Adaptive Management for Ecosystem Services

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Self organization in ecosystems

- Humans are reliant on ecosystems
- Humans manipulate ecosystems
- Ecosystems are complex adaptive systems
- This manipulation can lead to catastrophic ecosystem collapse





Self organization in ecosystems soil as an example

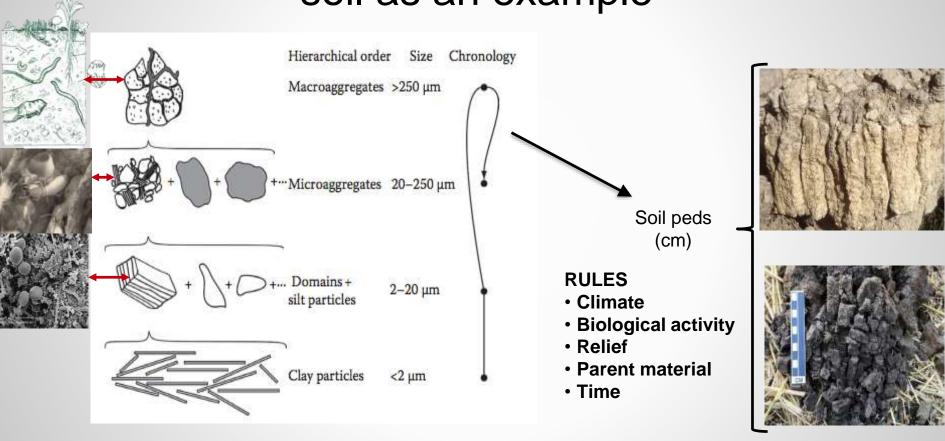


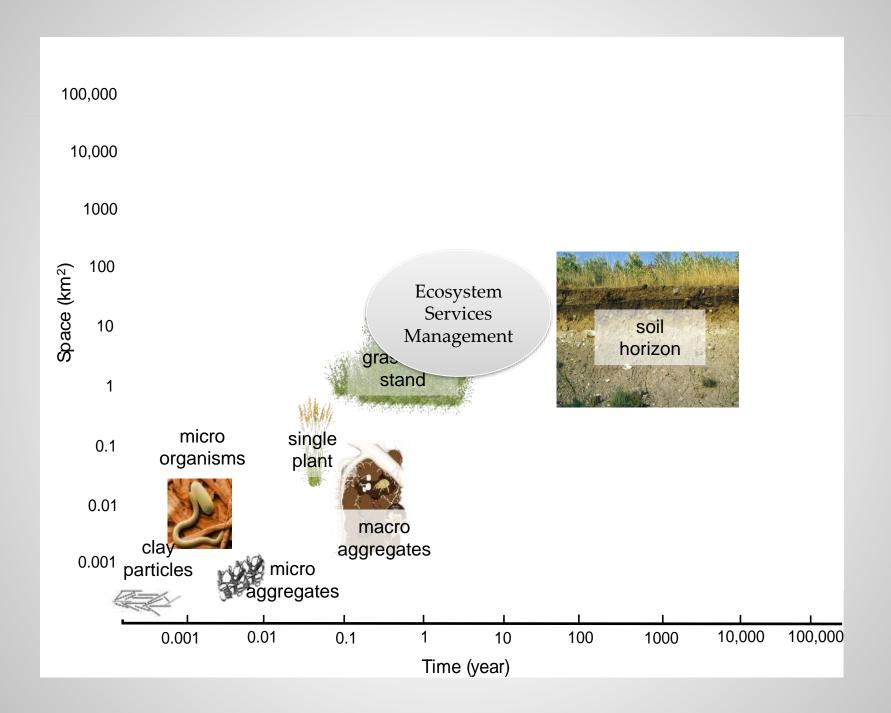
FIGURE 2.1 Hierarchical conceptual model of soil aggregation. (Moddfied from Dexter, A.R. 1988. Advances in characterization of soil structure. Soil Till. Res. 11:199–238; Six, J. 2004. A history of research on the link between (micro)aggregates, soil biota, and soil organic matter dynamics. Soil Till. Res. 79(7–31.)

