NetRA Assessing the Trade-off Between Economic Development and Conservation of Ecosystem Services

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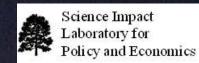
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Setting: NetRA Context/Background

USGS Energy and Minerals Science Strategy (2013):

- Provide inventories and assessments of energy and mineral resources
- Understand the effects of energy and mineral development on natural resources and society

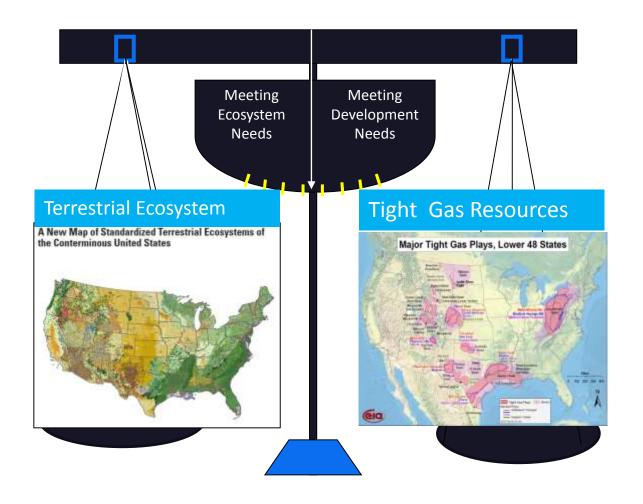
Secretarial Order 3330 (October 31, 2013):

- "The Order will ensure consistency and efficiency in the review and permitting of new energy and other infrastructure development projects
- ...while also providing for the conservation, adaptation and restoration of our nation's valuable and natural and cultural resources."¹

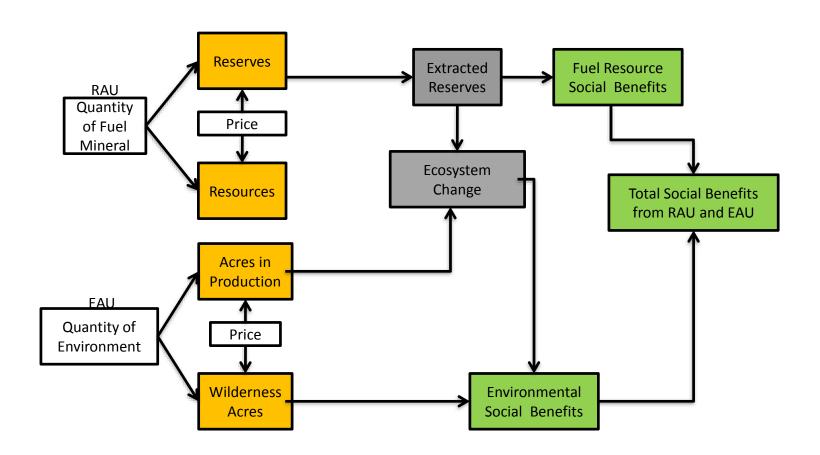
Net Resource Assessment:

- NetRA is an analytical component of a Multi-Resource Analysis
- Will be a Decision Support Tool (DST)
- 1 "Secretary Jewell Offers Vision for Conservation, Balanced Development, Youth Engagement in National Press Club Speech." October 31, 2013

NetRA Purpose: Balance



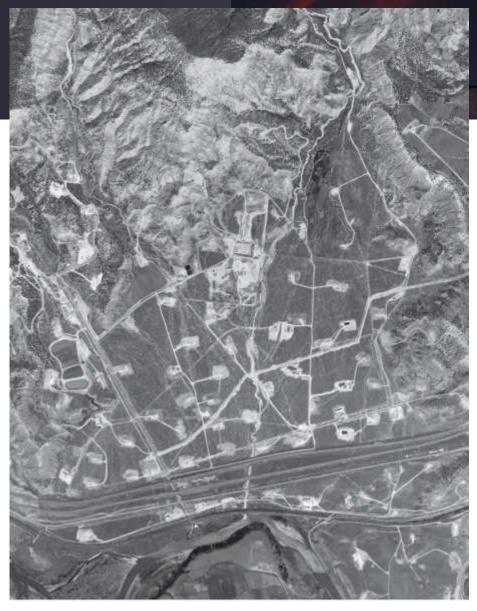
NetRA Simple Framework



Proof of Concept

Definition:

