

LEVERAGING ECOSYSTEMS FOR LIVEABLE COMMUNITIES PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS OF SOCIAL-ECOLOGICAL URBANISM (ECOSYSTEM SERVICES) WITHIN A LIVEABLE CITY FRAMEWORK

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A NEW PARADIGM FOR SUSTAINABILITY...



...PLANETARY BOUNDARIES AND HUMAN OPPORTUNITIES

LIVEABLE CITIES





MAKING CITIES LIVEABLE BLUE-GREEN NFRASTRUCTURE AND ITS IMPACT ON SOCIETY HERBERT DREISEITL AND BETTINA WANSCHURA (RAMBOLL LIVEABLE CITIES LAB), MATTHIAS WÖRLEN AND MANFRED MOLDASCHL (ZEPPELIN UNIVERSITY) AND JAMES WESCOAT (MIT) 2016

PLANNING & URBAN DESIGN, RAMBOLL 2015



SOCIAL-ECOLOGICAL URBANISM









PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL-ECOLOGICAL URBANISM – CASE STUDY ALBANO CAMPUS, STOCKHOLM BARTHEL ET AL, 2013

ECOSYSTEM SERVICES







MAKING THE VALUE OF ECOSYSTEM SERVICES VISIBLE - PROPOSALS TO ENHANCE WELL-BEING THROUGH BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEM SERVICES SUMMARY OF SOU 2013;68. STOCKHOLM 2013

CICES, MEA, TEEB & PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL-ECOLOGICAL URBANISM

	Fcosystem																									
	Comisso				Liveable Cities																					
						Social Cultural										Physical										
♥	Se	rvi	ces		Social services & Welfar	Diversity s & e Tolerance	Flexibel labo market & wor conditions	Equity 8 Justice	Local/ regional economy	Diverse employment & industry sectors	Pro-active policy developmen & involvmen	Safety & community	Educatio y & Researd	h Health & h Wellbeing	Individuality	, Cultural identity	Inspiration & Art	Happiness 8 Satisfaction	Character of the city	Transport, mobility & connectivity	Energy	Buildings, housing, open space & infrastructure	Natural resources: water, air, soil	Local climate, soundscape 8 acess to natur	Food systems	
	Section	Group	Ecosystem services	Reference	•																					
		Food	Cultivated crops Reared animals and their outputs Wild plants, algea and their outputs Wild animals and their outputs	MA/T/C MA/T/C MA/T/C MA/T/C																	_				× × ×	I
	Provisioning Services		Plants and along from in situ anusculture	MACT/C																					~	
			Animals from in-situ aquaculture	MA/T/C																			02	hla) ב	
			Surface water for drinking	MA/T/C								×											Lu			
		Water	Groundwater for drinking	MA/T/C								×														
			Water for non-drinking purposes	MA/T/C																	×	т	'	1:	- 1 -	
			Fibre, timber Separtic resources	MA/T/C									ý								ž		nr	1167	าาก	ns
		Biotic Raw	Medicinal resources	MA/T								×	x								^		. I I C			15
		Materials	Ornamental resources	MA/T/C																						
			Biochemicals	MA/C									×								×		×		1	
		Bio-energy	Biomass based energy sources	MA/T/C																	×		×			
			Air quality regulation	MA/T/C								×											×	х		
			Global climate regulation	MA/T/C																			×	x		
			Regional and local climate regulation	MA/T/C								×											×	×		
	Regulating Services	the physical	Regulation of water flows	MA/T/C	×							×									×		×	×	^ I	
		environment	Flood protection	MA/T/C	×							×										x	×	x		
			Natural hazard regulation	MA/C	×							×										x	×	х		
			Erosion prevention	MA/T/C								x								×		×	×	×		
			Noise reduction	NV NV								x										×	×	×		
			Pisease regulation Pest regulation	MA/T/C																		×	×		×	
		Maintanence o	ifecucie maintenance, habitat and gene																							
		biotic	pool protection	1/C									×							×			×			
		conditions	Maintenance of nursery services	T/C																×			×			
			Pollination	MA/T/C																×			×		×	
			seed dispersial	L MA/C																×		~	×	~	×	
		Mediation of waste, toxics	Filtration sequestration accumulation	ning C																		^	^	^		
		and other	dilution by ecosystems	MA/C																		x	×	x		
		nulauncea	Carbon caption and storage	MA/T/C	-																×		×	х		
		Symbolic	Cultural Heritage	MA/T/C		×						×		×		×			×			×				
		Symbolic	Natural heritage	LA CE								×		×			×		x			×		x		
			Sence of place	MA/T/C		· ·		^	×			x	^	x	×	x	x	x	×			×		×		
			Educational values	MA/T/C	×	×							×		×								×			
	rvices		Scientific resources	T/C		×							×										×			
		Physical and	Aesthetic values	MA/T/C					×			×		×			×	×				×				
		interactions	Fourism	MA/T/C		×			×			^		Ŷ			^	Ŷ		×		*	×	Ŷ		
	25		Dutdoor life	T/C	×	×						×	×	×	x		×	×		×		x	×	x		
	2		Health	T/C	×			х	×			×		×	×			×				x	×	x		
	5		Social relations	МА	×	×	×	×				×	×	×				×		×		×		×		
			nccessionity	ľ	1	×	xr	×		x? v7	×	×	×	×	×		×	×		×		×		×		
			Recreational attractiveness	ŀ	1	^	x?	^	×	<u>.</u> .		â	^	x	^		×	Ŷ	×			x	×	x		
		Urban	Diversity	P		×	x?	×		x?	×	×	×	×	×		×	×		×		x	×			
			Security	P		×	x?	x			x?	×			x			x		×		x		х		
			Internationally competitive	L.		×	×		×	x?		×							×	×		×	×	x		
			Knowegge sharing	MA/P	×	×	xr			xŕ		×	×							×		x				
		_	Primary production	MA/T	1																		×		×	
			Photosynthesis	MA/T	1																		×		×	
	57		Soil formation and composition	MA/T/C	1																		×		×	
	vice		Water cycling	MA/C	1																		×	x	×	
	Ser		Nutrient cycling Biodiuers®v	MA/C	1															,			×	×	ž	
	ting		Maintenance of life queles of m'	C	1															×			×	x	×	
	hode		species	1/C	1															×			×		×	
	Sup		Nursery service	E.	1															×			×		×	
			Habitats for species	1/C									×							×			×	×	×	
			biotic products and materials	r/c	×								×								×		×		×	