Self organization in ecosystems

Feedbacks matter, and yield ES

- Primary production
- Atmosphere and climate regulation
- Waste processing
- Erosion control
- Medicinal resources
- Pest control
- Disease mitigation

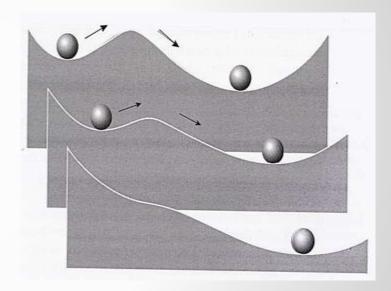




Ignoring Cross Scale Dynamics

Lessons from History



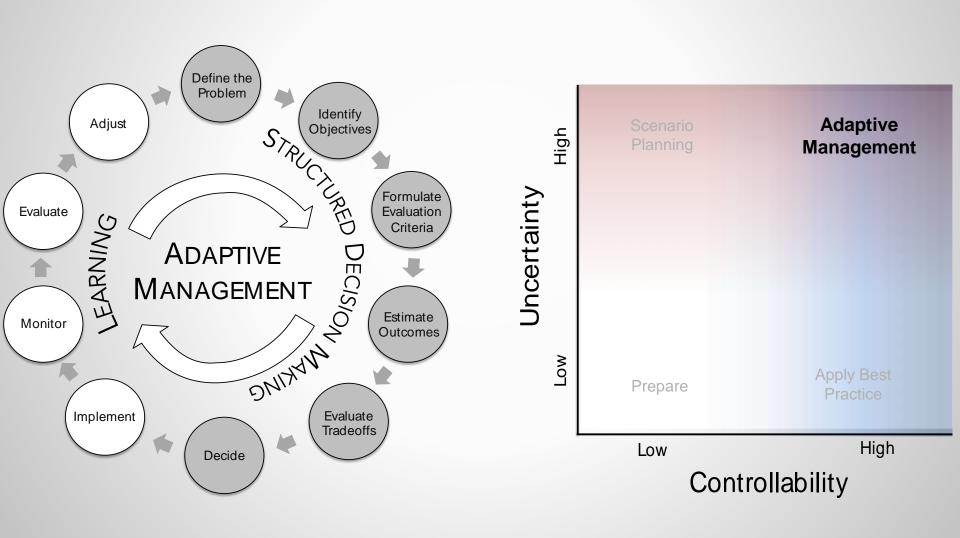


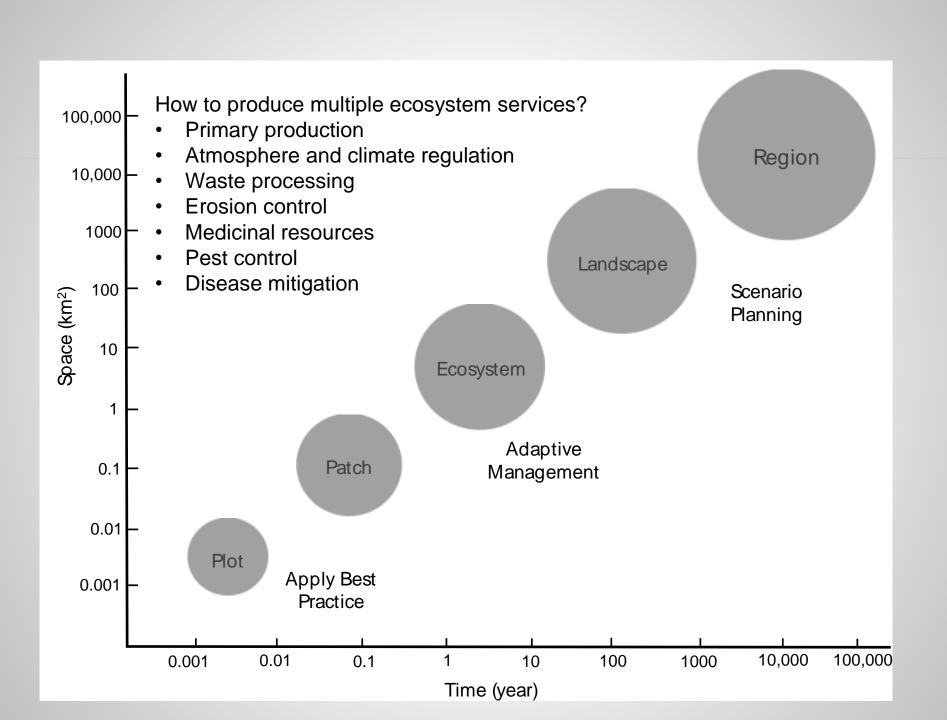
Now what?