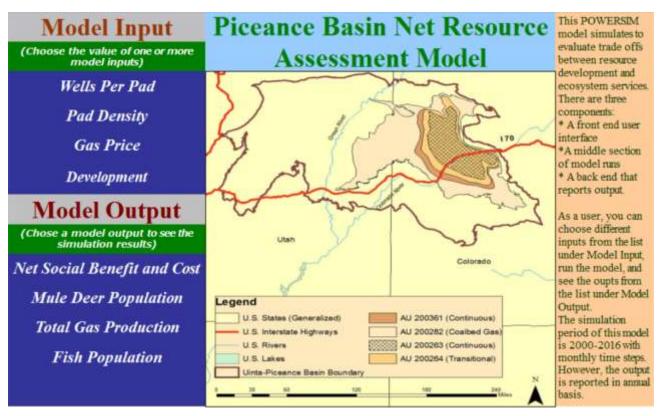
- Realization of a certain method or idea to demonstrate its feasibility... who's purpose is to verify that some concept... has the potential of being used
- Inputs: Data resolution, map scales, and model compatibility will be evaluated
 - Data and model gaps will be identified
 - Earth science for natural resource stocks, engineering economics, biophysical and ecological data for ecosystem services stocks, market prices, regulations, and nonmarket values
- Output: A limited modeling framework that demonstrates the functionality of the DST
- **Example:** USGS Assessment Unit (AU) 200263 in the Piceance Basin, Colorado
- Application: Produce natural gas from the Mesaverde formation in a hypothetical example



Model of oil and gas drill pads and resource roads overlying National Aerial Imagery Program (NAIP) imagery, near Rifle, Colorado, 2007 (USGS sir20105064 2010)

DST Front-End "Dashboard"

A development plan is established and constructed for a given scenario

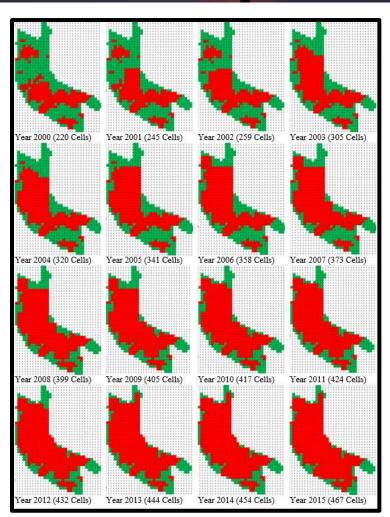


The Front-End includes:

- Input variables or choice variables
- Choices for model output
- Choice variable panel allows easy manipulation of input values on a slider-bar 6

DST Middle – "Engine"

- The Middle simulates landscape changes, development and impacts to ecosystem services.
- Based on the selection of choice variables an outcome for a scenario is produced.
- The Powersim model is initiated with choosing the development area in a gridded map. (Green cells are not under development; Red cells are under development).
- There are maps for each year of a simulation. Outcomes from multiple scenarios serve as the support for a synthetic frequency distribution of the societal benefits, landscape changes and impacts to ecosystem services.



Selection of Development Area over Time
In Proof of Concept Example

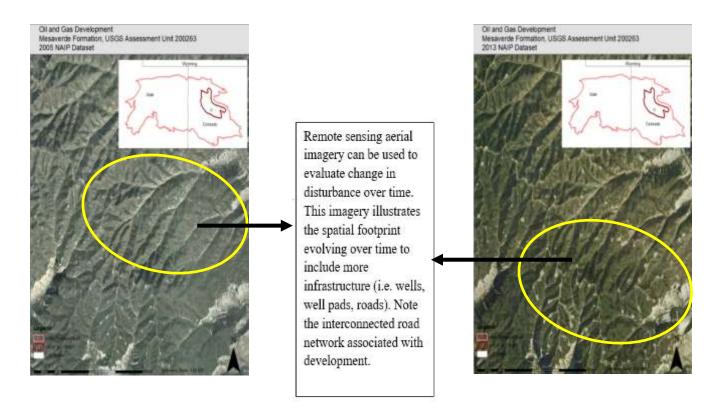
End Output: Results (Net Social Benefits)

