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### BACKGROUND

The Virginia Tech Plant Clinic (VTPC) desired to upgrade real-time PCR testing to high-throughput ABI platform, a StepOnePlus<sup>™</sup>, for *Phytophthora ramorum* detection. Technological advances have prompted NPDN and regulatory labs to seek replacement real-time platforms for the Cepheid SmartCycler®, currently used in PPQ-CPHST (Plant Protection and Quarantine-Center-Plant Health and Science Technology) *P. ramorum* protocols. Pathogen Plant Laboratory National

Accreditation Program-accredited labs must CPHST protocols for regulated use Successful pathogen screening. performance of a planned deviation is necessary for any modification to a CPHST protocol in order to establish comparability to the original validated protocol. The VTPC developed a modified protocol for use on the StepOnePlus<sup>™</sup> and a study was designed by APHIS-PPQ S/T-NPPLAP that would demonstrate comparability between the protocols.

## **BEFORE BEGINNING PLANNED DEVIATION**

- Develop protocol to favor chances of comparability while adopting technological advances in real-time  $\checkmark$ chemistry
- Preliminary testing with minimal samples and parameters to establish: repeatability, range, and selectivity.  $\checkmark$
- Feasibility testing: Is the new protocol comparable to the original CPHST protocol?

THE PLANNED DEVIATION DEMONSTRATED COMPARABLE PRECISION, RANGE, DETECTION LIMIT AND SELECTIVITY FOR P. RAMORUM TO THE ORIGINAL PROTOCOL

# PLANNED DEVIATION REAL-TIME PCR RUNS

Analysis of **PRECISION** relied on standard curve data generated from 10-fold and half-log dilution series of samples. Shown below are the standard curves generated from one *P. ramorum*-positive plant genomic DNA sample using the VTPC real-time protocol. Final precision results were reported as percent coefficient of variation.

(Log and half-log dilution series have been separated and the other standard curves generated during testing have been omitted for illustrative purposes.)



\*\*Threshold for FAM reporter (P. ramorum ITS target)

**Actual Scope of Precision Testing for this Planned Deviation:** 

- ✓ Two different operators each performed a real-time run using two independently prepared dilution series.
- ✓ Two different *P. ramorum*-positive plant genomic DNA samples were used and real-time reactions (2 replicates) consisted of 10-fold and half-log dilution series.

✓ A total of 80 real-time PCR reactions were run for analysis of precision. Precision was also assessed during selectivity testing, for a total 176 reactions analyzed.

irginia Tech to Date	FAM	JOE	Ν	Total
recision - Linearity	0.28%	0.58%	3	0.46%
recision - Repeatability	0.65%	0.74%	32	0.70%
recision - Intermediate	0.98%	1.09%	29	1.04%
electivity		-		99.43%
inearity	0.9931	0.9908		
ceuracy	89.0%	82.3%		
ange Linearity Assessed	20-37	16-37		<u> </u>
otal N =				176
PPLAP <i>P. ramorum</i> roficiency Testing rogram	FAM	TxRd		Total
recision - Linearity	1.15%	1.34%		1.24%
recision - Repeatability	2.02%	1.65%		1.85%
recision - Intermediate	2.24%	2.00%		2.15%
recision - Reproducibility	6.16%	6.11%		5.92%
electivity		-		99.38%
inearity	0.9892	0.9887		
ceuracy	104.3%	75.2%		
ange Linearity Assessed	21-32	25-36		
otal N =				720

Normal regression (Cq-value to log dilution) analysis plot of plant internal control target (COX gene) including a plot of theoretical perfect amplification (slope = -3.32). The VTPC protocol was more accurate at high concentrations of plant material and directly comparable at mid and low concentrations to the original CPHST-validated protocol.

#### Definitions

- Precision-Linearity: Curve standard error.
- **Precision-Repeatability:** Variation among replicates in a single real-time PCR run.
- **Precision-Intermediate:** Observation of data points between different days, analysts (e.g. diagnosticians), instruments (e.g. SmartCycler® and StepOnePlus ®).
- **Precision-Reproducibility:** Observation of data points between different laboratories by the NPPLAP.
- Selectivity: Assessed by observing mixed reactions of *P*. ramorum and closely and distantly related *Phytophthora* spp
- **Linearity:** Regression analysis of the standard curve reported using the coefficient of determination (r<sup>2</sup>).
- Accuracy: Amplification efficiency of the standard curve.
- **Range Linearity Assessed:** The range of Ct-values assessed for determining the linearity of the assay.

After the Precision and **Selectivity Results Were Approved:** 

Analysis of **SELECTIVITY** relied on real-time standard curve data generated from dilutions (10<sup>0</sup>, 10<sup>-1</sup>, 10<sup>-2</sup>) of *P. ramorum*/plant genomic DNA compared to mixed samples (1:1) of *P. ramorum*/plant genomic DNA and closely related Phytophthora hibernalis and distantly related Phytophthora cactorum genomic DNA.



VT deviation on ABI versus program data on Cepheid - TET versus JOE



- $\checkmark$  The NPPLAP proficiency panel for *P*. ramorum was performed successfully using VTPC protocol. Then the planned deviation was determined complete.
- $\checkmark$  The new protocol can be used by NPPLAP-laboratories for *P. ramorum* testing.

## **OUTCOMES OF THIS PLANNED DEVIATION**

- Improvements to original protocol:
  - Uses commercially available real-time PCR kit for ease of use and signal normalization
  - Suitable for high-throughput *P. ramorum* detection
  - Increased assay performance: increased sensitivity over the original method.
- This successful process serves as a model for engaging NPPLAP member laboratories for other potential studies.

### **MORE WORK NECESSARY FOR FULL TRANSITION**

0.000001 <del>'i i i i i i i i i i i i</del> 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 Cycle

> amorum ramorum ramorum ramorum + P. + P. +P. +P. + P. + P. hibernalis cactorum hibernalis cactorum hibernalis cactorum 10-0 10-1 10-2

<sup>1</sup>Cq=quantitative cycle. It is also commonly referred to as the "Ct" or "Ct-value"; however Cq is the preferred term and is currently the accepted industry standard, since the actual Ct-value output is typically normalized by an algorithm associated with the specific real-time machine (e.g. StepOnePlus®).

> There are two real-time CPHST-validated *P. ramorum* diagnostic protocols (ITS and Elicitin targets) and performance of both are require to make a diagnostic determination for the NPPLAP *P. ramorum* Proficiency Testing Program.

 $\succ$  This planned deviation was for one of the CPHST-protocols (ITS target).

> We are beginning work on the second real-time protocol (Elicitin target) so that laboratories may fully transition to the ABI StepOnePlus®.