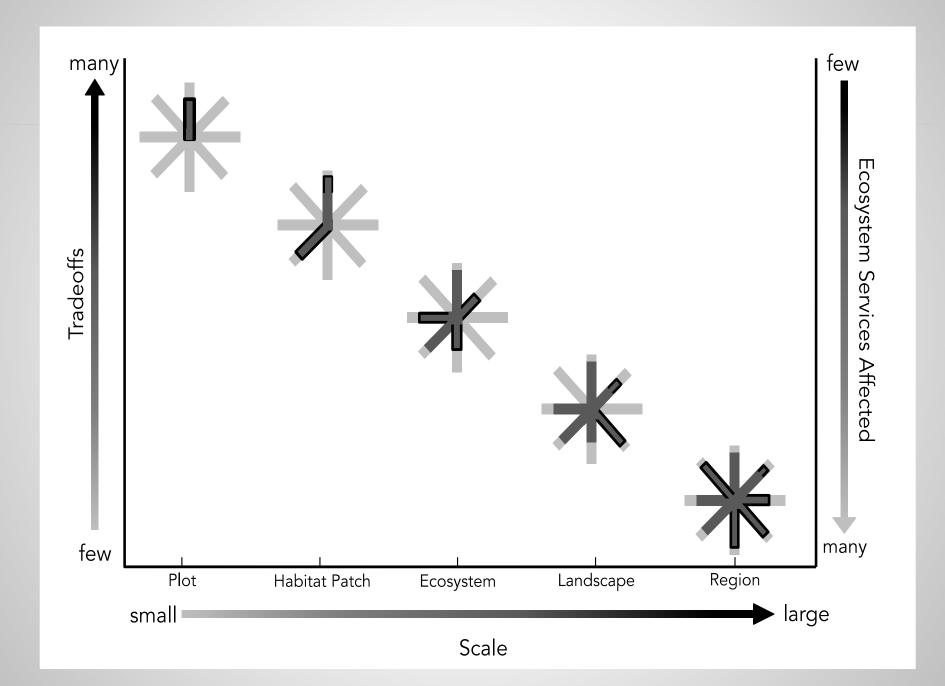
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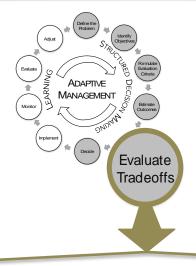
Adaptive Management

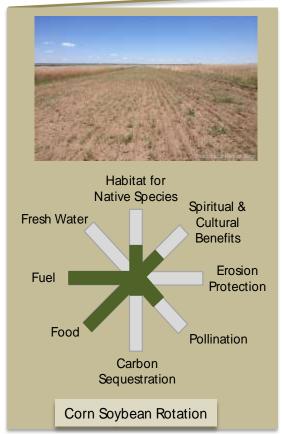
A structured approach to managing natural resources while avoiding critical thresholds

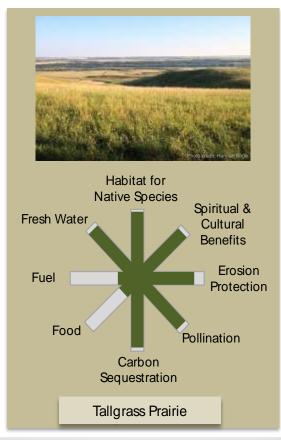


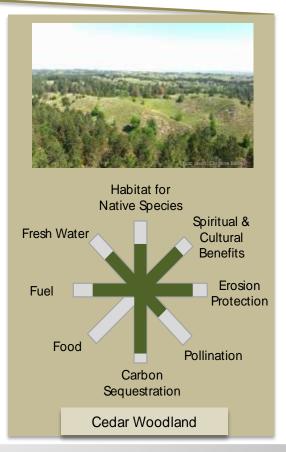












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ABSTRACT

Management of natural resources for the production of ecosystem services, which are vital for human well-being, is necessary even when there is uncertainty regarding system response to management action. This uncertainty is the result of incomplete controllability, complex internal feedbacks, and nonlinearity that often interferes with desired management outcomes, and insufficient understanding of

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Thank you