...TO PRACTICE











NORRTÄLJE HARBOR USING AN ECOSYSTEM SERVICES PERSPECTIVE AND BIOTOPE AREA FACTOR AS TOOLS FOR SUSTAINABLE URBAN DEVELOPMENT

2015-2016 NORRTÄLJE MUNICIPALITY



...FOR KIDS, BOATS AND SWIMMING!

1. SITUATION ANALYSIS

Which ecosystem services are present on site / in and surrounding the area today?

2. PRIORITIZE

Which ecosystem services are important to the area and its stakeholders, now and in the future?

3. ASSESEMENT

Which ecosystem services need to be: protected / strengthened / created when the port area is developed?

4. IMPLEMENTATION

 \rightarrow Input to target variables for **biotope area factor**.

→ Input to layout and design
of the public space in Norrtälje
Harbor.



BIOTOPE AREA FACTOR

TILLÄGGSFAKTOR REGLERANDE, UPPRÄTTHÅLLANDE OCH FÖRSÖRJANDE

Včixte	ers nyttovärden för poline	rare m.fl. nyttodjur								
EST	Blommande, bär- sättande och/eller skyddande fräd och	Skyddande växter har ett tätt, snårigt växtsätt och gärna med tomar fär skydd ät smäföglar								
	buskar	Ange: AREA YTOR, ANTAL TRAD								
EST	Tidigiblommande (april/början maj) växter	Arter som är särskilt gynnande med lättätkomligt pollen eller nektar under tidig vår t ex gråvide, sälg, lönn, vintergäck, snödroppe, krokus, snö- klocka, luktvial, violviva, m # Ange: AREA YTOR, ANTAL TRÅD	0.5							
E57	Växter för fjärils-/hum- lerabatt	Specifika ängs-, örtväxter och perenner som attraherar insekter. Ska bistå med nektar, paten under större delen av växtsäsongen. Ska ligga i ett varmt och vindskyddat läge för att attrahera insekterna Ange: AREA	0,5							
Hobil	tat och biologisk mångfal	d								
857	Ädellövträd och loko- la trädarter	Ek, al, ask, iönn, tågelbär med de närbesläktade arterna iundalm, bergek, naverlönn, vresalm, samt lokala arterna oxel (bok och aven- bok borttaget från ädelövuarterna då de ej finnt närurfigt lokalt. Lind är borttaget pga en redan hög närvaro i staden med risk för hömogen sammansättning) Ange: ANTAL	0.5							
EST	Biotopplanteringar/ biotopmiljöer	Ytor med avseende att imitera natur med höga värden, t ex brynmlijöer, ängimiljöer, och där dynivet berkas även med bopärter. F ex däd ved, stenrösen, sandblottar. Lokala arter ska finnas representerade i plante- lingar Ange: AREA	0.3							
Klime	Itpåverkande									
EST	Växtskugga	Tråd som placeros för att ge skugga i ett solutsatt läge, pergolar o dyl som skuggar soliga lägen och starkt solutsatta väggar mm Arge: ANTAL	0.2							
EST	Flerskiktade plante- ringar	Ska innehålla fällskikt, busksikt och trädsikkt i samma yta. Endast den foktiskt fleskiktade delen av ytan beräknas Ange: AREA	0.5							
621	Gröna tak och vägg- ar	Avser en relativt tät gränska för isolerande/avkylande effekt Ange: AREA	0.1							









