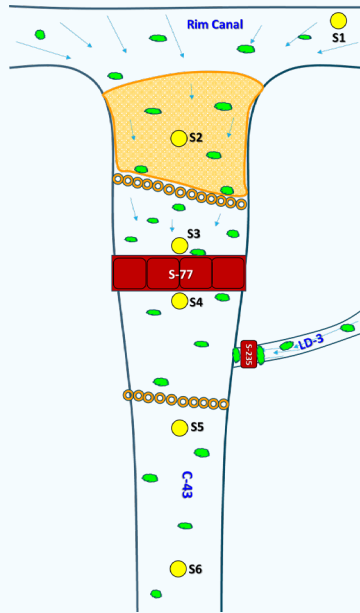
2024 Lake Guard® Oxy Tests at the S-77/C-43 Location

TEST 1
(06/24/2024)



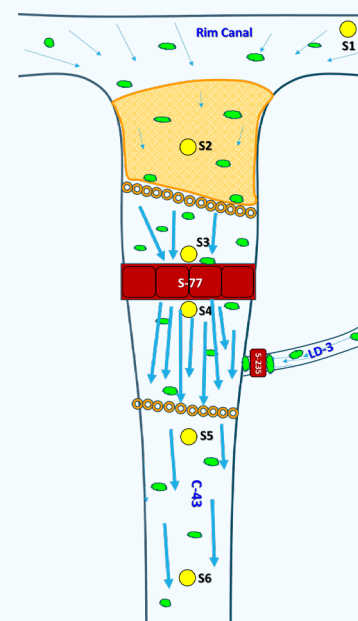
- ✓ S-77 flows ~500 cfs
- ✓ S-77 flows continuous
- ✓ S-235 no flows during surveys
- ✓ 30 lbs/acre* (45 lbs/1.5 ac) LGOxy applied

TEST 2
(07/01/2024)



- ✓ No flows from S-77 before and during product application
- ✓ S-77 flows @ ~500 cfs ~1.5 hr after treatment
- ✓ S-235 no flows during surveys
- ✓ 30 lbs/acre* (45 lbs/1.5 ac) LGOxy applied

TEST 3
(07/15/2024)

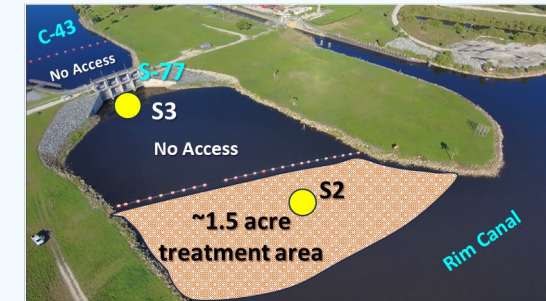
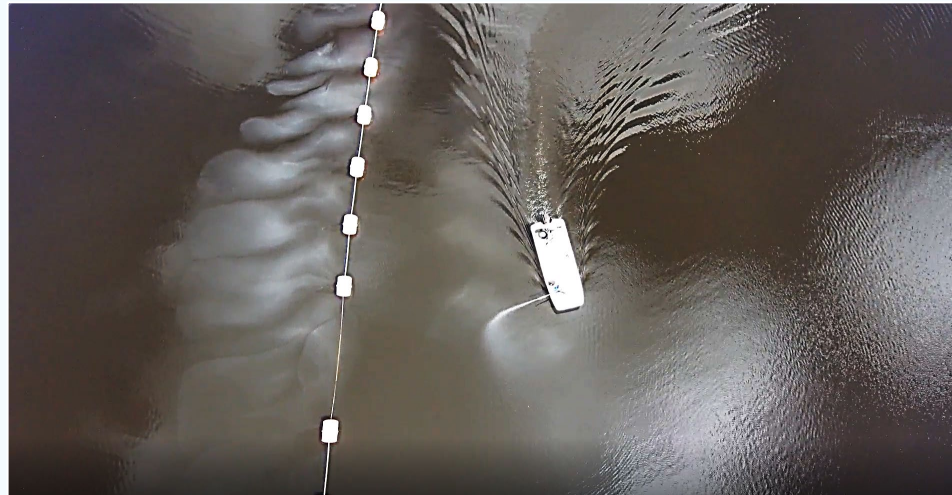
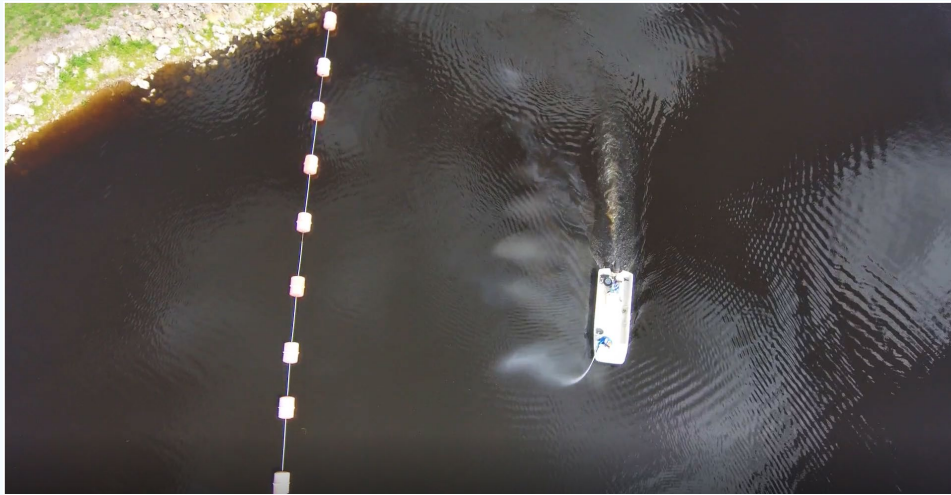


- ✓ S-77 flows ~1000 cfs
- ✓ S-77 flows continuous
- ✓ S-235 no flows during surveys
- ✓ 30 lbs/acre* (45 lbs/1.5 ac) LGOxy applied



* When cyano-cell density is between 20,000-100,000 cells/mL (or chl a between 10-50 µg/L) use 5-30 lbs./acre Lake Guard® Oxy ([US EPA, Pesticide Product Label, Lake Guard Oxy, 03/06/2023](#))

Tracking Lake Guard® Oxy Algaecide Distribution with Drones



- ❑ Distance between orange buoys and structure ~300-480 feet
- ❑ LGOxy transport ~10-15 min from treatment area to the structure @ 500 cfs

Acknowledgements



SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

- ☐ Land Resources Bureau
- ☐ Water Quality Bureau
- ☐ Applied Sciences Bureau
- ☐ Data Management/IT Team/Drones Team

PARTNERING AGENCIES & UNIVERSITIES

- ☐ USACE-ERDC, -JAX, -CLEW
- ☐ FDEP
- ☐ FGCU, NSU

THANK YOU!