Net Social Benefit (billions)						
	Years to Develop					
	1 year	5 year	10 year	20 year		
1 well per pad (25 pads per cell)	-1.582	-13.578	4.842	-17.841		
1 well per pad (25 pads per cell) well per pad (5 pads per cell)	-12.948	-18.444	-16.344	-25.802		
5 wells per pad (5 pads per cell)	47.241	32.476	47.731	19.560		
10 wells per pad (5 pads per cell)	55.235	96.127	132.225	76.261		
1 well per pad (5 pads per cell)	-19.478	-13.188	-7.749	-8.747		
$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}$	47.440	37.732	56.326	36.614		
10 wells per pad (5 pads per cell)	122.677	101.382	136.42	93.316		

Scenario Analysis

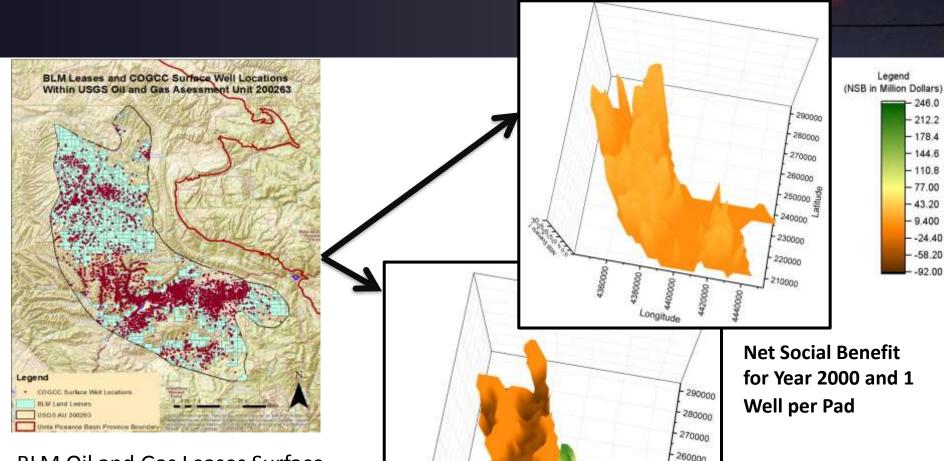


NetRA DST provides a tool to analyze the impact of gas production activity spatially.



Aerial images of oil and gas development in AU 200263 in the Piceance Basin associated with oil and gas development.

Scenarios and Model Outcomes and Outputs



BLM Oil and Gas Leases Surface Well Locations with

Net Social Benefit for Year 2004 and 5 Wells per Pad

250000 콜

240000 230000 220000

Thank You



End Output: Results (Gas Production)

Cumulative Gas Production (MCFG)						
	Years to Develop					
	1 year	5 year	10 year	20 year		
1 well per pad (25 pads per cell)	63	9 63	9 639	639		
1 well per pad (25 pads per cell) 1 well per pad (5 pads per cell)	12	8 13	7 147	175		
5 wells per pad (5 pads per cell) 10 wells per pad (5 pads per cell)	63	9 63	9 639	639		
10 wells per pad (5 pads per cell)	127	9 127	0 1255	1219		
1 well per pad (5 pads per cell)	12	8 12	6 123	116		
$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} = 5$	63	9 62	9 615	580		
10 wells per pad (5 pads per cell)	127	9 125	9 1231	. 1160		

End Output: Results (Deer Species)

Number of Mule Deer						
	Years to Develop					
	1 year	5 year	10 year	20 year		
1 well per pad (25 pads per cell)	394	9 3844	3798	3690		
1 well per pad (25 pads per cell) 1 well per pad (5 pads per cell)	395	0 3845	3799	3691		
5 wells per pad (5 pads per cell) 10 wells per pad (5 pads per cell)	395	0 3845	3799	3691		
10 wells per pad (5 pads per cell)	395	0 3845	3799	3691		
1 wall par pad / F pads par sall)	395	0 3950	3950	3950		
$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$	395	0 3950	3950	3950		
10 wells per pad (5 pads per cell)	395	0 3950	3950	3950		