NOLTORP PROMOTING ECOSYSTEM SERVICES VIA SOCIAL-ECOLOGICAL URBAN DEVELOPMENT

2014 ALINGSÅS MUNICIPALITY



CHALLENGE

- To visualize the value and ability of ecosystem services to deliver necessary social and ecological services in an urban context.
- To **describe** how social and ecological stakeholders, processes and networks must be mapped and analyzed in order to develop sustainable and resilient cities.
- To **translate** this into concrete solutions.

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STRATEGY

1. SITUATION ANALYSIS

- Mapping of biotopes and habitats
- Mapping / typology classification of land use

2. SOCIAL-ECOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

- Identify clusters of ESS for different types of land use
- Calculate and quantify the potential value of ESS
- 3. DESIGN
 - Multifunctionality!

VISUALIZATION

NOLTORP: A SOCIO-ECOLOGICAL NETWORK

- Target variables based on goals and visions for the project
- Ecosystem services that contribute to achieving the objectives
- Stakeholders and processes that are supplying identified ecosystem services
- Examples of design components for facilitating the network of stakeholders and processes





RESULTS

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Kann alle

- A broad understanding on how the city can be shaped to increase the value of ecosystem services
- A single document that describes and analyzes the social and ecological values
- A pedagogical and visually attractive basis for decision support
- Concrete design proposals that are to be implemented in the future work
- Input to the development strategy for Noltorp



KNIVSTA ECOSYSTEM SERVICES AND CHILDREN'S LOCAL NATURE

2016 KNIVSTA MUNICIPALITY



KNIVSTA MUNICIPALITY, SWEDEN

Challenge

To map urban nature areas where children play on a weekly basis.

To analyze accessibility and barriers in the city from a children's perspective.

Effect

Areas important for children and young people in the municipality of Knivsta are made visible in municipal planning.

Areas linked to cultural and urban ecosystem services are made visible.

Understanding the values provided by the city near nature.





Narnatur i Alsike & Knivsta Komponentanalys Förskolor

Ecosystem Services provided by these areas:

Educational values Recreation Health Social relations



ELINEGÅRD INTEGRATION OF AN ECOSYSTEMS SERVICE PERSPECTIVE IN URBAN PLANNING

2016 IKANO BOSTAD (SISTER COMPANY TO IKEA), MALMÖ



WORKFLOW





LOTTIE CARLSSON, RAMBOLL

MULTIFUNCTIONAL DESIGN

Turnover of theory of ecosystem services to sitespecific solutions that includes combined ecological, social and economic functions to create added value.



Pollinering





UPPSALA USING ESS AS A TOOL FOR STAKEHOLDER COPPERATION AND JOINT MANAGEMENT

2016-2017 UPPSALAHEM, CITY OF UPPSALA, CHURCH OF SWEDEN, SWEDISH AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY



PARTNERS

ANTINE

- City of Uppsala
- Uppsalahem (Public Housing Company)
- Church of Sweden
- Swedish Agricultural University
- Ramboll

SCOPE OF PROJECT

SITUATION ANALYSIS DEVELOP INDICATORS COMMUNITY OUTREACH ESS MAINTANANCE ACTION PLAN ✓ Maximise output of ESS

- ✓ Promote human well being
- Promote understanding of the socioecological system amongst stakeholders
- ✓ Strengthen the sense of community within and between children, residents and visitors
- Increased value and benefits from each dollar invested in maintance of the green areas



CONCLUSIONS

→ EVIDENCE-BASED PLANNING AND URBAN DESIGN
→ COMMUNICATION TOOL FOR MULTIDISIPLINARY WORK,
STAKEHOLDER COOPERATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH
→ HUMAN SCALE AND WELL BEING IN FOCUS
→ HOLISTIC BY DEFAULT
→ BOOSTING THE LEGITIMACY OF THE SUSTAINABILITY







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